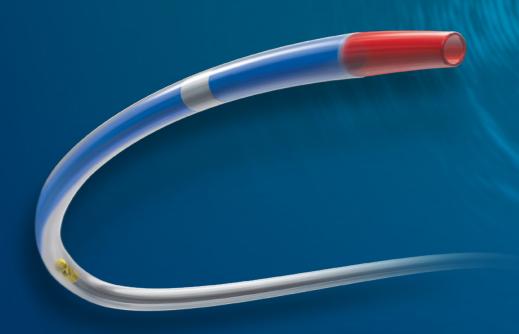


OPTICROSS[™] **18** Peripheral Imaging Catheter

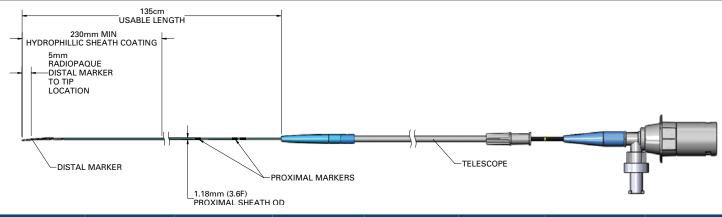
VISUALIZE SUCCESS



(360) Intraluminal Views



OPTICROSS™ 18 Peripheral Imaging Catheter Specifications



Transducer Frequency	Imaging diameter (up to)	Catheter Telescoping Length	Distance from Transducer to Tip	Guidewire Lumen Length	Guidewire Compatibility	Sheath Compatibility (with max wire)	Working Length
30 MHz	22 mm*	15 cm	2.0 cm	1.6 cm	≤.018	4 F	135 cm

Ordering Information

Description	iLab™ System (Cart Version)	OptiCross™18 IVUS Catheter	MDU5+ Motor Drive	MDU5+ Sterile Bag	Sterile Pullback Sled	Sterile Sled Bag
UPN	H749ILAB120C2710	H7493932800180	H749MDU5PLUS0	H749MDU5PLUSBAG0	H749A70200	H749A70170
GTIN	08714729847885	08714729904366	08714729842279	08714729842255	08714729228684	08714729263074

IVUS CPT™ Codes

Important Information

- Add-on code (+) must be performed in addition to a primary procedure; (i.e., stent, PTA, atherectomy, embolization, thrombolysis, thrombectomy)
- Add-on codes are exempt from multiple procedure reduction
- Coding is per vessel evaluated; however, contiguous vessel abnormalities (i.e., DVT, diffuse atherosclerotic disease) are described by a single code
- Check your payer guidelines closely, as there may be limitations for the use of these codes- contractors will define SPECIFIC PRIMARY CODES

CPT Code	Description
+ 37252	Intravascular ultrasound (noncoronary vessel) during diagnostic evaluation and/or therapeutic intervention, including radiological supervision and interpretation; initial noncoronary vessel (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
+ 37253	Intravascular ultrasound (noncoronary vessel) during diagnostic evaluation and/or therapeutic intervention, including radiological supervision and interpretation; each additional noncoronary vessel (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

Health economic and reimbursement information provided by Boston Scientific Corporation is gathered from third-party sources and is subject to change without notice as a result of complex and frequently changing laws, regulations, rules and policies. This information is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not constitute reimbursement or legal advice. Boston Scientific encourages providers to submit accurate and appropriate claims for services. It is always the provider's responsibility to determine medical necessity, the proper site for delivery of any services and to submit appropriate codes, charges, and modifiers for services that are rendered. Boston Scientific recommends that you consult with your payers, reimbursement specialists and/or legal coursel regarding coding, coverage and reimbursement matters. Boston Scientific does not promote the use of its products outside their FDA-approved label. CPT copyright 2016 American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. Applicable FARS/ DFARS Restrictions Apply to Government Use. Fee schedules, relative value units, conversion factors, and/or related components are not assigned by the AMA, are not part of CPT®, and the AMA is not recommending their use. The AMA does not directly or indirectly practice medicine or dispense medical services. The AMA assumes no liability for data contained or not contained herein. It is always the provider's responsibility to understand and comply with national coverage determinations (NCD), local coverage determinations (LCD) and any other coverage requirements established by relevant payers which can be updated frequently.

OPTICROSS™ 18 CATHETER AND MDU5 PLUS BAG

CAUTION Federal law (USA) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician. Rx only. Prior to use, please see the complete "Directions for Use" for more information on Indications, Contraindications, Warnings, Precautions, Adverse Events, and Operator's Instructions.

