

Develops in the prostate: a small gland in the male reproductive system that supplies seminal fluid<sup>1</sup>

Second most commonly diagnosed cancer in American men (behind skin cancer)\*2

39% of men aged 55-69 in the U.S. from 2005-2018 received a prostatespecific antigen (PSA) test within the past year\*3

More than 3.1 million people in the U.S. who have been diagnosed with prostate cancer at some point are still alive today<sup>2</sup>

# Signs of Prostate Cancer<sup>4</sup>

Prostate cancer may be asymptomatic and hard to self-detect, but signs can include:



Difficulty with and/or increased frequency of urination



Difficulty emptying the bladder completely



Weak or interrupted flow



Pain while urinating or ejaculating and/or blood in the urine or semen



Pain in the back, hips or pelvis that doesn't go away

## **Treatment Options and Their Side Effects**

Prostate cancer can be treated through several options, including surgery, medication and/or radiation:5



### Radical Prostatectomy<sup>6</sup>

A common surgical procedure in which the entire prostate is removed along with the surrounding tissue

Potential side effects may include bleeding, blood clots in legs or lungs and/or damage to nearby organs



### A therapy whose goal is to

reduce the levels of male hormones to stop them from fueling prostate cancer cells Potential side effects may include erectile

heart problems

dysfunction, loss of muscle mass and/or



#### The use of high energy rays or

particles to destroy cancer cells Potential side effects may include

issues with urinary, sexual and bowel functions9

**About Radiation Therapy and Its Side Effects** 

- Each year, more than **60,000** men opt for radiation therapy to treat prostate cancer\*10
- Radiation therapy has contributed to a relative **five-year** survival rate of **98%**<sup>11</sup> • Radiation aims to kill cancer cells while avoiding damage to surrounding healthy tissue<sup>10</sup>
- However, radiation can cause damage to the rectum due to its proximity to the prostate,
- potentially creating issues with urinary, sexual and bowel functions, such as:9

**Urinary dysfunction, including** 

the need to urinate more often,

bowel movements and rectal bleeding9

including diarrhea, painful

Bowel dysfunction,

difficult or painful urination, or blood in the urine<sup>9</sup>

including diminished erectile function or decrease in the volume of semen9

Sexual dysfunction,

# • SpaceOAR Hydrogel is an absorbable polyethylene glycol (PEG)-based hydrogel that

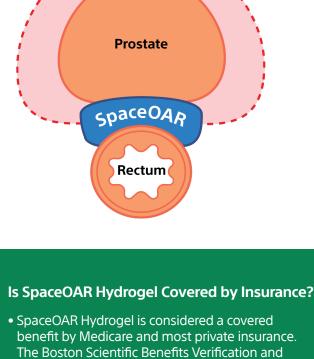
What is SpaceOAR Hydrogel and How Does it Work?

dose to the rectum to help minimize the side effects of radiation therapy<sup>12</sup> • The hydrogel is mostly water and PEG, a compound used in many implants, and naturally leaves the body after approximately six months<sup>12</sup>

temporarily creates space between the prostate and rectum, designed to reduce radiation

- SpaceOAR Hydrogel is designed to minimize the potential side effects of radiation on urinary, sexual and bowel function<sup>13</sup>
- **Prostate** Rectum ( **How Can Individuals With Prostate Cancer Get SpaceOAR Hydrogel?**

High Dose Region



High Dose Region

#### • A healthcare professional can implant SpaceOAR Hydrogel in a minimally invasive outpatient procedure in an office, hospital, clinic or surgery

radiation therapy

center12

• Patients with prostate cancer should talk to their

doctor about SpaceOAR Hydrogel prior to starting

- What Research Has Been Done? • Clinical data have demonstrated the benefits of

toxicity, which can result in maintained bowel function and higher quality of life outcomes14,15

SpaceOAR Hydrogel, including a reduction in rectal

## verify a patient's coverage prior to scheduling the procedure\*\*

Pre-Authorization Center is available to help

Where is SpaceOAR Hydrogel Available?

• SpaceOAR Hydrogel is used in many leading

cancer centers, and may improve quality of life for

• SpaceOAR Hydrogel received clearance from the

What Are the Potential Risks?<sup>12</sup>

SpaceOAR Hydrogel is intended to temporarily move the rectal wall away from the prostate during the course of radiotherapy treatment for prostate cancer, and in creating this space it is the intent of SpaceOAR Hydrogel to reduce the radiation dose affecting the rectum.

SpaceOAR Hydrogel contains polyethylene glycol (PEG). As with any medical treatment, there are some risks involved with the use of SpaceOAR Hydrogel. Potential complications associated with SpaceOAR Hydrogel include, but are not limited to: pain associated with injection, pain or discomfort from the hydrogel, site inflammation, infection (including abscess), inability to urinate, urgent need to urinate, constipation, rectal muscle spasm, damage to lining of rectum, ulcers, fistula (a hole between rectum and bladder, urethra, or skin below the scrotum), perforation (hole in prostate, bladder, urethra, rectum), necrosis (dead tissue), allergic reaction (local reaction or more severe reaction, such as anaphylaxis), embolism (blood vessel blockage is possible and may happen outside of the pelvis, potentially impacting vital organs or legs), fainting, and bleeding. Please talk to your doctor about the risks and benefits related to using SpaceOAR Hydrogel. If

Results from case studies are not necessarily predictive of results in other cases. Results in other cases may vary. Content of this brochure is for Information Purposes only and does not constitute medical advice. Boston Scientific strongly recommends that you consult with your physician on all matters pertaining to your health or to address any questions. \*Studies referenced are binary. For more information on prostate cancer in the trans community, visit: https://prostatecanceruk.org/prostateinformation/are-you-at-risk/trans-women-and-prostate-cancer

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\*\*It is the responsibility of the provider to confirm specific payer coverage and reimbursement.

one or more of these complications occur, you may need medical treatment or surgery. URO-1288805-AA

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