

**VersaCross™**  
RF Wire-Based Platform

**NRG™**  
RF Needle-Based Platform



# ENABLING LEFT HEART THERAPIES

A full spectrum of solutions for any transseptal procedure

# PROVEN RF TRANSSEPTAL FOR ALL NEEDS

## Transseptal Reimagined

The only exchangeless\* solution for access-to-delivery of left heart therapy devices



**VersaCross™** RF Wire (J-Tip)  
**VersaCross™** RF Wire (Pigtail)  
**VersaCross™** Transseptal Sheath  
**VersaCross™** Steerable Sheath  
**VersaCross™** Large Access Transseptal Dilator  
**VersaCross Connect™†** Transseptal Dilator for WATCHMAN™  
**VersaCross Connect™‡** Transseptal Dilator for POLARSHEATH™  
**VersaCross Connect™§** Transseptal Dilator for FARADRIVE™



PERSONALIZE YOUR SOLUTION

## The Standard in Transseptal Access

Interchangeable solutions that easily integrate with your current workflow



**NRG™** Transseptal Needle  
**TorFlex™** Transseptal Guiding Sheath  
**SureFlex™** Steerable Guiding Sheath  
**ProTrack™** Pigtail Wire



INTERCHANGEABLE DEVICES

\*VersaCross™ RF Wire can be used, without exchanges, as a guidewire, as a transseptal puncture device or as an exchange rail for delivering therapy sheaths.  
†The VersaCross Connect™ Transseptal Dilator is for use with a 12F (4.09 mm) ID WATCHMAN™ Access Sheath that is 75 cm in length or the WATCHMAN TruSteer Access Sheath that is 67 cm in length, specifically: WATCHMAN™ Access System [Models: M635TU40060, M635TU0060, M635TU20060]; WATCHMAN™ TruSeal™ Access System [Models: M635TU70010, M635TU70040, M635TU70020]; WATCHMAN FXD Curve™ Access System [Models: M635TU80010, M635TU80020]; WATCHMAN TruSteer™ Access System [Model: M635TU90050].  
‡The VersaCross Connect™ Transseptal Dilator is for use with a 12F (4.04 mm) ID POLARSHEATH™ Steerable Sheath that is 68 cm in length, specifically, Model M004CRBS3150 (US) and M004CRBS3050 (Canada).  
§The VersaCross Connect Transseptal Dilator is for use with a 13F (4.31 mm) ID FARADRIVE™ Steerable Sheath which is 74cm in length, specifically, model: M004PF21M402 (USA), M004PFCE21M402 (Canada).

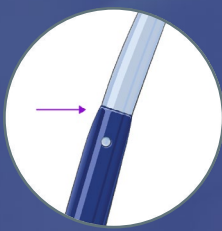
# TRANSSEPTAL SOLUTIONS FEATURE:

## Benchmark Technology:



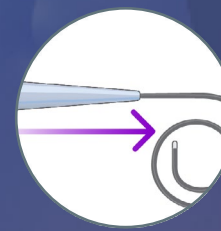
### Proven RF Puncture Technology

Precise RF puncture technology to optimize transseptal location for any anatomy



### Smooth Transition

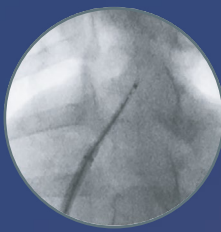
Facilitate advancement across septum with a sleek dilator-to-sheath profile



### Secure effortless delivery

Instantly gain and maintain access without exchanges

## OMNIviz™ Technology:



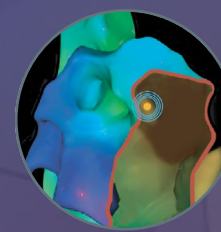
### Radiopaque

Visualize your tip on fluoroscopy



### Echogenic

Reliably locate your active tip on ultrasound for precise puncture



### Mapping

Track and mark RF tip position on your mapping system

**VersaCross™ RF Wire CAUTION:** Federal law (USA) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed practitioner. Rx only. Prior to use, please refer to all applicable "Instructions for Use" for more information on Intended Use/Indications for Use, Contraindications, Warnings, Precautions, Potential Adverse Events, and Operator's Instructions. **INTENDED USE/INDICATIONS FOR USE:** The VersaCross™ RF Wire is indicated for creation of an atrial septal defect in the heart. **CONTRAINDICATIONS:** The VersaCross™ RF Wire is not recommended for use with any conditions that do not require the creation of an atrial septal defect. The Connector Cable is not recommended for use with any other Baylis RF Generator or any other device. **WARNINGS:** Only physicians with a thorough understanding of angiography and percutaneous interventional procedures should use this device. It is recommended that physicians avail themselves of pre-clinical training, a review of pertinent literature and other appropriate education before attempting new interventional procedures. • The VersaCross RF Wire and Connector Cable are supplied STERILE using an ethylene oxide process. Do not use if the package is damaged. • Laboratory staff and patients can undergo significant x-ray exposure during RF puncture procedures due to the continuous usage of fluoroscopic imaging. This exposure can result in acute radiation injury as well as increased risk for somatic and genetic effects. Therefore, adequate measures must be taken to minimize this exposure. • The VersaCross RF Wire and Connector Cable are intended for single patient use only. Do not attempt to sterilize and reuse either device. Reuse can cause patient injury and/or the communication of infectious disease(s) from one patient to another. Reuse may result in patient complications. • The VersaCross RF Wire must be used with the Connector Cable provided. Attempts to use it with other connector cables can result in electrocution of the patient and/or operator. • Do not use the VersaCross RF Wire with electrocautery or electrocautery generators, connector cables or accessories as attempted use can result in patient and/or operator injury. • The Connector Cable must only be used with the RFP-100A Baylis RF Generator and the included VersaCross RF Wire. Attempts to use it with other RF Generators and devices can result in electrocution of the patient and/or operator. • The VersaCross RF Wire must be used with 0.035" compatible transseptal sheath and/or dilator devices. Use of incompatible accessory devices may damage the integrity of the VersaCross RF Wire or accessory devices and may cause patient injury. • The VersaCross RF Wire has only been validated for transseptal puncture use through VersaCross dilators which have been demonstrated to provide the required support for optimal function. • The active tip and distal curve of the VersaCross RF Wire are fragile. Be careful not to damage the tip or the distal curve while handling the VersaCross RF Wire. If the tip or the distal curve becomes damaged at any time during its use, discard the VersaCross RF Wire immediately. Do not attempt to straighten the active tip bent. Damage to device can lead to patient injury. • The VersaCross RF Wire is not intended for use with neonatal patients (i.e. less than one month of age). Do not attempt to treat neonatal patients with the VersaCross RF Wire. • Do not attempt to insert or retract the VersaCross RF Wire through a metal cannula or a percutaneous needle, which may damage the device and may cause patient injury. **PRECAUTIONS:** • Do not attempt to use the VersaCross RF Wire and the Connector Cable before thoroughly reading the accompanying Instructions for Use. • RF puncture procedures should be performed only by physicians thoroughly trained in the techniques of RF-powered puncture in a fully equipped catheterization laboratory. • The sterile packaging should be visually inspected prior to use. Do not use the devices if the packaging has been damaged or compromised. • Visually inspect the VersaCross RF Wire and Connector Cable prior to use to ensure there are no cracks or damage to the insulating material. Do not use the wire or the cable if there is any damage. • Do not use the VersaCross RF Wire and/or Connector Cable after the use-by date indicated on the label. • The VersaCross RF Wire and Connector Cable are intended for use with only those devices listed in Section VIII, Equipment Required. • Read and follow the manufacturer's Instructions for Use for the DIP electrode. Always use DIP electrodes that meet or exceed IEC 60601-2-2 requirements. • Placement of the DIP electrode on the thigh could be associated with higher impedance. • In order to prevent the risk of ignition, ensure that flammable materials are not present in the room during RF power application. • Take precautions to limit the effects that the electromagnetic interference (EMI) produced by the Baylis RF Generator may have on the performance of other equipment. Check the compatibility and safety of combinations of other physiological monitoring and electrical apparatus to be used on the patient in addition to the Baylis RF Generator. • Adequate filtering must be used to allow continuous monitoring of the surface electrocardiogram (ECG) during RF power applications. • Do not attempt to insert and use the proximal end of the VersaCross RF Wire as the active tip. • Do not bend the VersaCross RF Wire or the Connector Cable. Excessive bending or kinking of the wire shaft, distal curve of the wire and/or the Connector Cable may damage the integrity of the device components and may cause patient injury. Care must be taken when handling the VersaCross RF Wire and Connector Cable. • Careful manipulation of the VersaCross RF Wire must be performed to avoid vessel trauma. If resistance is encountered, DO NOT use excessive force to advance or withdraw the VersaCross RF Wire or ancillary sheath and/or dilator assembly. Excessive force may lead to bending or kinking of the device limiting advancement and retraction of sheath and/or dilator device. • VersaCross RF Wire and ancillary sheath and/or dilator assembly advancement should be done under imaging guidance. The use of visible markers on the wire body are only an approximate guide for positioning the wire tip with the distal end of the dilator. • Do not attempt to deliver RF energy until the active tip of the VersaCross RF Wire is confirmed to be in good contact with the target tissue. • Avoid RF energy delivery of the VersaCross RF Wire with incompatible dilator or cannula devices, which may lead to patient burns, ineffective puncture or failure to puncture. • It is recommended not to exceed five (5) RF power applications per VersaCross RF Wire. • Never disconnect the Connector Cable from the Baylis RF Generator while RF power is being delivered. • Never disconnect the Connector Cable from the Baylis RF Generator by pulling on the cable. Failure to disconnect the cable properly may result in damage to the cable. • Do not twist the Connector Cable while inserting or removing it from the Isolated Patient Connector on the Baylis RF Generator. Twisting the cable may result in damage to the pin connectors. • The Baylis RF Generator is capable of delivering significant electrical power. Patient or operator injury can result from improper handling of the VersaCross RF Wire and/or DIP electrode, particularly when operating the device. • During power delivery, the patient should not be allowed to come in contact with ground metal surfaces. • Apparent low power output or failure of the equipment to function properly at normal settings may indicate faulty application of the DIP electrode, failure to an electrical lead, or poor tissue contact at the active tip. Check for obvious equipment defects or misapplication. Attempt to better position the active tip of the VersaCross RF Wire against the atrial septum. Only increase the power if low power output persists. • If using electroanatomic mapping guidance, it is recommended to use it along with alternative imaging modality in the event there is loss of visibility of the device. **POTENTIAL ADVERSE EVENTS:** Adverse events that may occur while creating an atrial septal defect include: • Tamponade • Sepsis/Infection • Thromboembolic episodes • Vessel perforation • Atrial Fibrillation • Myocardial Infarction • Vessel spasm • Sustained arrhythmias • Atrial Flutter • Hemorrhage • Vascular thrombosis • Perforation of the myocardium • Hematoma • Allergic reaction to contrast medium • Ventricular Tachycardia • Pain and Tenderness • Arteriovenous fistula • Pericardial/pleural effusion • Tachycardia • Vascular Trauma • Additional Surgical Procedure • Wire entrapment/Entanglement • Foreign body/wire fracture 97184047 (Rev. C.5)

**NRG™ Transseptal Needle CAUTION:** Federal law (USA) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician. Rx only. Prior to use, please see the complete "Instructions for Use" for more information on Indications, Contraindications, Warnings, Precautions, Adverse Events, and Operator's Instructions. **INDICATIONS FOR USE:** The NRG™ Transseptal Needle is used to create an atrial septal defect in the heart. Secondary indications include monitoring intracardiac pressures, sampling blood, and infusing solutions. **CONTRAINDICATIONS:** The NRG™ Transseptal Needle is not recommended for use with any conditions that do not require cutting or coagulation of soft tissue. **WARNINGS:** Only physicians with a thorough understanding of angiography and percutaneous interventional procedures should use this device. • Do not alter this device in any way. • The NRG Transseptal Needle is supplied STERILE using an ethylene oxide process. Do not use if the package is damaged. • Laboratory staff and patients can undergo significant x-ray exposure during radiofrequency puncture procedures due to the continuous usage of fluoroscopic imaging. This exposure can result in acute radiation injury as well as increased risk for somatic and genetic effects. Therefore, adequate measures must be taken to minimize this exposure. • The NRG Transseptal Needle is intended for single patient use only. Do not attempt to sterilize and reuse the needle. Reuse can cause the patient injury and/or the communication of infectious disease(s) from one patient to another. Failure to do so may result in patient complications. • The NRG Transseptal Needle must be used with the BMC Connector Cable. Attempts to use it with other connector cables can result in electrocution of the patient and/or operator. • For RFP-100: Do not attempt to puncture with an initial power setting of greater than 10 Watts. The initial attempt should be made with a setting of 10 Watts. In subsequent punctures, the power setting can be increased, if necessary. • The pressure transducer system used with the NRG Transseptal Needle must comply with the electrical safety requirements of IEC 60601. Failure to use compliant pressure transducers may result in patient or operator injury. **PRECAUTIONS:** • Do not attempt to use the NRG Transseptal Needle or ancillary equipment before thoroughly reading the accompanying Instructions for Use. • Radiofrequency puncture procedures should be performed only by physicians thoroughly trained in the techniques of radiofrequency powered puncture in a fully equipped catheterization laboratory. • The sterile packaging should be visually inspected prior to use to detect any compromise. Ensure that the packaging has not been damaged. Do not use the equipment if the packaging has been compromised. • Visually inspect the needle prior to use. Do not use the needle if there is any damage or visibly exposed metal on the shaft where it connects to the handle. • Do not use the NRG Transseptal Needle after the "Use By" date indicated on the label. • The NRG Transseptal Needle is intended for use with only those devices listed in section VII "Equipment Required". • Read and follow the manufacturer's instructions for use of the Disposable Indifferent (Dispersive) Patch (DIP) electrode. Always use DIP electrodes that meet or exceed IEC 60601-2-2 requirements. • Placement of the dispersive electrode on the thigh or hip could be associated with higher impedance. • In order to prevent the risk of ignition make sure that flammable material is not present in the room during RF power application. • Take precautions to limit the effects that the electromagnetic interference (EMI) produced by the Generator may have on the performance of other equipment. Check the compatibility and safety of combinations of other physiological monitoring and electrical apparatus to be used on the patient in addition to the Generator. • Adequate filtering must be used to allow continuous monitoring of the surface electrocardiogram (ECG) during radiofrequency power applications. • Careful needle manipulation must be performed to avoid cardiac damage, or tamponade. Needle advancement should be done under image guidance. If resistance is encountered, DO NOT use excessive force to advance or withdraw the needle. • Do not attempt to puncture until firm position of the active tip has been achieved against the atrial septum. • It is not recommended to exceed five (5) radiofrequency power applications per NRG Transseptal Needle. • Do not bend the NRG Transseptal Needle. Excessive bending or kinking of the needle shaft may damage the integrity of the needle and may cause patient injury. Care must be taken when handling the needle. • The Generator is capable of delivering significant electrical power. Patient or operator injury can result from improper handling of the needle and DIP electrode, particularly when operating the device. • During power delivery, the patient should not be allowed to come in contact with ground metal surfaces. • Apparent low power output or failure of the equipment to function properly at normal settings may indicate faulty application of the DIP electrode, failure to an electrical lead, or poor tissue contact at the active tip. Check for obvious equipment defects or misapplication. Attempt to better position the tip of the needle against the atrial septum. Only increase the power if low power output persists. • Baylis Medical Company relies on the physician to determine, assess and communicate to each individual patient all foreseeable risks of the Baylis Medical Radiofrequency Puncture System. • Ensure the distal tip protruding the dilator/sheath assembly when visualizing on electroanatomic mapping systems. Visualization of the distal tip of the NRG Transseptal Needle may be lost when retracted within the dilator/sheath assembly. **ADVERSE EVENTS:** Adverse events that may occur while using the Baylis Medical Radiofrequency Puncture System include: • Tamponade • Sepsis/Infection • Thromboembolic episodes • Vessel perforation • Atrial Fibrillation • Myocardial Infarction • Vessel spasm • Sustained arrhythmias • Atrial Flutter • Hemorrhage • Vascular thrombosis • Perforation of the myocardium • Hematoma • Allergic reaction to contrast medium • Ventricular Tachycardia • Pain and Tenderness • Thermal damage to tissue • Arteriovenous fistula • Pericardial Effusion 97185932 (Rev. A.1)

All trademarks are property of their respective owners. Patents pending and/or issued. CAUTION: The law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician. Rx only. Indications, Contraindications, Warnings, and Instructions For Use can be found in the product labelling supplied with each device or at [www.IFU-BSCI.com](http://www.IFU-BSCI.com).

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