INTENDED USE/INDICATIONS FOR USE: OptiCross 18 Catheter: This catheter is intended for intravascular ultrasound examination of peripheral vessels only. Intravascular ultrasound imaging is indicated in patients In Execute Userhalten Nor For Use Ciputors's 10 cameler. This cannel er is intended to cover the motordive during introduced undestinating its indicated in parelies who are candidates for transluminal interventional procedures. MDUS PLUS Sterile Bag: The MDUS PLUS Sterile Bag: In intended to cover the motordive during introduced undestinating interventional procedures to maintain the sterile field and prevent transfer of microorganisms, body fluids and particulate material to the patient and healthcare worker. CONTRAINDICATIONS: Use of this product is contraindicated in the presence of conditions which create unacceptable risk during catheterization. WARNINGS: Intravascular ultrassound examination of vascular analym should be performed only by physicians fully trained in interventional radiology and in the techniques of intravascular ultrasound, and in the specific approach to be used, in a fully-equipped cardiac catheterization lab. • The catheter has no user serviceable parts. Do not attempt to repair or to alter any component of the catheter assembly as provided. Using an altered catheter can result in poor image quality or patient complications. • No modification of this equipment is allowed. • Do not plinch, crush, kink or sharply bend the catheter at any time. An insertion angle greater than 45° is considered excessive. • Do not manipulate, advance and/or withdraw lthrough such a cannular or needle. Manipulation, advancement and/or withdrawal through such a metal device may result in destruction and/or spearation of the outer hydrophilic coating, resulting in coating material remaining in the vasculature, which may cause adverse events and required additional intervention. • Do not advance the catheter is fively forced. adverse events and require additional intervention. • Do not advance the catheter if resistance is encountered. The catheter should never be forcibly inserted into lumens narrower than the catheter body or forced aversace events and repline adouthout intervention. * Of the advancing the catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stenosid vessel, catheter through a stight stenosis. * When advancing the catheter through a stenosid vessel, catheter simulaneously. * Write nearwhite in early carried a character and early replication or more stem struts when recrossing stemts). Subsequent advancement of the catheter could cause entanglement between the catheter and the stemts), resulting in entrapment of catheter/guidewire, catheter tip separation and/or stemt dislocation. Use caution when removing the catheter from a stented vessel. • Inadequately apposed stents, overlapping stemts, and/or small stented vessels with distal angulation may lead the entrapment of the catheter with the stent upon retraction. When retracting the catheter, separation and pulled when from an imaging catheter or hending of the guidewire may result in kinking of the guidewire may result in kinking of the guidewire catheter or hending of the guidewire may result in kinking of the guidewire and result in the catheter stems of the catheter or hending of the guidewire may result in kinking of the guidewire and result in the catheter or hending of the guidewire and result in the catheter while the motor is running. • If difficulty is encountered when backloading the guidewire into the distal end of the catheter, instead the catheter with the stems of the size of the catheter with the stems of the size of the stems of the size of the catheter in the catheter while the motor is running. • If difficulty is encountered when backloading the guidewire with the distal end of the catheter in the catheter while the way floory of the guidewire before inserting the catheter in the catheter with the size and of the guidewire of the size and the size a after the procedure, inspect the catheter carefully for any damage which may have occurred during use. Multiple insertions may lead to catheter exit port dimension charge/distortion which could increase the chance of the catheter catching on the stent. Care should be taken when re-inserting and/or retracting catheter to prevent exit port damage. * Turn the MDUS PLUS" "OFF" before withdrawing the imaging catheter. **ADVENSE EVENTS**: The risks and discomforts involved in vascular imaging include those associated with all catheterization procedures. These risks or discomforts may occur at any time with varying frequency or severity. Additionally, these complications may necessitate additional medical treatment including surgical intervention and, in rare instances, result in death. * Allergic reaction * Device entrapment requiring surgical intervention. • Embolism (air, foreign body, tissue or thrombus) • End organ infarction • Hemorrhage/Hematoma • Hypotension and/or bradycardia (vasovagal syndrome) • Infection • Peripheral ischemia • Stroke and Transient Ischemic Attack • Thrombosis • Vessel occlusion and abrupt closure • Vessel trauma including, but not limited to dissection and perforation

Advancing science for life™

Peripheral Interventions

300 Boston Scientific Way Marlborough, MA 01752-1234

www.bostonscientific.com

To order product or for more information contact customer service at 1.888.272.1001.

© 2017 Boston Scientific Corporation or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

PI-392413-AB AUG2017

OPTICROSS**, is a unregistered or registered trademarks of Boston Scientific Corporation or its affiliates. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners