

Rhythm Management Product Performance Report

Q1 Edition



RESONATE™ Family of ICDs AND CRT-Ds



 $\mathsf{ACCOLADE^{\mathsf{TM}}}$ Family of Pacemakers



CRM Quality Pledge

Limprove

the quality

of patient care

and all things

Boston Scientific

Advancing Science for Life.

For over forty years, meaningful innovation at Boston Scientific Rhythm Management has helped patients live healthier, longer lives. We are committed to providing performance data which are accurate, transparent and responsive to topics of contemporary clinical interest. This Q1 2023 report includes data through January 4th, 2023.

Boston Scientific provides performance data for pulse generators and leads that meets or exceeds the 2014 revision of ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E), the AdvaMed Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance, and addresses recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force.

This report provides the most comprehensive presentation of rhythm management product performance data available, including:

- ✓ U.S. lead and pulse generator survival probability
- ✓ Worldwide malfunction counts and patterns
- ✓ Worldwide malfunctions during an implant procedure
- ✓ Acute (first month) lead observations
- ✓ Chronic (after first month) lead complications
- ✓ Reasons for out of service
- ✓ Return rates

Your feedback is always welcome, and plays a vital role in our effort to continuously improve our products and services, advancing science to transform the lives of our patients.

Sincerely,

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Statistical Methodology

What Is Device Survival Probability?

Medical journals have traditionally used patient survival probability to display information on treatment option effectiveness. In the report, **pulse generator and lead** survival probabilities convey information about long-term performance of implantable cardiac rhythm management products.

Device survival probability shows the percentage of implanted devices that remain implanted and in service at various points in a product's service life, in the absence of competing risks, such as natural mortality or voluntary explants. Conceptually, a pulse generator of high reliability and large battery capacity or low current drain remains near 100% survival until eventually, normal battery depletion begins to cause significant numbers of devices to be removed, and the device survival probability drops rapidly. For example, a device survival probability of 99% indicates that within the stated implant duration, the pulse generator had a 1% risk of removal for battery depletion or for incurring a malfunction that required replacement. Survival probabilities are provided with and without normal battery depletions, depicted as "Battery Depletions and Malfunctions" and "Malfunctions Only," respectively.

Boston Scientific estimates survival probability in compliance with the 2014 revision of international standard ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E). Survival probability is calculated at a given time by separately estimating the probability of surviving each interval and multiplying the survival probabilities of all intervals through which a device has passed. To estimate the probability of surviving any interval, the number of units that successfully functioned during the interval is divided by the number of units exposed to malfunction/depletion during the interval. The number of units exposed is calculated using the actuarial method, where device suspensions in an interval are distributed uniformly across the interval. Reasons for device suspension from survival probability statistics are detailed in the report section entitled U.S. Reason for Out of Service.

Inclusion Criteria for Pulse Generator and Lead Survival Probability Datasets

Pulse generator survival probability is reported for U.S. implanted devices in product families that meet inclusion criteria described below. Lead survival probability is reported for both the U.S. Registered Implant population and for leads enrolled in the Longitude Surveillance Registry, for product families that meet inclusion criteria described below.

To be included in survival probability statistics, a device must first be successfully implanted (defined in this report as occurring upon pocket closure). Prophylactic device removals are tracked as part of the active population up until the time the device is removed from service; devices removed prophylactically and are not identified as malfunctions at the time of explant do not contribute to a reduction in survival probability. Reasons for device explant or out of service, if known, are provided in this report for each pulse generator product/product grouping.

Survival probabilities are based on devices registered as implanted in the U.S. Privacy laws in many other geographies preclude manufacturers from obtaining specific patient implant and explant information, thus device survival probabilities cannot be constructed from these data. Boston Scientific considers U.S. experience representative of worldwide performance. The Malfunction Details for leads and pulse generators reflect worldwide malfunctions, inclusive of U.S. data.

Criteria for inclusion of product families in this report are in compliance with the AdvaMed *Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators and Leads*. Survival estimates are provided for product families once they have at least 10,000 cumulative U.S. implant

months. The minimum interval sample size is 200 U.S. implanted units. Pulse generator product families with fewer than 500 total remaining estimated active U.S. devices are not included in this report. Lead product families that received original U.S. market release approval twenty or more years ago are not included in this report.

Estimated Longevity information is provided for pulse generator products in the U.S. Survival Probability - Battery Depletions and Malfunctions graphs, depicted as a blue bar on the x axis for Years Implanted. The estimated longevity values from the Instructions for Use for each product family are used to construct the blue longevity bars on their U.S. Survival Probability graph. They represent the range of estimated longevity based on a variety of programmed settings and therapy usage.

Survival probability data are presented in tabular and graphical formats online at www.bostonscientific.com/ppr. Performance data for Intermedics products may also be found on www.bostonscientific.com/ppr. Specific inclusion criteria for pulse generator and lead survival probability datasets are described here. Not all products may be approved for use in all geographies, as product approval is geography specific.

Worldwide distribution, U.S. registered implant, and U.S. estimated active implant numbers have been rounded to provide population size context.

To convey implant experience for a product family, U.S. approval dates are provided. The U.S. approval date listed is the earliest date Boston Scientific received approval for one or more of the models in the family.

Survival Probability – Battery Depletions and Malfunctions (Pulse Generators) Reduction in survival probability for **pulse generators** is due to:

- Devices removed for normal battery depletion
- Device malfunctions occurring while implanted, as confirmed by returned product analysis

Survival Probability – Malfunctions Only (Pulse Generators)

Reduction in survival probability for **pulse generators** is due only to:

Device malfunctions occurring while implanted, as confirmed by returned product analysis;
 premature battery depletions are considered device malfunctions.

In this case, normal battery depletions do not contribute to the reduction in survival probability; rather, reduction in survival probability is due only to confirmed pulse generator malfunctions. Furthermore, unconfirmed reports of premature battery depletions do not reduce "Malfunctions Only" survival probability. Put another way, this information depicts the percentage of confirmed malfunction-free devices remaining in service at various intervals in the product's service life, based on returned product analysis.

Survival Probability — Complications and Malfunctions (Leads)

The 2014 version of ISO 5841-2: 2014(E) outlines a methodology for lead survival probability inclusion. Boston Scientific has applied this methodology for survival probability to all lead families implanted as of May 2009 and forward. Worldwide malfunctions are not included for previous lead families.

Reduction in survival probability is due to:

- Leads and lead segments returned for analysis and determined to be non-compliant in form, fit, or function at any time while implanted
- Leads removed from service with reported complications 30 days or more post-implant, whether returned or not. See the Chronic Lead Complications Table in this report for the observations which are included.

Further Adjustments for Device and Lead Survival

Because underreporting of patient deaths unrelated to device function would result in overestimation of pulse generator or lead survival by overstating the number of devices in service, Boston Scientific addresses this underreporting in two ways. First, regular updates are obtained from the Social Security Administration about deceased persons and compared to Boston Scientific patient data to identify patients who have died but whose deaths had not been reported to Boston Scientific. Second, Boston Scientific uses 10% annual patient mortality as a baseline and adjusts reported patient deaths in any interval for which reports are less than the baseline rate. No adjustment is applied to account for underreporting of malfunctions, as the rate of underreporting is unknown.

Boston Scientific does not make statistical adjustments to account for underreporting of battery depletion. However, as mentioned earlier, Boston Scientific includes non-returned devices removed from service for battery depletion with no associated complaint as normal battery depletions.

Categorization of Malfunctions for Survival Probability Reporting

Malfunctions represent pulse generators and leads removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. Device damage occurring during or after explant, or caused by external factors including those warned against in product labeling (such as ionizing therapeutic radiation), are not reported as device malfunctions in survival data. Damage to a pulse generator caused by a lead malfunction is reported as a lead malfunction. Malfunctions are further classified according to their impact on therapy, as follows:

Malfunction With Compromised Therapy —

The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service.

Examples include (but are not limited to): sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that low battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during defibrillation therapy resulting in aborted therapy delivery; intermittent malfunction in which therapy is compromised while in the malfunction state.

Malfunction Without Compromised Therapy —

The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Malfunctions in which critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies remain available are included here.

Examples include (but are not limited to): error affecting diagnostic functions, telemetry function, data storage; malfunction of a component that causes the battery to lose power quickly enough to result in premature battery depletion, but slowly enough that the condition is detected through normal follow-up before therapy is lost; mechanical problems with connector header that do not affect therapy.

Categorization of Normal Battery Depletion for Survival Probability Reporting
Per the AdvaMed *Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators and Leads*, **Normal Battery Depletion** is defined as the condition when:

- a) A device is returned with no associated complaint and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time that meets or exceeds the nominal (50 percentile) predicted longevity at default (labeled) settings, or
- b) A device is returned and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time exceeding 75% of the expected longevity using actual device settings and therapeutic use.

Boston Scientific includes within this count both returned *and non-returned* devices removed from service for battery depletion with no associated complaint. In conformance with the AdvaMed guidance document, Boston Scientific performs battery usage analysis, including battery status verification, on all devices returned without a complaint. We continue to include non-returned devices reported by our customers as being removed from service due to normal battery depletion within this count.

Boston Scientific CRM's Corrective and Preventive Actions (CAPA) System

Boston Scientific strives to provide implantable devices of high quality and reliability. However, these devices are not perfect and may exhibit malfunctions at a low rate of occurrence. Device performance information is received from many sources through various channels. Boston Scientific monitors information from many sources including suppliers, testing, manufacturing and field performance to identify opportunities for improvement.

When a device is returned to Boston Scientific, laboratory technicians and engineers assess overall device function and perform analysis using specific tests related to the clinical observation(s). Test results are compared to original manufacturing records and design intent. Clinical observations are added to laboratory findings to help determine cause of the clinical observation(s). Each discrete event is then compared to other similar-appearing events. If a pattern is detected, actions are taken to identify a common root cause, and improvements intended to improve product reliability and/or performance may be implemented. Observations from supplier data and internal manufacturing operations also lead to opportunities for improvement. Improvements, when made, may include design changes, manufacturing and supplier process modifications, software updates, educational communications, or labeling changes to preceding, existing, or subsequent generations. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors including regulatory review timing. They may not be applied to every product susceptible to the malfunction pattern and may not mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions. In cases where an improvement is made to an approved product line, devices made without the improvement may continue to be distributed where such products meet our high reliability and performance standards, particularly when changes are incremental and in accordance with our overall philosophy of continuous product improvement.

Improvements are closely monitored for effectiveness. Boston Scientific informs regulatory bodies of each significant event that poses potential risk to patient health to meet regulatory obligations, and shares returned product investigation findings with physicians. The malfunction details section for pulse generators and leads includes a summary of these findings.

In summary, thorough investigation of internal and external data coupled with low trigger levels for improvements creates a continuous product improvement system that is very responsive to patient and physician needs. Boston Scientific is committed to sharing an accurate picture of product performance and addressing identified opportunities for improvement in a timely fashion for our customers.

Malfunction Details: Overview

Boston Scientific CRM pursues product quality and reliability with a passion. We therefore continuously monitor product performance to make improvements whenever possible. Worldwide Malfunction tables provide a count and description of malfunctions associated with the majority of actively in-service Boston Scientific products. Intermedics co-branded product data are included in corresponding pacemaker and pacing lead malfunction counts and details. Information presented is based on malfunctions reported to and analyzed by Boston Scientific. Each table contains malfunction counts listed by category, pattern and therapy availability.

Category

Malfunctions are categorized by the nature of their root cause. For example, a malfunction due to the software within a pulse generator is listed in the Software category. There are four pulse generator malfunction categories and four malfunction categories for leads (described below).

Patterns

Patients and physicians have asked for more access to Quality System details; therefore, we provide information on patterns of product performance. Patterns listed are informational and do not represent actions that need to be taken. Boston Scientific is committed to direct communication when predicted product performance fails to achieve design or performance expectations or when actions may be taken to improve patient outcomes. Malfunctions associated with product advisories are denoted. Refer to the Product Advisories section for more information.

Each pattern description includes:

- Clinical Manifestation and Root Cause Malfunctions for each product are characterized according to root cause. Descriptions provide clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each malfunction pattern listed in this report. Malfunctions listed within "Other" either do not yet have an identified root cause, or are related to a proprietary product feature, such as connectors or seal rings.
- Improvement Implementation All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, improvements have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. Improvements may include product design changes, manufacturing process modifications, software updates, educational communications, or labeling changes to preceding, existing, or subsequent generations. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing. They may not be applied to every product susceptible to the malfunction pattern, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

Pattern information in this report is dynamic. Pattern names, superscript number assignments and descriptions may all change from quarter to quarter; as Boston Scientific's investigations progress and improvements are implemented, updated information is provided.

Therapy Availability

Malfunctions are further classified according to their impact on therapy, as follows:

- Malfunction With Compromised Therapy The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Examples include (but are not limited to): sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that low battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during defibrillation therapy resulting in aborted therapy delivery; intermittent malfunction in which therapy is compromised while in the malfunction state.
- Malfunction Without Compromised Therapy The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Malfunctions in which critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies remain available are included here. Examples include (but are not limited to): error affecting diagnostic functions, telemetry function, data storage; malfunction of a component that causes the battery to lose power quickly enough to result in premature battery depletion, but slowly enough that the condition is detected through normal follow-up before therapy is lost; mechanical problems with connector header that do not affect therapy.

Pulse Generator Malfunctions

Pulse generator malfunctions represent devices removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. Device damage occurring during or after explant, or caused by external factors including those warned against in product labeling (e.g. therapeutic radiation), are not considered device malfunctions. Damage to a pulse generator caused by a lead malfunction is reported as a lead malfunction.

Lead Confirmed Malfunctions

Lead confirmed malfunctions represent leads removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. The Boston Scientific Product Performance Report is in compliance with the 2014 version of ISO 5841-2: 2 (E), Reporting of Clinical Performance of Populations of Pulse Generators or Leads. This version categorizes leads with reported complications which are taken out of service and returned, but for which no malfunction can be confirmed, as Chronic Lead Complications. This methodology also addresses the Recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Lead Performance Policies and Guidelines.

Supporting Greater Return of Explanted Devices

The Heart Rhythm Society (HRS) Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines stated that knowledge, confidence, and trust in cardiac rhythm management devices can be strengthened through enhancing systems that increase the return of devices to the manufacturer. Boston Scientific CRM shares in this belief and supports the HRS-specified actions geared toward achieving the goal of greater device return to the manufacturer, including post-mortem device interrogation, explantation and return to the manufacturer. Approximately 60% of ICD, CRT-D, and PM pulse generators are returned for analysis.²

Help Us Provide You With More Complete Product Performance Data

Reporting Adverse Events

The data in this report reflect Boston Scientific's understanding of product performance. We acknowledge that there is underreporting. If you have product performance observations to report, please contact your local Boston Scientific sales representative or Boston Scientific's Technical Services department at:

United States: Phone 1.800.CARDIAC (1.800.227.3422) or 1.651.582.2698.

International: Please refer to the Country Offices List for local contact information.

E-mail: crmevent@bsci.com

Returning Products to Boston Scientific

Boston Scientific provides a Returned Products Kit (Model 6499) that includes proper forms, shipping/packaging (biohazard bags), and a prepaid shipping label. It can be ordered at no charge through Boston Scientific's Customer Service department at 1.800.CARDIAC (1.800.227.3422) or 1.651.582.2698, or you can order a Returned Products Kit online at www.bostonscientific.com/ppr.



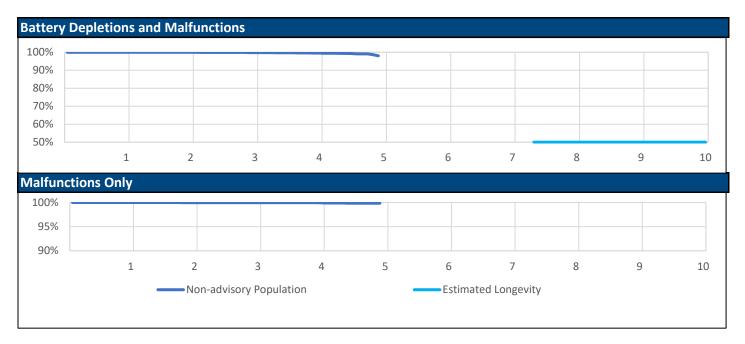
¹Carlson et al. Recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force. Heart Rhythm. October 2006; 3(special issue):1251 — 1252.

²Internal data. Underreporting of explanted devices may overstate return rates.

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D

Models: G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 64,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 58 |
| US Approval Date: | September 2017 | US Malfunctions: | 18 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 58,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 15 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 3 |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 98.0% | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | | | | | |
| 64,0 | OO Effective Sample Size | 43343 | 26811 | 14491 | 5080 | 297 | | | | | |

@ 60 months

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D

Models: G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 36 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 119,000 |

| Worldwide Distribution | 113,000 | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised | Without Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Battery (53) | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 6 | 30 | 36 |

AUTOGEN CRT-D

Grand Total

Models: G160/G161/G164/G166/G168/G172/G173/G175/G177/G179

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 30 24,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Battery (53) | 3 | 6 | 9 |
| Software | | | |
| Safety Core-unintended biventricular | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| pacing (64) | | | |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 3 | 4 |

6

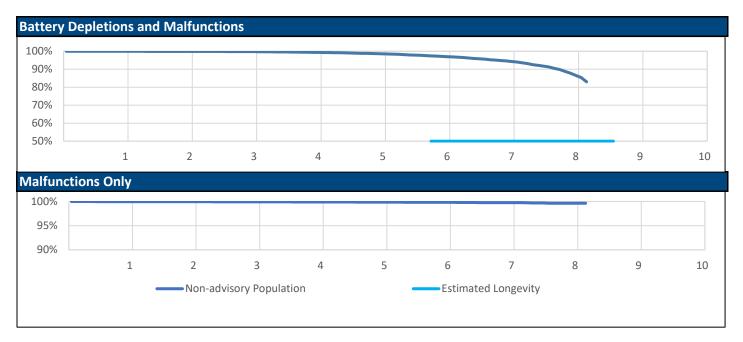
24

30

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D

Models: G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/G156/G158

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 74,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 1,146 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 86 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 58,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 75 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 11 | |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.4% | 98.6% | 97.1% | 94.6% | 87.8% | 83.0% | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.6% | |
| 74,000 | Effective Sample Size | 63712 | 54636 | 45687 | 36168 | 25530 | 14436 | 5949 | 854 | 284 | |

@ 99 months

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D

Models: G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/G156/G158

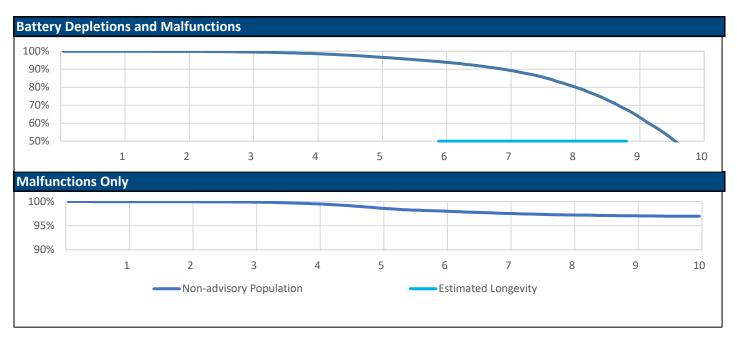
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 125 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 126,000 |

| Worldwide Distribution | 120,000 | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 18 | 18 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 4 | 11 | 15 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Battery (53) | 0 | 19 | 19 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 2 | 26 | 28 |
| Safety Core-unintended biventricular | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| pacing (64) | | | |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 10 | 13 | 23 |
| Grand Total | 18 | 107 | 125 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D

Models: N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/N163/N164/N165/P052/P053/P142/P143/P162/P163/P165

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 53,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 7,542 | |
| US Approval Date: | November 2011 | US Malfunctions: | 806 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 23,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 784 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 22 | |



| US Surviv | US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 98.8% | 96.9% | 94.3% | 90.1% | 81.5% | 66.0% | 40.4% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.5% | 98.7% | 98.0% | 97.5% | 97.2% | 97.0% | 97.0% |
| 53,000 | Effective Sample Size | 46305 | 41461 | 37005 | 32850 | 28795 | 24990 | 20866 | 15087 | 6747 | 1203 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D

Models: N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/N163/N164/N165/P052/P053/P142/P143/P162/P163/P165

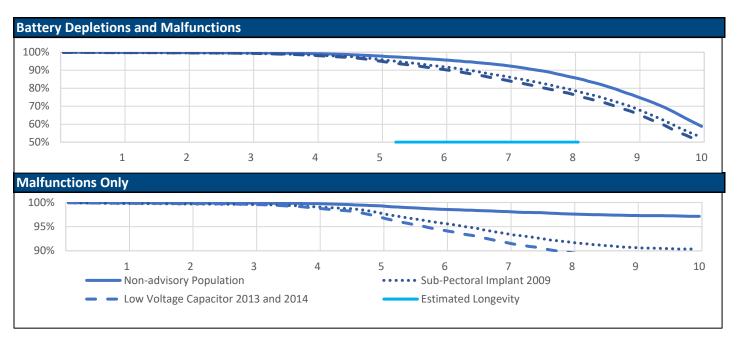
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1,292 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 81,000 |

| World Wide Distribution | 31,000 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Safety Core-electrocautery (42) | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| Battery (53) | 2 | 11 | 13 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 6 | 1203 | 1209 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Transformer (38) | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 8 | 16 | 24 |
| Grand Total | 35 | 1257 | 1292 |

COGNIS CRT-D

Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 75,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 15,478 | |
| US Approval Date: | March 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 2,096 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 15,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1,903 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 193 | |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.3% | 98.0% | 96.0% | 92.9% | 86.6% | 76.4% | 60.3% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.3% | 98.6% | 98.2% | 97.6% | 97.3% | 97.1% |
| 36,000 | Effective Sample Size | 31266 | 28040 | 25102 | 22385 | 19838 | 17355 | 14975 | 12483 | 9782 | 6799 |

COGNIS CRT-D

Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

| US Surviva | al Probability | (cont.) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Subpectoral Implant 2009 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.4% | 98.5% | 96.3% | 92.2% | 86.8% | 79.7% | 69.6% | 53.9% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.1% | 98.0% | 95.8% | 93.7% | 91.9% | 90.7% | 90.4% |
| 32,000 | Effective Sample Size | 27326 | 24214 | 21614 | 19187 | 16756 | 14281 | 11963 | 9735 | 7543 | 5151 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 98.4% | 95.6% | 90.7% | 84.8% | 77.4% | 67.0% | 51.5% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 98.9% | 97.2% | 94.4% | 91.8% | 89.8% | 88.4% | 88.0% |
| 26,000 | Effective Sample Size | 22463 | 19938 | 17825 | 15775 | 13721 | 11586 | 9611 | 7770 | 5969 | 4024 |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

COGNIS CRT-D

Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

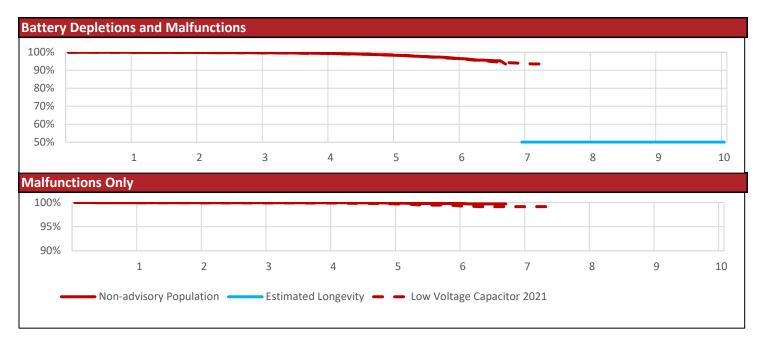
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 2,956 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 109,000 |

| worldwide Distribution | 103,000 | 109,000 | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | With | Without | | | | | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | | | | | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total | | | | |
| Electrical | | | | | | | |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September | 83 | 1617 | 1700 | | | | |
| 17, 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory (3) | | | | | | | |
| Safety Core-electrocautery (42) | 25 | 54 | 79 | | | | |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 6 | 1 | 7 | | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 7 | 7 | | | | |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 21 | 8 | 29 | | | | |
| High voltage circuit (52) | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| Battery (53) | 10 | 51 | 61 | | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 12 | 846 | 858 | | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Mechanical | | | | | | | |
| Transformer (38) | 9 | 0 | 9 | | | | |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) | 8 | 8 | 16 | | | | |
| Header contacts (45) | 8 | 10 | 18 | | | | |
| Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009 Voluntary | 48 | 20 | 68 | | | | |
| Physician Advisory (6) | | | | | | | |
| Header (74) | 25 | 9 | 34 | | | | |
| Software | | | | | | | |
| Safety Core-programming (46) | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48) | 0 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 2 | 15 | 17 | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 11 | 36 | 47 | | | | |
| Grand Total | 269 | 2687 | 2956 | | | | |

VISIONIST/VALITUDE

Models: U125/U128/U225/U226/U228

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 48,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 361 | |
| US Approval Date: | October 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 72 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 39,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 68 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 4 | |



| US Survival P | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.4% | 98.4% | 96.6% | 93.5% | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | | | | |
| 40,000 | Effective Sample Size | 30231 | 21391 | 14746 | 9034 | 4760 | 1317 | 212 | | | | |

@ 81 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

VISIONIST/VALITUDE

Models: U125/U128/U225/U226/U228

| US Survival P | robability (c | ont.) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.4% | 98.5% | 96.5% | 93.7% | 92.6% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.4% | 99.1% | 99.1% | | |
| 6,000 | Effective Sample Size | 5947 | 5312 | 4744 | 4197 | 3429 | 2553 | 809 | 284 | | |

@ 89 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

VISIONIST/VALITUDE

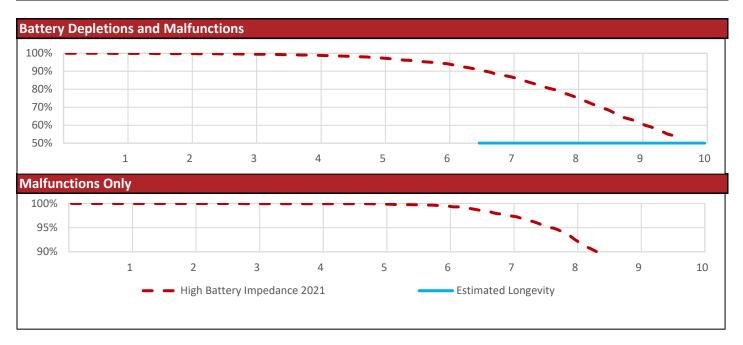
Models: U125/U128/U225/U226/U228

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 123 | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 97,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 1 | 9 | 10 |
| Telemetry (68) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 0 | 18 | 18 |
| depletion - September 2018 (70) | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 3 | 40 | 43 |
| depletion - June 2021 (83) | | | |
| High battery impedance (89) | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 22 | 25 |
| Grand Total | 9 | 114 | 123 |

INTUA/INVIVE/INLIVEN

Models: V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273/V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173/V274/V275/V284/V285/W275

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 10,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 994 |
| US Approval Date: | May 2013 | US Malfunctions: | 340 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 4,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 336 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 4 |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| High Battery Impedance 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.5% | 99.0% | 97.5% | 94.4% | 87.5% | 76.7% | 62.5% | 53.5% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.5% | 97.7% | 93.3% | 86.3% | 83.9% |
| 10,000 | Effective Sample Size | 8980 | 8006 | 7121 | 6313 | 5559 | 4752 | 3632 | 2067 | 694 | 208 |

@ 117 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

INTUA/INVIVE/INLIVEN

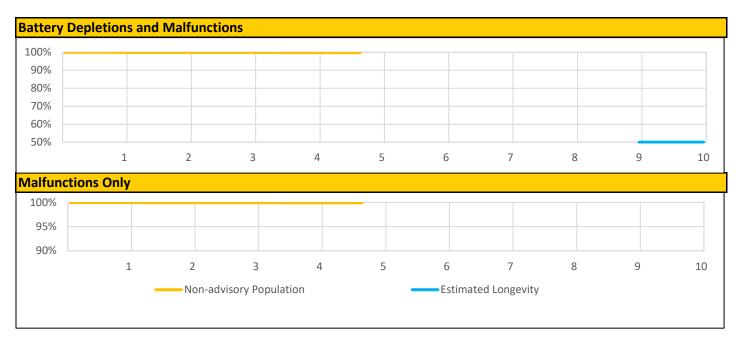
Models: V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273/V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173/V274/V275/V284/V285/W275

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 511 24,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High battery impedance initiating safety mode 2021 (82) | 3 | 452 | 455 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 4 | 51 | 55 |
| Grand Total | 8 | 503 | 511 |

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR

Models: D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 39,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 16 | |
| US Approval Date: | July 2017 | US Malfunctions: | 11 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 36,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 8 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 3 | |



| US Surviv | IS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | | | | | |
| 39,000 | Effective Sample Size | 24674 | 13530 | 6343 | 1806 | 204 | | | | | |

@ 57 months

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR

Models: D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533

| 16 70,000 | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| 2 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 6 | 6 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 | 4 16 |
| | With Compromised Therapy 2 0 1 | With Compromised Therapy 2 0 0 3 0 6 1 0 |

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR

Models: D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| US Registered Implants: | 22,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 9 |
| US Approval Date: | July 2017 | US Malfunctions: | 7 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 20,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 6 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 1 |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | | | | | | |
| 22,000 | Effective Sample Size | 14019 | 8389 | 4401 | 1315 | 249 | | | | | | |

@ 56 months

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR

Models: D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532

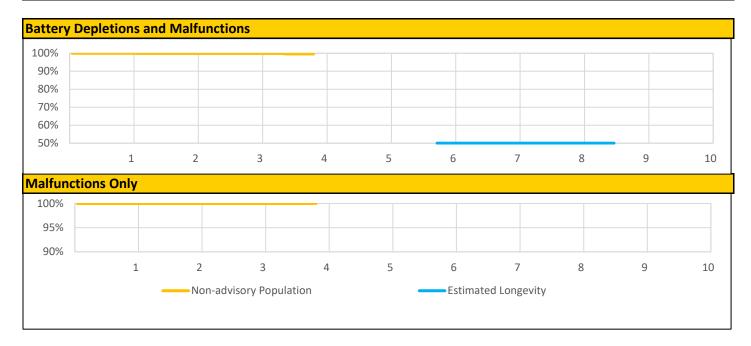
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 16 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 51,000 |

| | 0-,000 | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised | Without Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Battery (53) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| Grand Total | 3 | 13 | 16 |

PERCIVA DR

Models: D401/D413/D501/D513

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 4,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 5 | |
| US Approval Date: | July 2017 | US Malfunctions: | - | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 4,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - | |



| US Survi | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.6% | | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | | | | | | | |
| 4,0 | 00 Effective Sample Size | 2630 | 1457 | 699 | 222 | | | | | | | |

@ 47 months

PERCIVA DR

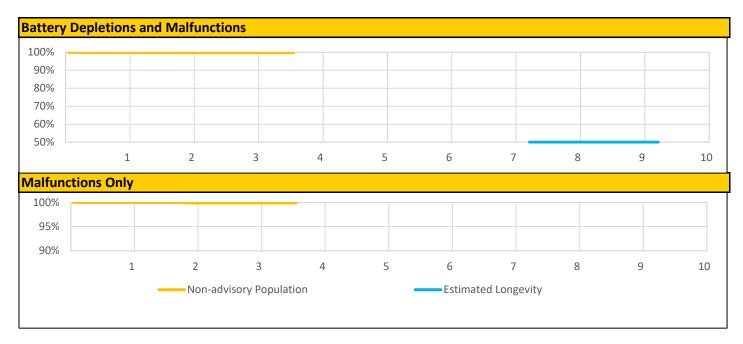
Models: D401/D413/D501/D513

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 0 7,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 0 | 0 |

PERCIVA VR

Models: D400/D412/D500/D512

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 3,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 3 | |
| US Approval Date: | July 2017 | US Malfunctions: | 1 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 3,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - | |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.8% | | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | | | | | | | |
| 3,00 | 0 Effective Sample Size | 1675 | 962 | 439 | 205 | | | | | | | |

@ 44 months

PERCIVA VR

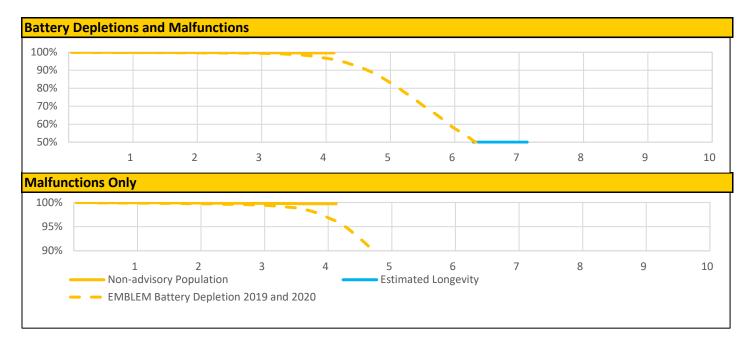
Models: D400/D412/D500/D512

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1 | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 5,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 1 | 1 |

EMBLEM S-ICD

Models: A209/A219

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 52,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 713 | |
| US Approval Date: | March 2015 | US Malfunctions: | 2,956 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 41,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2,879 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 77 | |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.6% | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | | | | |
| 26,000 | Effective Sample Size | 19331 | 11537 | 5743 | 1152 | 332 | | | | | | |

@ 51 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

EMBLEM S-ICD

Models: A209/A219

| US Survival Probability (cont.) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Battery Depletion 2019 and 2020 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 97.4% | 85.8% | 60.7% | 42.1% | 38.8% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.5% | 97.6% | 87.1% | 66.6% | 53.3% | 50.9% | | |
| 22,000 | Effective Sample Size | 18533 | 16455 | 14571 | 12400 | 7274 | 2686 | 827 | 250 | | |

@ 88 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

EMBLEM S-ICD

Models: A209/A219

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 6,129 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 117,000 |
| | \\/i+b |

| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Electrical | merapy | тистару | Total |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| S-ICD battery depletion 2019 and 2020 (77) | 62 | 5857 | 5919 |
| Battery depletion (84) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory corruption (65) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Misaligned markers (73) | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Memory corruption (85) | 4 | 7 | 11 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Solder joint (78) | 13 | 1 | 14 |
| EMBLEM S-ICD electrical overstress 2020 (80) | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| RF antenna (81) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Cracked case (86) | 11 | 0 | 11 |
| Header (87) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 34 | 75 | 109 |
| Telemetry (56) | 16 | 30 | 46 |
| Grand Total | 155 | 5974 | 6129 |

AUTOGEN ICD EL DR

Models: D162/D163/D176/D177

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 39 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 16,000 |

| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 12 | 12 |
| Battery (53) | 0 | 11 | 11 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 1 0 | | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Grand Total | 4 | 35 | 39 |

AUTOGEN ICD EL VR

Models: D160/D161/D174/D175

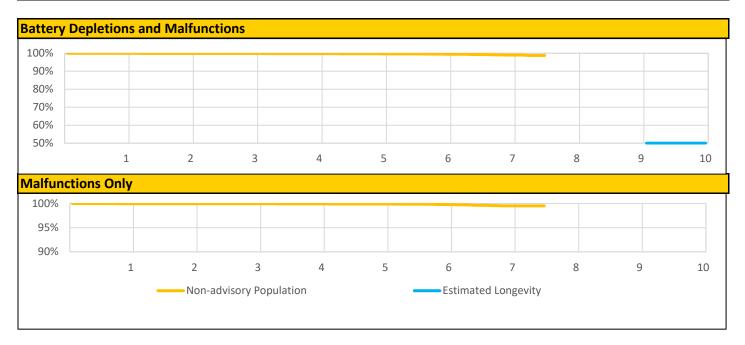
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 29 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 17,000 |

| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Battery (53) | 4 | 13 | 17 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 8 | 21 | 29 |

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR

Models: D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 48,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 65 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 50 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 39,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 38 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 12 |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| <u> </u> | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.1% | 98.8% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.5% | 99.5% | | |
| 48,000 | Effective Sample Size | 40311 | 33291 | 26744 | 20180 | 13016 | 6454 | 2084 | 251 | | |

@ 91 months

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR

Models: D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153

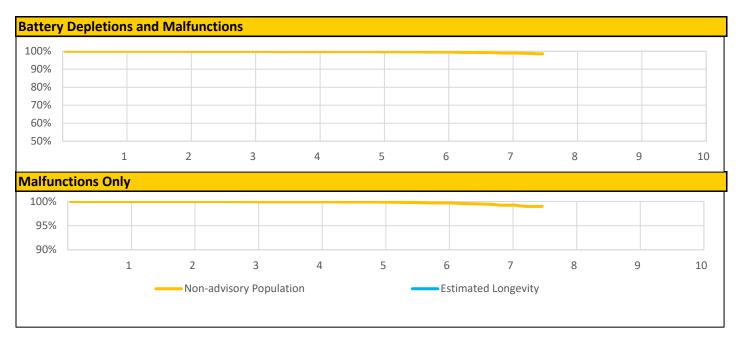
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 68 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 77,000 |
| | With |

| | With | Without | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Battery (53) | 2 | 19 | 21 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 7 | 12 |
| Grand Total | 17 | 51 | 68 |

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR

Models: D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 38,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 32 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 61 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 31,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 56 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 5 |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.5% | 99.1% | 98.6% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.2% | 99.0% | | |
| 38,000 | Effective Sample Size | 32276 | 27304 | 22508 | 17251 | 11537 | 6202 | 2130 | 244 | | |

@ 91 months

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR

Models: D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151

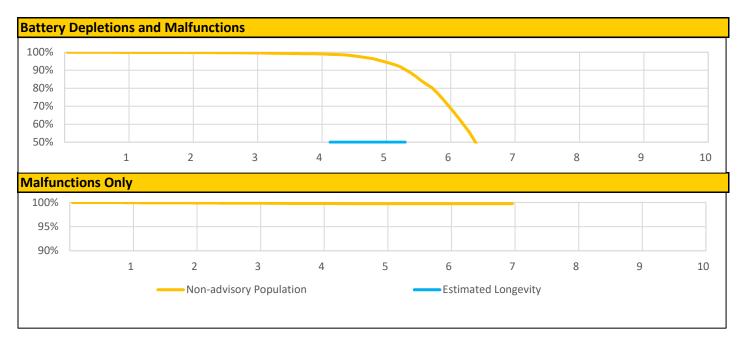
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 96 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 69,000 |

| | \A/:+l- | \A/:+b+ | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 1 | 36 | 37 |
| Battery (53) | 6 | 27 | 33 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 8 | 13 |
| Grand Total | 13 | 83 | 96 |

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR

Models: D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 11,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 1,714 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 17 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 7,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 14 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 3 |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 99.2% | 95.7% | 74.1% | 25.3% | 18.3% | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | |
| 11,000 | Effective Sample Size | 9029 | 7551 | 6130 | 4811 | 3385 | 1775 | 355 | 261 | | | |

@ 86 months

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR

Models: D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023

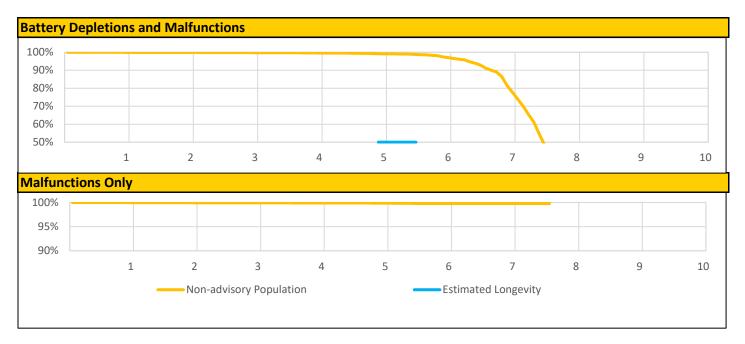
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 27 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 31,000 |
| | With |
| | C |

| | With Compromised | Without Compromised | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 12 | 12 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Battery (53) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| Grand Total | 7 | 20 | 27 |

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR

Models: D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 9,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 796 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 11 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 6,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 10 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 1 |



| US Surviva | IS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.2% | 97.4% | 81.5% | 34.9% | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.8% | | | |
| 9,000 | Effective Sample Size | 7949 | 6795 | 5726 | 4565 | 3386 | 2330 | 1172 | 254 | | | |

@ 93 months

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR

Models: D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021

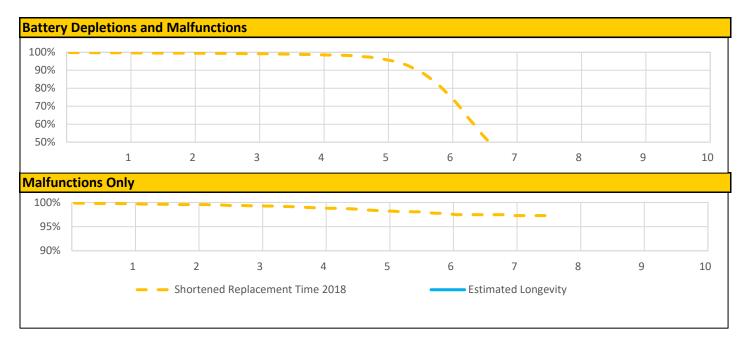
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 26 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 33,000 |
| | With |

| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Electrical | тистару | merupy | rotar |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| High voltage circuit component (62) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| High voltage capacitor (75) | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Battery (53) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Grand Total | 8 | 18 | 26 |

SQ-RX S-ICD

Models: 1010

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 8,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 2,753 | |
| US Approval Date: | September 2012 | US Malfunctions: | 112 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 2,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 46 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 66 | |



| US Survi | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Shortened Replacement Time 2018 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.2% | 98.6% | 96.5% | 78.6% | 35.7% | 12.8% | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.3% | 98.8% | 98.3% | 97.8% | 97.4% | 97.3% | | | |
| 8,0 | 00 Effective Sample Size | 6403 | 5641 | 4984 | 4375 | 3686 | 2669 | 1080 | 265 | | | |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

@ 91 months

SQ-RX S-ICD

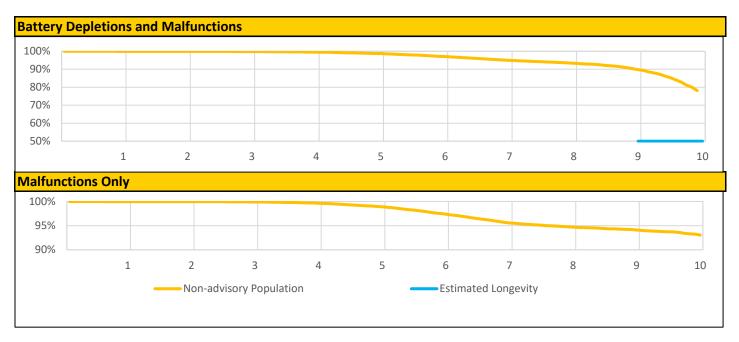
Models: 1010

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 222 | 2 | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 11,000 |) | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Unintended Fuse Activation 2013 (4) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Charge Timeout Alert (61) | 0 | 11 | 11 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| High cathode condition (5) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Shortened replacement time 2018 (55) | 68 | 46 | 114 |
| Software | | | |
| Unintended Battery Depletion Alert (57) | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Other | | | |
| Telemetry (56) | 10 | 4 | 14 |
| Non-patterned, other | 40 | 28 | 68 |
| Grand Total | 122 | 100 | 222 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR

Models: E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 47,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 1,129 |
| US Approval Date: | November 2011 | US Malfunctions: | 1,264 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 27,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1,230 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 34 |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 98.8% | 97.2% | 95.1% | 93.5% | 90.3% | 78.1% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.0% | 97.5% | 95.7% | 94.8% | 94.2% | 93.3% |
| 47,000 | Effective Sample Size | 41223 | 36534 | 32286 | 28411 | 24880 | 21507 | 18068 | 13510 | 6921 | 1728 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR

Models: E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163

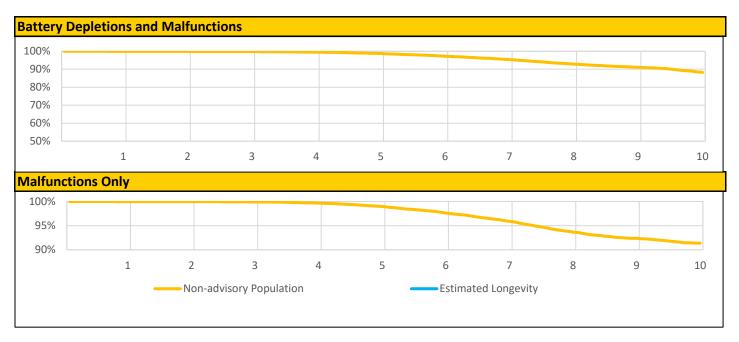
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1,966 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 1,966 72,000 |

| | With | Without | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Transformer (38) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Electrical | | | |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 5 | 7 | 12 |
| Battery (53) | 14 | 90 | 104 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 14 | 1757 | 1771 |
| High voltage circuit (58) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 31 | 31 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 10 | 18 | 28 |
| Grand Total | 50 | 1916 | 1966 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR

Models: E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E161/F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 39,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 281 |
| US Approval Date: | November 2011 | US Malfunctions: | 1,253 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 24,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1,213 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 40 |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.5% | 98.8% | 97.4% | 95.6% | 93.1% | 91.2% | 88.6% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.0% | 97.8% | 96.1% | 93.8% | 92.4% | 91.4% |
| 39,000 | Effective Sample Size | 34701 | 30726 | 27149 | 23902 | 20914 | 18144 | 15214 | 11080 | 5575 | 1573 |

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR

Models: E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E161/F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161

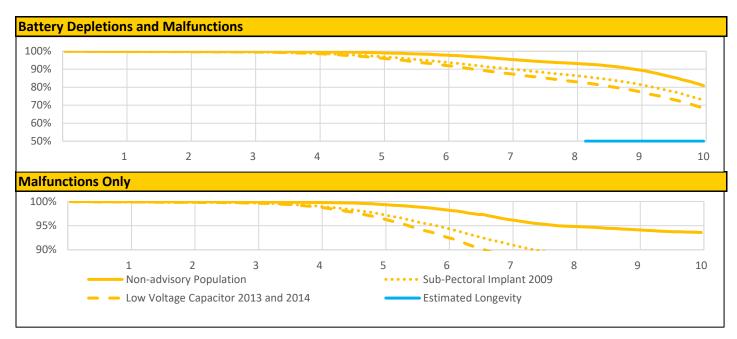
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 2,114 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 68,000 |
| | \\/i+b |

| | With | Without | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 5 | 4 | 9 |
| Battery (53) | 22 | 141 | 163 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 16 | 1868 | 1884 |
| High voltage circuit (58) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 13 | 13 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Transformer (38) | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 1 | 7 | 8 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 10 | 15 | 25 |
| Grand Total | 65 | 2049 | 2114 |

TELIGEN DR

Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 66,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 10,362 | |
| US Approval Date: | March 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 3,033 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 18,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2,868 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 165 | |



| US Surviv | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.2% | 98.0% | 95.7% | 93.4% | 90.0% | 81.8% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.4% | 98.4% | 96.4% | 94.9% | 94.2% | 93.6% |
| 30000 | Effective Sample Size | 26330 | 23355 | 20710 | 18287 | 16083 | 13986 | 11979 | 10222 | 8620 | 6846 |

TELIGEN DR

Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

| US Surviva | S Survival Probability (cont.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Subpectoral Implant 2009 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 98.9% | 97.2% | 94.2% | 90.4% | 86.8% | 82.2% | 73.7% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.1% | 97.5% | 94.7% | 91.3% | 88.6% | 86.6% | 85.3% |
| 30000 | Effective Sample Size | 26630 | 23511 | 20787 | 18251 | 15859 | 13509 | 11366 | 9504 | 7807 | 6052 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 98.8% | 96.5% | 92.5% | 87.8% | 83.4% | 78.2% | 69.3% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 98.9% | 96.7% | 93.0% | 88.7% | 85.3% | 82.9% | 81.2% |
| 23000 | Effective Sample Size | 20616 | 18223 | 16099 | 14124 | 12170 | 10248 | 8518 | 7041 | 5714 | 4368 |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

TELIGEN DR

Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

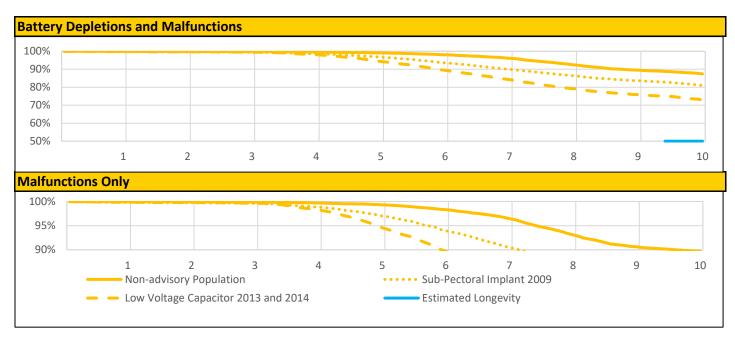
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 4,173 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 91,000 |

| Worldwide Distribution | 91,000 | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September 17, | 54 | 2299 | 2353 |
| 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory (3) | | | |
| Safety Core-electrocautery (42) | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 22 | 22 | 44 |
| Battery (53) | 43 | 256 | 299 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 13 | 1288 | 1301 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Mechanical | <u></u> | | |
| Transformer (38) | 20 | 0 | 20 |
| Seal plug (40) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) | 7 | 7 | 14 |
| Header contacts (45) | 13 | 3 | 16 |
| Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician | 12 | 9 | 21 |
| Advisory (6) | | | |
| Header (74) | 9 | 3 | 12 |
| Software | | | |
| Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 19 | 19 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 11 | 28 | 39 |
| Grand Total | 213 | 3960 | 4173 |

TELIGEN VR

Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 38,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 1,943 | |
| US Approval Date: | March 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 2,383 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 14,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2,250 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 133 | |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.1% | 98.1% | 96.3% | 92.8% | 89.6% | 87.7% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.3% | 98.4% | 96.7% | 93.4% | 90.7% | 89.8% |
| 18000 | Effective Sample Size | 16198 | 14329 | 12649 | 11153 | 9789 | 8516 | 7303 | 6105 | 5120 | 4399 |

TELIGEN VR

Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability (cont.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Subpectoral Implant 2009 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 98.7% | 96.9% | 93.8% | 90.2% | 86.6% | 83.7% | 81.3% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 98.9% | 97.2% | 94.2% | 90.7% | 87.4% | 84.8% | 83.4% |
| 16000 | Effective Sample Size | 13609 | 11993 | 10569 | 9240 | 7984 | 6795 | 5703 | 4751 | 3990 | 3354 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 98.2% | 94.8% | 89.7% | 84.6% | 79.5% | 76.0% | 73.4% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 98.4% | 95.0% | 90.1% | 85.1% | 80.2% | 77.1% | 75.5% |
| 12000 | Effective Sample Size | 10848 | 9578 | 8444 | 7363 | 6262 | 5194 | 4245 | 3442 | 2854 | 2383 |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

TELIGEN VR

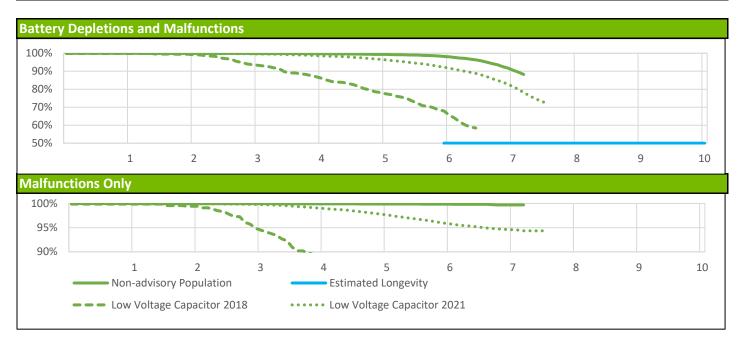
Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 4,039 | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 66,000 With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | . , | . , | |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September 17, 2014 Voluntary | 47 | 1921 | 1968 |
| Physician Advisory (3) | | | |
| Safety Core-electrocautery (42) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| High-voltage capacitor (43) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 17 | 11 | 28 |
| Battery (53) | 53 | 419 | 472 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (54) | 11 | 1397 | 1408 |
| Low-voltage capacitor (69) | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Transformer (24) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Transformer (38) | 14 | 0 | 14 |
| Seal plug (40) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| Header contacts (45) | 22 | 16 | 38 |
| Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory (6) | 17 | 10 | 27 |
| Header (74) | 13 | 4 | 17 |
| Software | | | |
| Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 11 | 11 |
| Respiratory Sensor Oversensing - March 23, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory (7) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 12 | 12 | 24 |
| Grand Total | 220 | 3819 | 4039 |

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

| US Summary | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 254,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 2,769 | |
| US Approval Date: | October 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 1,345 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: 209,000 | | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1,291 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 54 | |



| US Surviv | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.4% | 98.2% | 91.8% | 88.2% | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | |
| 196000 | Effective Sample Size | 160958 | 118669 | 85760 | 56062 | 31002 | 9599 | 1072 | 204 | | | |

@ 87 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

| US Surviva | al Probability | y (cont.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2018 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.4% | 94.0% | 87.7% | 78.6% | 68.5% | 58.4% | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 99.9% | 99.4% | 94.8% | 88.8% | 83.5% | 77.5% | 72.6% | | | | |
| 800 | Effective Sample Size | 713 | 640 | 543 | 449 | 361 | 271 | 203 | | | | @ 79 m |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 98.7% | 96.6% | 92.2% | 82.8% | 72.5% | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.0% | 97.8% | 95.9% | 94.6% | 94.3% | | | |
| 12000 | Effective Sample Size | 37243 | 33199 | 29503 | 26027 | 21751 | 16777 | 5153 | 420 | | | @ 91 m |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

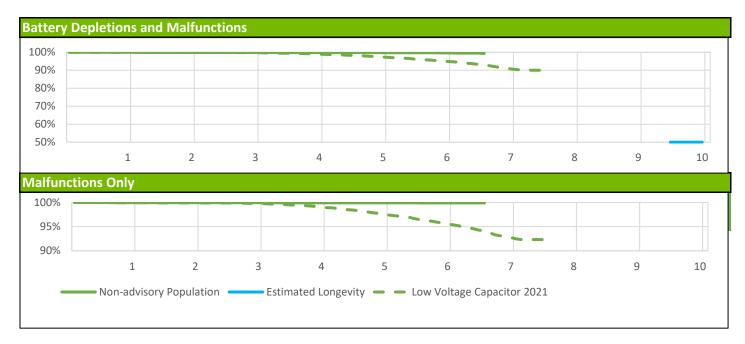
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 2,258 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 554,000 |

| Worldwide Distribution | 334,000 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 16 | 36 | 52 |
| Capacitor (67) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Telemetry (68) | 2 | 13 | 15 |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 4 | 215 | 219 |
| depletion - September 2018 (70) | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 27 | 1708 | 1735 |
| depletion - June 2021 (83) | | | |
| Battery (53) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| High battery impedance (89) | 8 | 29 | 37 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 52 | 52 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Battery cathode (79) | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 43 | 91 | 134 |
| Grand Total | 107 | 2151 | 2258 |

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO EL DR

Models: L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331

| US Summary | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 147,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 192 | |
| US Approval Date: | October 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 626 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: 130,000 | | Without Compromised Therapy: | 617 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 9 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.3% | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | | | | |
| 117,000 | Effective Sample Size | 92554 | 62725 | 41678 | 24720 | 11894 | 2481 | 329 | | | | |

@ 80 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO EL DR

Models: L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331

| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 98.9% | 97.3% | 94.9% | 90.8% | 90.0% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.0% | 97.5% | 95.5% | 92.7% | 92.3% | | |
| 17,000 | Effective Sample Size | 14978 | 13322 | 11847 | 10445 | 8683 | 6557 | 1894 | 353 | | |

@ 90 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO EL DR

Models: L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331

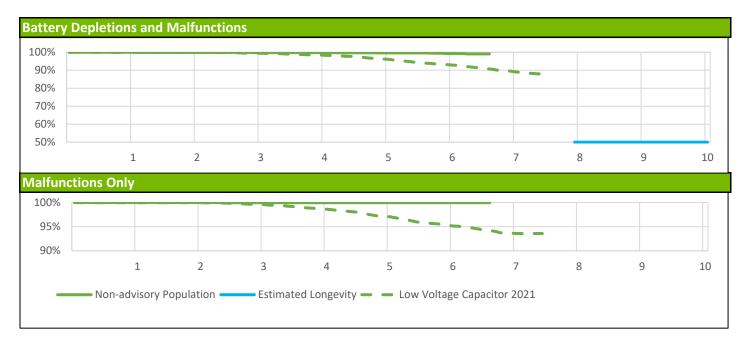
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1,398 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 354,000 |

| World Wide Distribution | 334,000 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 1 | 26 | 27 |
| Telemetry (68) | 1 | 13 | 14 |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 3 | 114 | 117 |
| depletion - September 2018 (70) | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature | 9 | 1139 | 1148 |
| depletion - June 2021 (83) | | | |
| High battery impedance (89) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 44 | 44 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Battery cathode (79) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 29 | 34 |
| Grand Total | 21 | 1377 | 1398 |

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR

Models: L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 47,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 249 | |
| US Approval Date: | October 2014 | US Malfunctions: | 386 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 35,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 379 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 7 | |



| US Surviv | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|---|----|--|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.3% | 99.1% | | | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | | | | |
| 33,000 | Effective Sample Size | 26209 | 19400 | 13812 | 8613 | 4294 | 998 | 217 | | | | |

@ 80 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR

Models: L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310

| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Low Voltage Capacitor 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.5% | 98.5% | 96.3% | 93.1% | 89.5% | 88.0% | | |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 98.7% | 97.1% | 95.3% | 93.7% | 93.6% | | |
| 12,000 | Effective Sample Size | 10312 | 9155 | 8121 | 7139 | 5885 | 4092 | 1209 | 242 | | |

@ 90 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR

Models: L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310

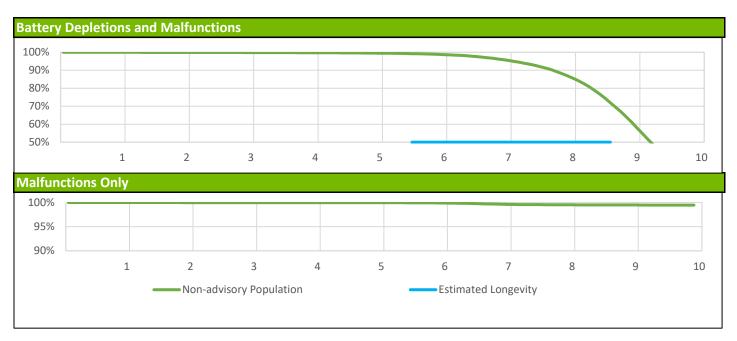
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 938 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 199,000 |

| | With Compromised | Without Compromised | |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | Петару | Петару | iotai |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Integrated circuit (63) | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Telemetry (68) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Hydrogen induced premature depletion - | 3 | 63 | 66 |
| September 2018 (70) | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature depletion - | 22 | 800 | 822 |
| June 2021 (83) | | | |
| High battery impedance (89) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 13 | 13 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 14 | 17 |
| Grand Total | 34 | 904 | 938 |

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR

Models: J063/J066/J173/J176/J273/J276/J278/J279/K063/K066/K083/K086/K173/K176/K183/K186/K273/K276/K278/K279/K283/K286/K288/K289

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 121,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 16,694 | |
| US Approval Date: | May 2012 | US Malfunctions: | 289 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 61,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 275 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 14 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 98.9% | 95.9% | 86.9% | 61.0% | 20.0% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.5% | 99.5% |
| 121,000 | Effective Sample Size | 107339 | 95760 | 85392 | 76116 | 67674 | 59969 | 51764 | 35000 | 11527 | 565 |

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR

Models: J063/J066/J173/J176/J273/J276/J278/J279/K063/K066/K083/K086/K173/K176/K183/K186/K273/K276/K278/K279/K283/K286/K288/K289

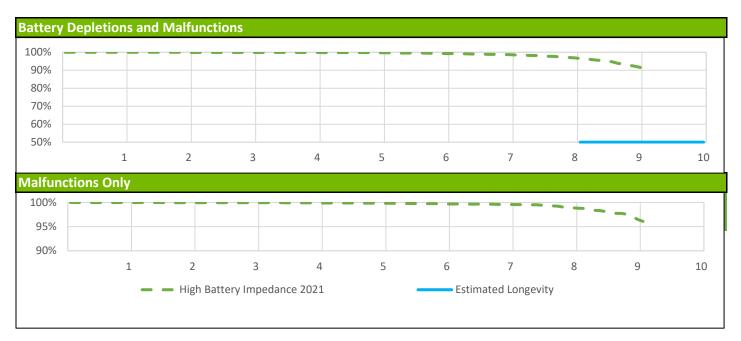
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 332 |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 218,000 |

| Electrical | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 7 | 3 | 10 |
| Titanium case material (60) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 1 | 28 | 29 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 12 | 270 | 282 |
| Grand Total | 23 | 309 | 332 |

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR

Models: J064/J067/J174/J177/J274/J277/K064/K067/K084/K087/K174/K177/K184/K187/K274/K277/K284/K287

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 11,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 124 | |
| US Approval Date: | May 2012 | US Malfunctions: | 69 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 7,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 67 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 2 | |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| High Battery Impedance 2021 | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.3% | 98.7% | 97.0% | 92.3% | 91.0% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 98.9% | 97.1% | 96.1% |
| 11,000 | Effective Sample Size | 9675 | 8588 | 7640 | 6793 | 6040 | 5330 | 4507 | 2614 | 412 | 246 |

@ 110 months

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO EL DR

Models: J064/J067/J174/J177/J274/J277/K064/K067/K084/K087/K174/K177/K184/K187/K274/K277/K284/K287

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 322 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 76,000 |

| | , | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised | Without Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Titanium case material (60) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Capacitor (67) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| High battery impedance initiating | 1 | 75 | 76 |
| safety mode 2021 (82) | | | |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| Respiratory sensor (59) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 6 | 221 | 227 |
| Grand Total | 13 | 309 | 322 |

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO SR

Models: J062/J065/J172/J175/J272/J275/K062/K065/K082/K085/K172/K175/K182/K185/K272/K275/K282/K285

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 27,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 319 | |
| US Approval Date: | May 2012 | US Malfunctions: | 13 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 14,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 12 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 1 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.4% | 98.9% | 97.6% | 91.9% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| 27,000 | Effective Sample Size | 22804 | 20277 | 18085 | 16146 | 14397 | 12821 | 11190 | 7894 | 3821 | 791 |

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR

Models: J062/J065/J172/J175/J272/J275/K062/K065/K082/K085/K172/K175/K182/K185/K272/K275/K282/K285

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 27 |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 86,000 |
| | With |

| | 00,000 | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Low-voltage capacitors (47) | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Integrated circuit (50) | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Titanium case material (60) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| Grand Total | 8 | 19 | 27 |

ALTRUA 2 DR

Models: S702

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 11 | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 11,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised Therapy | Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Software | | | |
| Memory errors (51) Electrical | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Hydrogen induced premature depletion - June 2021 (83) | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 11 | 11 |

ALTRUA 2 EL DR

Models: S722

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 1 8,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature depletion - June 2021 (83) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 1 | 1 |

ALTRUA 2 SR

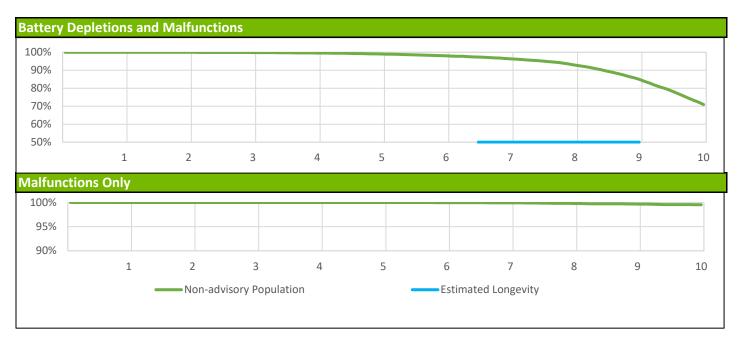
Models: S701

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 12 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 10,000 | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Hydrogen induced premature depletion - June 2021 (83) Other | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Grand Total | 1 | 11 | 12 |

ALTRUA 60 DR

Model: S602

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 22,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 4,475 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 43 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 7,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 39 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 4 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.6% | 99.1% | 98.1% | 96.6% | 93.4% | 85.9% | 72.3% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.5% |
| 22,000 | Effective Sample Size | 19221 | 17184 | 15327 | 13629 | 12080 | 10625 | 9286 | 7930 | 6382 | 4613 |

ALTRUA 60 DR

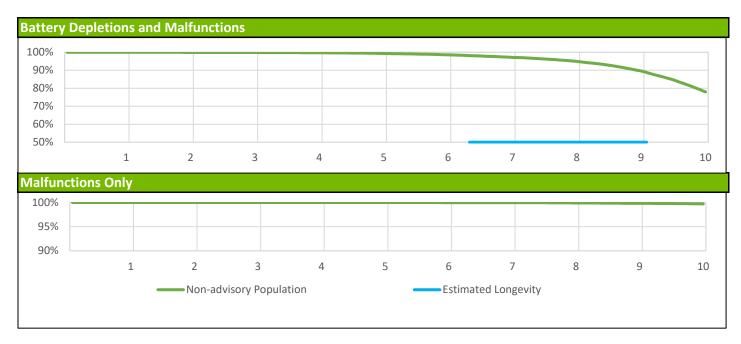
Models: S602

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 75 56,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Capacitor array (16) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Battery status (49) | 1 | 62 | 63 |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| Grand Total | 6 | 69 | 75 |

ALTRUA 60 EL DR

Model: S606

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 59,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 8,883 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 82 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 24,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 76 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 6 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.4% | 98.6% | 97.3% | 95.2% | 90.1% | 79.2% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% |
| 59,000 | Effective Sample Size | 52505 | 46924 | 41880 | 37333 | 33242 | 29398 | 25847 | 22516 | 18945 | 14332 |

ALTRUA 60 EL DR

Models: S606

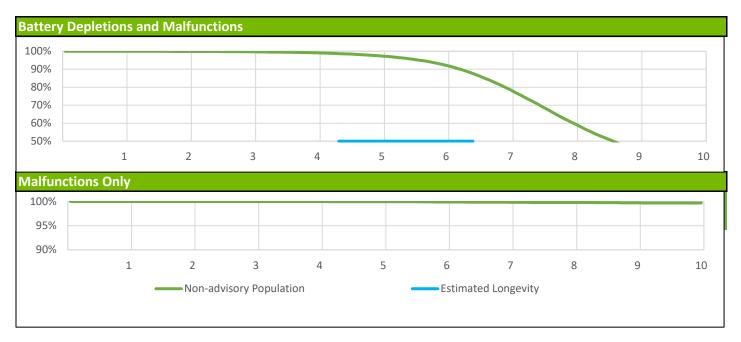
| | \\/ith |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 90,000 |
| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 117 |

| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Integrated circuit (17) Mechanical | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) Other | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Battery depletion (26) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Battery status (49) | 2 | 102 | 104 |
| Magnet rate (44) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Non-patterned, other | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 7 | 110 | 117 |

ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize)

Model: S603

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 90,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 25,866 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 103 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 21,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 93 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 10 | |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.2% | 97.6% | 92.9% | 79.9% | 61.1% | 45.6% | 33.3% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% |
| 90,000 | Effective Sample Size | 78558 | 70265 | 62751 | 55837 | 49144 | 41765 | 32042 | 21324 | 13671 | 8218 |

ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize)

Models: S603

Grand Total

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 132 | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 132,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 7 | 4 | 11 |
| Integrated circuit (30) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Mechanical | | | |
| Difficulty securing lead (41) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Connector block (39) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Software | | | |
| Underestimation of battery status (34) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 101 | 101 |
| Magnet response (21) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Non-patterned, other | 4 | 5 | 9 |

13

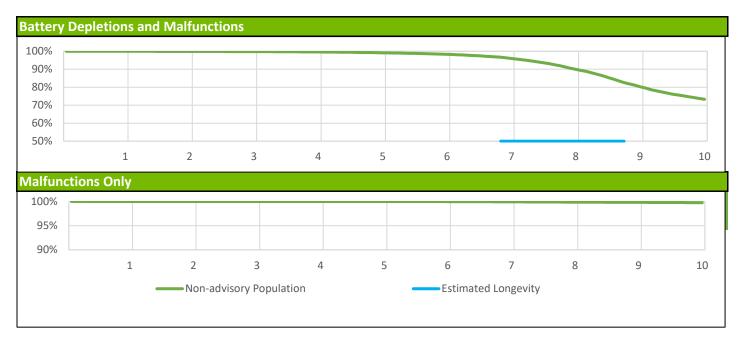
119

132

ALTRUA 60 SR

Model: S601

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 32,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 3,663 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 30 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 9,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 27 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 3 | |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.2% | 98.4% | 96.3% | 90.6% | 81.1% | 73.7% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% |
| 32,000 | Effective Sample Size | 26267 | 23020 | 20383 | 18136 | 16148 | 14306 | 12555 | 10529 | 8295 | 6421 |

ALTRUA 60 SR

Models: S601

Grand Total

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 51 68,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Integrated circuit (30) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Battery status (49) | 1 | 41 | 42 |
| Non-patterned, other | 2 | 1 | 3 |

8

43

ALTRUA 50 DR (Downsize)

Models: S502

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 39 | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|--|--|
| Worldwide Distribution | 48,000 | 48,000 | | | |
| | With | Without | | | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | | | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total | | |
| Electrical | | | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
| Integrated circuit (30) | 0 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 0 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 31 | 31 | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 1 | 2 | | |
| Grand Total | 2 | 37 | 39 | | |

ALTRUA 50 SR

Models: S501

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 16 | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 25,000 | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 7 | 9 | 16 |

ALTRUA 50 DDD (Downsize)

Models: S504

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 13 12,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 3 | 10 | 13 |

ALTRUA 50 SSI

Models: S508

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 5 6,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Battery depletion (26) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Grand Total | 1 | 4 | 5 |

ALTRUA 50 VDD (Downsize)

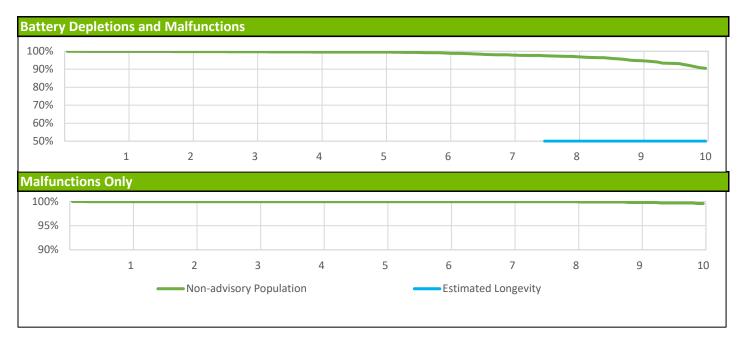
Models: S504

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 7 | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 6,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 7 | 7 |

ALTRUA 20 EL DR

Model: S208

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 3,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 239 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 6 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 1,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 5 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 1 | |



| US Surviva | S Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.1% | 98.0% | 97.2% | 94.8% | 90.8% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.8% | 99.6% |
| 3,000 | Effective Sample Size | 2762 | 2472 | 2200 | 1968 | 1745 | 1553 | 1369 | 1209 | 1047 | 901 |

ALTRUA 20 EL DR

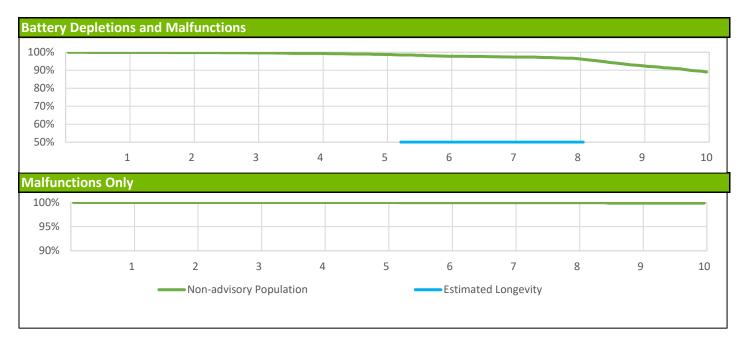
Models: S208

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 9 | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 11,000 | | |
| | With | Without | |
| | Compromised | Compromised | |
| | Therapy | Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| Battery status (49) | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Non-patterned, other | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 3 | 6 | 9 |

ALTRUA 20 SR

Model: S201/S204

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 5,000 | US Normal Battery Depletions: | 257 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 3 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 1,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 3 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - | |



| US Surviva | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Depletions and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.3% | 98.8% | 97.9% | 97.4% | 96.7% | 92.8% | 89.5% |
| Registered Implants: | Malfunctions Only | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| 5,000 | Effective Sample Size | 3566 | 3032 | 2602 | 2273 | 1995 | 1745 | 1542 | 1349 | 1146 | 938 |

ALTRUA 20 SR

Models: S201/S204

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 6 24,00 0 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Electrical | | | |
| Capacitor (15) Other | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Non-patterned, other Battery status (49) | 1 0 | 0 4 | 1 4 |
| Grand Total | 1 | 5 | 6 |

ALTRUA 20 DDD

Models: S207

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 0 1,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ALTRUA 20 SSI

Models: S206

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 0 8, 00 0 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterend, other | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Confirmed Malfunction Details: Pulse Generator References

Descriptions listed below provide an overview of the clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each pulse generator confirmed malfunction pattern listed in this report.

All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, changes have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. "Improvements implemented" may include product design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing process modifications, software updates, educational communications, labeling changes, etc. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

- 3. **Low Voltage Capacitor 2014** *Aug 2013 and Sep 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory*. Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance. Improvement implemented.
- 4. **Unintended Fuse Activation 2013** *March 1, 2013 Voluntary Physician Advisory*.Inability to interrogate, no magnet response, permanent loss of therapy without warning. Improvement implemented.
- 5. High cathode condition— June 1, 2011 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Misaligned battery component. Improvement implemented.
- 6. **Subpectoral implant 2009** *December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory*. Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, pacing inhibition, high impedance when implanted subpectorally. Weakened bond between header and titanium case. Improvement implemented.
- 7. **Respiratory Sensor Oversensing** *March 23, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory*. Oversensing, noise, inappropriate shock, pacing inhibition. When Respiratory Sensor is ON, RV lead or system complications may cause oversensing or noise. Improvement implemented.
- 8. Low-voltage capacitor— June 23, 2006 and August 24, 2006 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion, no output, no interrogation. Failed low-voltage capacitor. Improvement implemented.
- 9. **Crystal timing component Failure Mode 1** *September 22, 2005 Voluntary Physician Advisory*. Intermittent or permanent loss of pacing output without warning, intermittent or permanent loss of telemetry, reversion to VVI mode or appearance of a reset warning message upon interrogation. Foreign material within a crystal timing component. Improvement implemented.
- 10. **Crystal timing component Failure Mode 2** September 22, 2005 Voluntary Physician Advisory. At implant procedure or during pre-implant testing: Intermittent or permanent loss of pacing output without warning, intermittent or permanent loss of telemetry, reversion to VVI mode, or appearance of a reset warning message upon interrogation. Microscopic particle within a crystal timing component. Three failures have been reported following confirmation of successful implantation. No currently distributed devices are subject to this peri-implant failure mode. Improvement implemented.
- 11. Longevity labeling— Battery longevity inconsistent with longevity labeling. Device battery status indicators are accurate and no loss of therapy has been reported.
- 12. Solder bond— Loss of device output, loss of sensing. Separation of component solder from substrate. Improvement implemented.
- 13. Integrated circuit— Power on Reset state, loss of telemetry, safety mode operation or loss of output. Failed digital integrated circuit.
- 14. Capacitor—Premature battery depletion, inability to interrogate. Damage to low-voltage capacitor.
- 15. **Capacitor** No telemetry, no pacing, premature battery depletion. Gradual, premature battery depletion most common; in rare instances, rapid depletion occurred with no therapy available. Failed low-voltage capacitor.
- 16. Capacitor array— Loss of device output, loss of capture, inability to accurately measure charge times causing elective replacement indicator declaration. Damage to capacitor array. Improvement implemented.
- 17. Integrated circuit— No telemetry, premature battery depletion. Integrated circuit issue within high-voltage transistor.
- 18. **Battery depletion** Premature battery depletion and loss of capture.
- 19. Seal plug— Non-cardiac signals on electrograms leading to inhibition of pacing and/or inappropriate shock delivery. Damaged seal plug. Improvement implemented.
- 20. **Header** High impedance, compromised header bonding identified during lead revision procedures. Insufficient medical adhesive bonding between header and case. Improvement implemented.
- 21. Magnet response— No magnet response. Particulate material in component. Improvement implemented.
- 22. Battery depletion—Premature battery depletion.
- 23. Memory error— Device resets (including pacing at reset parameters) and inability to interrogate. Errors in device memory.
- 24. Transformer— Charge time alert message and/or end of life (EOL) indicator displayed, loss of shock therapy. Damaged transformer. Improvement implemented.
- 25. Setscrew block— No pacing or pauses in pacing, intermittent or lack of setscrew contact with lead. Incorrect setscrew block, Improvement implemented.
- 26. **Battery depletion**—Loss of therapy, inability to interrogate, no magnet response, premature battery depletion.

- 27. **Solder bond** Inability to interrogate, no magnet response, no pacing output. Broken solder bond between wire mounting surface and internal circuitry. Improvement implemented.
- 28. Stored EGMs— Inability to view stored EGMs. Incorrect EGM index location.
- 29. Battery post— Inability to interrogate, no pacing output. Bent battery post. Improvement implemented.
- 30. **Integrated circuit** Premature battery depletion, loss of pacing output, inability to interrogate, loss of sensing, high-rate pacing, loss of shock therapy. Damage to integrated circuit. Improvement implemented.
- 31. Alert messages— During programmer interactions, alert messages appear which are able to be cleared. In one case, an alert message occurred with two memory errors after multiple device resets.
- 32. Setscrew— Inability to tighten or loosen setscrews during implant or replacement procedure due to process variability. Improvement implemented.
- 33. Seal plug— Lifted or missing seal plugs. Inadequate medical adhesive bond. Improvement implemented
- 34. Underestimation of battery status— Underestimation of remaining longevity due to invalid charge time measurement. Improvement implemented.
- 35. Interrupted telemetry— Early appearance of Elective Replacement Time (ERT) indicator, unexpected impedance measurements (>2500 ohms). Interruption in telemetry sequence during software upgrade. Improvement implemented.
- 36. Pacing rate limit—Inability to interrogate. Inappropriate pacing due to feature interaction. Improvement implemented.
- 37. **Solder joint**—Inappropriate shocks, beeping, fallback mode, errors or inability to interrogate or program. Cracked solder joint due to repetitive mechanical stress-induced component damage, only when implanted subjectorally with serial number facing the ribs.
- 38. **Transformer** Inability to interrogate, loss of pacing and shock therapy. Failed transformer.
- 39. **Connector block** Connector block can be moved out of alignment or displaced from header. Prolonged implant procedure, high impedance, no pacing, no sensing. Improvement implemented.
- 40. Seal plug— Non-cardiac signals on electrograms may result in loss of pacing or inappropriate shocks. Seal plug allows air in lead port to escape.
- 41. **Difficulty securing lead** Noise, high impedance, inappropriate shocks or loss of therapy due to crossthreaded setscrews, intermittent or lack of contact between lead and header. Improvement implemented.
- 42. Safety Core-electrocautery—During electrocautery, device may enter Safety Core. Circuitry response to noise caused by electrocautery. Improvement implemented.
- 43. High-voltage capacitor— Alert message upon interrogation, extended charge time. Damaged high voltage capacitor.
- 44. Magnet rate—During interrogation, magnet rate remains after removal of magnet. Reed switch stuck in closed position. Improvement implemented.
- 45. **Header contacts** Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shock, high pacing impedance, possible loss of pacing and sensing. Poor header connection with lead terminals due to contacts.
- 46. Safety Core-programming—Device enters Safety Core after three consecutive invalid programming attempts, due to firmware issue. Improvement implemented.
- 47. Low-voltage capacitors— Premature battery depletion, voltage alert during followup, device beeping. Capacitor failure.
- 48. Alert messages not displayed post-EOL—No alert message display after EOL declaration. Improvement implemented.
- 49. Battery status— Longevity remaining, battery status, gas gauge and/or magnet rate do not align or are inconsistent.
- 50. Integrated circuit— Loss of telemetry, premature battery depletion, alert message during followup. Integrated circuit issue. Improvement implemented.
- 51. **Memory errors** Safety mode operation, inaccurately labeled pacing data. Errors in device memory
- 52. High voltage circuit—Alert message after implant, loss of shock therapy. Failed output module.
- 53. Battery—Beeping tones and alert message upon interrogation. Reduced battery voltage. Improvement implemented.
- 54. Low-voltage capacitor— Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance. Improvement implemented.
- 55. Shortened replacement time 2018 November 2018 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature, gradual depletion of battery; in rare instances, rapid depletion with no therapy available. Improvement implemented.
- 56. **Telemetry** Inability to interrogate, premature battery depletion.
- 57. **Unintended Battery Depletion Alert** Beeping tones, Battery Depletion alert during followup despite normal battery depletion. Alert may be cleared without impact to battery status or therapy availability. Improvement implemented.
- 58. High voltage circuit—Long charge time at implant, inability to interrogate, loss of pacing and shock therapy. Improvement implemented.
- 59. Respiratory sensor— Temporary increase or decrease in pacing rate as a result of respiratory sensor response to non-respiratory signals. No loss of pacing output.
- 60. **Titanium case material** Noise, oversensing, abnormal pacing impedance, loss of capture, premature battery depletion. Titanium case material creating a higher than normal current drain condition. Improvement implemented.
- 61. Charge Timeout Alert—Beeping tones, programmer warning screen, abnormal shock impedance. Charge timeout alert.
- 62. **High voltage circuit component** Charge time alert message and/or Elective Replacement indicator (ERI) displayed, beeping tones. High voltage circuit component. Improvement implemented.
- 63. Integrated circuit— Abnormal lead impedance, no telemetry, premature battery depletion. Integrated circuit issue within high-voltage transistor Improvement implemented

- 64. **Safety Core-unintended biventricular pacing** *Dec 2017 Voluntary Physician Advisory*. Device enters Safety Core after detecting unintended asynchronous biventricular pacing due to software issue.
- 65. **Memory corruption** Jun 2017 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Atypical energy delivery, error messages upon interrogation, loss of tachy therapy. Memory corruption. Improvement implemented
- 67. Capacitor— Premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance.
- 68. **Telemetry** Alert message during followup, inability to interrogate, premature battery depletion, loss of pacing therapy. Telemetry component.
- 69. Low-voltage capacitor— Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion.
- 70. **Hydrogen induced premature depletion September 2018 -** September 2018 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance.
- 71. Battery Premature, gradual depletion of battery; in rare instances, rapid depletion with no therapy available. Improvement implemented.
- 72. **Capacitor** Premature battery depletion. Diminished capacitor performance
- 73. Misaligned markers— Stored episode markers do not match recorded EGM.
- 74. **Header** Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, pacing inhibition, high impedance when implanted subcutaneously. Weakened bond between header and titanium case. Improvement Implemented.
- 75. **High voltage capacitor** Charge time alert message, end of life (EOL) indicator displayed, beeping tones. Loss of tachy therapy without loss of brady therapy. Internal high-voltage capacitor issue. Improvement implemented.
- 76. Internal insulation— Beeping tones, loss of telemetry, premature battery depletion, loss of tachy therapy. Internal insulation issue.
- 77. S-ICD battery depletion 2019 and 2020 August 2019 and December 2020 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Diminished capacitor performance.
- 78. **Solder joint** Beeping tones, device errors, loss of tachy therapy. Cracked solder joint.
- 79. Battery cathode— Safety mode operation, inability to interrogate, loss of brady therapy. Internal battery cathode issue.
- 80. **EMBLEM S-ICD electrical overstress 2020—** *December 2020 Voluntary Physician Advisory.* Beeping tones, loss of telemetry, loss of sensing, premature battery depletion, loss of tachy therapy.
- 81. **RF antenna—** Beeping tones, loss of telemetry, loss of sensing, premature battery depletion, loss of tachy therapy. Exposed antenna issue.
- 82. **High battery impedance initiating safety mode 2021—** *June 2021 Voluntary Physician Advisory.* Safety mode operation, system resets. Temporary reduction in battery voltage later in device life.
- 83. Hydrogen induced premature depletion June 2021— June 2021 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance.
- 84. Battery depletion— Beeping tones, device errors, premature battery depletion.
- 85. **Memory corruption** Inability to interrogate, error messages upon interrogation, inappropriate shocks, loss of tachy therapy, and/or inaccurate patient information. Product returned with evidence of transient memory corruption.
- 86. Cracked case— Error messages upon interrogation, inability to interrogate, inappropriate shocks, loss of tachy therapy. Cracked outer case.
- 87. **Header** Inability to interrogate, loss of tachy therapy. Header insulation issue.
- 88. Solder joint— Error messages upon interrogation, low impedance measurements, loss of tachy therapy. Fractured solder joint.
- 89. High battery impedance— Safety mode operation, system resets. Temporary reduction in battery voltage later in device life.

U.S. Reason for Out of Service

As requested by the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines, Boston Scientific provides reasons for device explant or out of service, if known. The reasons consist of normal battery depletion, unconfirmed premature battery depletion, device upgrade, device malfunction (which includes devices under advisory that have experienced a malfunction), complication related to another system component or clinical condition, (such as infection), or "other," a category consisting of patient death, prophylactic device explant, elective replacement, general product dissatisfaction, other observation/complication, unspecified, or unknown.

The counts for normal battery depletion, unconfirmed premature battery depletion, and device malfunction are reflected in the U.S. survival probability data. Reason for device explant or out of service may either be confirmed through laboratory analysis (as in the case of device malfunction) or it may be reported to Boston Scientific with no associated device return or laboratory analysis. Although a device may be indicated by the health care provider to have been taken out of service for more than one reason, the table below indicates only one reason per device in category counts.

| CRT-D/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G 325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548 | 64000 | 58 | 224 | 18 | 741 | 4672 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/ G156/G158 | 74000 | 1141 | 424 | 90 | 1213 | 13404 |
| INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/ N163/N164/N165/P052/P053/P142/P143/ P162/P163/P165 | 53000 | 7528 | 471 | 816 | 939 | 19649 |
| COGNIS N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108 | 75000 | 15458 | 442 | 2108 | 1666 | 39981 |

| CRT-P/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| VISIONIST/VALITUDE U125/U128/U225/U226/U228 | 48000 | 361 | 1046 | 72 | 349 | 6831 |
| INTUA/INVIVE/INLIVEN V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273/V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/ W173 | 10000 | 994 | 223 | 341 | 77 | 4547 |
| CONTAK RENEWAL TR H120/H125 | 19000 | 4319 | 209 | 67 | 208 | 12039 |

| S-ICD/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| EMBLEM S-ICD A209, A219 | 52000 | 709 | 610 | 2960 | 1055 | 5550 |
| SQ-RX S-ICD 1010 | 8000 | 2749 | 227 | 112 | 251 | 1948 |
| ICD/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533 | 39000 | 16 | 756 | 11 | 349 | 1829 |
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532 | 22000 | 9 | 460 | 7 | 204 | 980 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153 | 48000 | 65 | 2123 | 50 | 652 | 5889 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151 | 38000 | 31 | 1922 | 61 | 507 | 4375 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023 | 11000 | 1712 | 435 | 17 | 140 | 1991 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021 | 9000 | 791 | 452 | 11 | 136 | 1610 |
| INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E160/ F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161 | 39000 | 276 | 2419 | 1258 | 569 | 10692 |
| INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163 | 47000 | 1115 | 2730 | 1268 | 706 | 13721 |

| ICD/Model, continued | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| TELIGEN VR E102/E103/F102/F103 | 38000 | 1931 | 1984 | 2391 | 664 | 16979 |
| TELIGEN DR E110/E111/F110/F111 | 66000 | 10339 | 2955 | 3044 | 1149 | 31059 |
| Pacemaker/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR EL L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331 | 147000 | 190 | 3895 | 626 | 736 | 11450 |
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311 | 254000 | 2756 | 6160 | 1351 | 1268 | 33474 |
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310 | 47000 | 248 | 1558 | 387 | 232 | 10140 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/ J174/J177/K174/K177/K184/K187/ J274/J277/K274/K277/K284/K287 | 11000 | 124 | 472 | 69 | 55 | 3082 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/J174/J177/ K174/K177/K184/K187/J274/J277/K274/K277/ K284/K287/J278/J279/K278/K279/K288/K289 | 121000 | 16643 | 3941 | 291 | 564 | 38850 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR J062/J065/K062/K065/K082/K085/ J172/J175/K172/K175/K182/K185/ J272/J275/K272/K275/K282/K285 | 27000 | 318 | 715 | 14 | 110 | 11825 |

| Pacemaker/Model, continued | U.S. Registered Implants | Normal Battery Depletion | Device Upgrade | Device Malfunction ¹ | Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ² | Other ³ |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| ALTRUA 60 SR S601 | 32000 | 3659 | 487 | 30 | 144 | 18691 |
| ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize) s603 | 90000 | 25859 | 1260 | 103 | 470 | 41033 |
| ALTRUA 60 DR S602 | 22000 | 4470 | 488 | 43 | 163 | 10365 |
| ALTRUA 60 DR EL s606 | 59000 | 8865 | 1459 | 82 | 357 | 24799 |
| ALTRUA 40 SR S401 | 5000 | 515 | 55 | 2 | 17 | 3035 |
| ALTRUA 40 DR (downsize) 8403 | 14000 | 4046 | 166 | 5 | 63 | 6907 |
| ALTRUA 40 DR S402 | 2000 | 299 | 33 | 2 | 7 | 971 |
| ALTRUA 40 DR EL s404 | 5000 | 692 | 89 | 6 | 35 | 2573 |
| ALTRUA 20 SR \$201/\$204 | 5000 | 254 | 46 | 3 | 31 | 3017 |
| ALTRUA 20 DR EL S208 | 3000 | 239 | 50 | 6 | 11 | 1698 |

Device malfunction consists of all U.S. confirmed malfunctions for a product/product grouping. These include confirmed malfunctions for advisory populations, as well as any other type of malfunction in which a device was returned and confirmed by laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned.. U.S. confirmed malfunction counts are reflected in U.S. survival probability.

² System component and/or clinical condition complications may include, for example: infection, erosion, lead-to-PG interface.

³ Other consists of: patient death, elective replacement, general product dissatisfaction, other observation/complication, unspecifed, or unknown.

Before/During Implant Procedure - Worldwide Malfunctions: Pulse Generators

This section of the report depicts the number of product malfunctions that occurred worldwide either before implant (prior to opening the sterile product packaging) or during implant (once the sterile product packaging has been opened). In all cases, the product in question must be returned to Boston Scientific CRM and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated or exhibited a problem outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific. Damage incurred during shipping/transit or due to external factors warned against in labeling (e.g. radiation) is not reported as device malfunction here.

The Electrical category is comprised of confirmed malfunctions involving electrical components such as batteries and capacitors, and also includes fault codes encountered at implant. The majority of before/during implant pulse generator confirmed malfunctions in the Mechanical category are issues occurring within the connector block (e.g. stuck setscrews, seal plug/ring issues). The Software category consists primarily of confirmed malfunctions that result in telemetry issues. Confirmed malfunctions in the Labeling and Packaging categories include product labeling/identification issues and damage to sterile packaging, respectively. The Other category is comprised of non-patterned confirmed malfunctions.

| CRT-D/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Electrical | Mechanical | Software | Other | Labeling | Packaging |
|--|---------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D | | | | | | | |
| G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/ G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/ G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548 | 119,000 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| AUTOGEN CRT-D | | | | | | | |
| G160/G161/G164/G166/G168/G172/G173/G175/ G177/G179 | 24,000 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D | | | | | | | |
| G150/G151/G154/G156/G158/G140/G141/ G146/G148/G050/G051/G056/G058 | 126,000 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| | Worldwide | | | | | | |

| CRT-P/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Electrical | Mechanical | Software | Other | Labeling | Packaging |
|---|---------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|
| VISIONIST/VALITUDE U125/U128//U225/U226/U228 | 97,000 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| INTUA/INVIVE/INLIVEN V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273/V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/ W173 | 24,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| CONTAK RENEWAL TR 2 H140/H145 | 31,000 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |

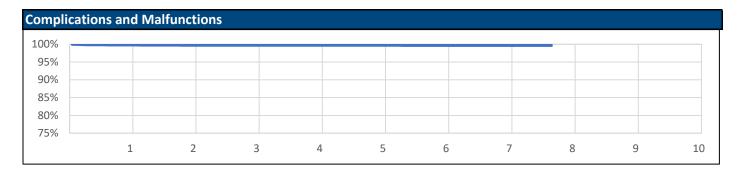
| ICD/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Electrical | Mechanical | Software | Other | Labeling | Packaging |
|--|---------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR | 70,000 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533 | . 0,000 | | | | · | | |
| RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR | 51,000 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532 | 0.,000 | • | | _ | _ | | |
| AUTOGEN ICD EL VR | 17.000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D160/D161/D174/D175 | 17,000 | • | | | Ŭ | | |
| AUTOGEN ICD EL DR | 16,000 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D162/D163/D176/D177 | 10,000 | • | | · | 0 | | |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR | 69,000 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001 | | | | | | | |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR | 77,000 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001 | ,,,,, | - | | | | | |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR | 33,000 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001 | | | | | | | |
| DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR | 31,000 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| D022/D023/D012/D013/D002/D003 | | | | | | | |
| S-ICD/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Electrical | Mechanical | Software | Other | Labeling | Packaging |
| EMBLEM S-ICD A209/A219 | 117,000 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 90 | 0 | 0 |
| SQ-RX S-ICD 1010 | 11,000 | 11 | 0 | 21 | 27 | 0 | 0 |

| Pacemaker/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Electrical | Mechanical | Software | Other | Labeling | Packaging |
|---|---------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR EL J064/K064/K067/K084 | 354,000 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR J064/K064/K067/K084 | 554,000 | 6 | 0 | 14 | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310 | 199,000 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/ J174/J177/K174/K177/K184/K187/ J274/J277/K274/K277/K284/K287 | 76,000 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/J174/J177/ K174/K177/K184/K187/J274/J277/K274/K277/ K284/K287/J278/J279/K278/K279/K288/K289 | 218,000 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR J062/J065/K062/K065/K082/K085/ J172/J175/K172/K175/K182/K185/ J272/J275/K272/K275/K282/K285 | 86,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 |

ACUITY X4 Spiral L

Models: 4677/4678

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 19,000 | US Chronic Complications | 44 |
| US Approval Date: | February 2016 | US Malfunctions: | - |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 16,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 19000 | Effective Sample Size | 14603 | 11238 | 8464 | 5764 | 3331 | 1511 | 316 | 208 | | | |

@ 92 months

ACUITY X4 Spiral L

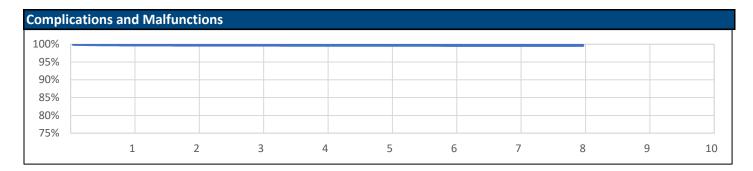
Models: 4677/4678

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 1 45,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 1 | 1 |

ACUITY X4 Spiral S

Models: 4674/4675

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 55,000 | US Chronic Complications | 116 |
| US Approval Date: | February 2016 | US Malfunctions: | 1 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 48,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 55000 | Effective Sample Size | ^e 42164 | 31632 | 22935 | 14908 | 8520 | 3533 | 481 | 205 | | | |

@ 96 months

ACUITY X4 Spiral S

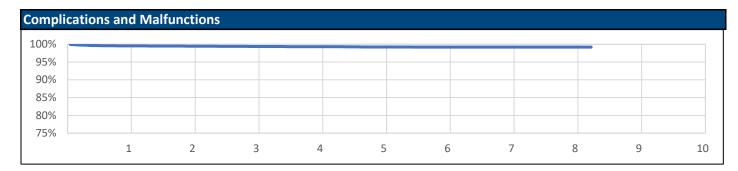
Models: 4674/4675

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1 | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 116,000 | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 1 | 1 |

ACUITY X4 Straight

Models: 4671/4672

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 42,000 | US Chronic Complications | 227 |
| US Approval Date: | February 2016 | US Malfunctions: | 2 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 36,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.5% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.2% | 99.2% | 99.2% | 99.2% | |
| Registered Implants: 42000 | Effective Sample Size | 31812 | 23578 | 16813 | 10739 | 5976 | 2410 | 474 | 261 | 214 | |

@ 99 months

ACUITY X4 Straight

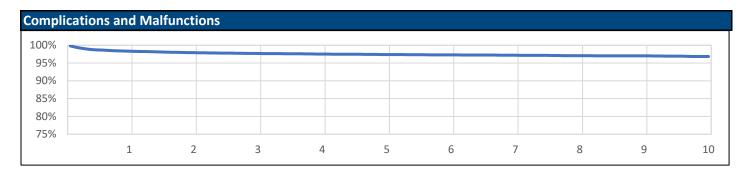
Models: 4671/4672

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 93,000 | 2 | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 2 | 2 |

ACUITY Spiral

Models: 4591/4592/4593

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 24,000 | US Chronic Complications | 580 |
| US Approval Date: | May 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 9 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 12,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 5 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 4 |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 98.3% | 97.9% | 97.7% | 97.5% | 97.4% | 97.3% | 97.2% | 97.1% | 97.0% | 96.8% |
| Registered Implants: 24000 | Effective Sample Size | 20021 | 17769 | 15808 | 14038 | 12391 | 10892 | 9470 | 7820 | 6004 | 4337 |

ACUITY Spiral

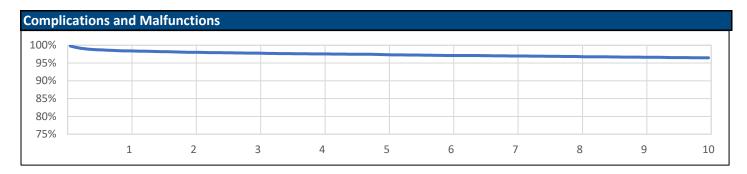
Models: 4591/4592/4593

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 9 46,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Grand Total | 4 | 5 | 9 |

ACUITY Steerable

Models: 4554/4555/4556

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 29,000 | US Chronic Complications | 744 |
| US Approval Date: | May 2008 | US Malfunctions: | 33 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 12,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 12 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 21 |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 98.4% | 98.0% | 97.8% | 97.6% | 97.4% | 97.1% | 97.0% | 96.8% | 96.6% | 96.5% |
| Registered Implants: 29000 | Effective Sample Size | 24528 | 21925 | 19650 | 17636 | 15826 | 14158 | 12537 | 10764 | 8651 | 6672 |

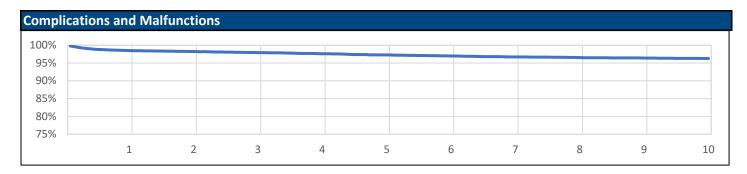
ACUITY Steerable

Models: 4554/4555/4556

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 57 65,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Extracardiac fracture (34) Other | 28 | 8 | 36 |
| Non-patterned, other | 10 | 11 | 21 |
| Grand Total | 38 | 19 | 57 |

Models: 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 22,000 | US Chronic Complications | 569 |
| US Approval Date: | August 2004 | US Malfunctions: | 32 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 7,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 9 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 23 |



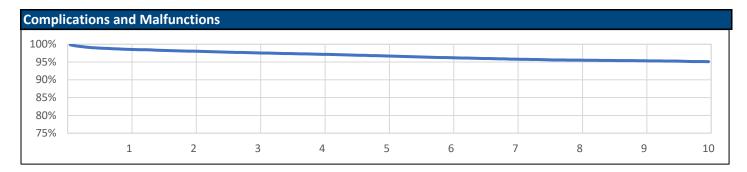
| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 98.5% | 98.2% | 97.9% | 97.6% | 97.3% | 97.0% | 96.7% | 96.5% | 96.4% | 96.3% |
| Registered Implants: 22000 | Effective Sample Size | 18409 | 16438 | 14718 | 13160 | 11747 | 10482 | 9314 | 8070 | 6667 | 5320 |

Models: 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 52 43,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Extracardiac fracture (34) Other | 28 | 6 | 34 |
| Non-patterned, other | 7 | 11 | 18 |
| Grand Total | 35 | 17 | 52 |

Models: 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 97,000 | US Chronic Complications | 2,976 |
| US Approval Date: | August 2004 | US Malfunctions: | 408 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 32,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 149 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 259 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 98.6% | 98.0% | 97.6% | 97.2% | 96.7% | 96.2% | 95.8% | 95.5% | 95.4% | 95.1% |
| Registered Implants: 97000 | Effective Sample Size | 82250 | 73299 | 65439 | 58477 | 52158 | 46362 | 40942 | 35209 | 29285 | 23813 |

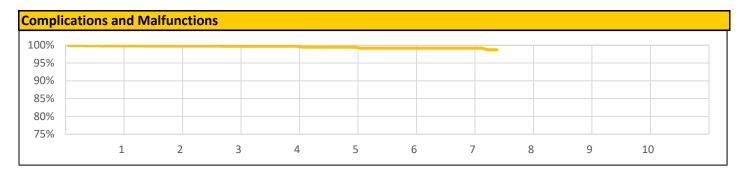
Models: 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 551 | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Worldwide Distribution | 180,000 | | | | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total | | | |
| Conductor | | | | | | |
| Conductor fracture (25) Other | 329 | 149 | 478 | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 39 | 34 | 73 | | | |
| Grand Total | 368 | 183 | 551 | | | |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 10,000 | US Chronic Complications | 23 |
| US Approval Date: | May 2018 | US Malfunctions: | - |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 9,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| US Survival Probabi | JS Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.2% | 99.2% | 98.7% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 10000 | Effective Sample Size | 6674 | 4003 | 1873 | 424 | 337 | 300 | 259 | 200 | | | |

@ 89 months

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | Ę | 5 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 29,000 |) | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 5 | 0 | 5 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Passive Fixation

Models: 0636/0651/0655/0665/0685/0686

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | C |) | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 1,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0657/0672/0673/0692/0693

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 67,000 | US Chronic Complications | 172 | |
| US Approval Date: | May 2018 | US Malfunctions: | 13 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 62,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 12 | |

| Complica | ations and | d Malfunct | tions | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------|------------|-------|-----|-----|---|-----|---|---|----|
| 100% - | | | | | | | | | | |
| 95% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75% | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | . 2 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 1 5 | 6 | 5 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |

| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.3% | 99.3% | 99.3% | 99.3% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 67000 | Effective Sample Size | 44101 | 25371 | 11184 | 1329 | 837 | 750 | 652 | 233 | | | |

@ 96 months

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0652/ 0657/0672/0673/0692/0693

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 75 | 5 | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 213,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor cable fracture (38) Other | 24 | 0 | 24 |
| Non-patterned, other | 45 | 6 | 51 |
| Grand Total | 69 | 6 | 75 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Passive Fixation

Models: 0650/0654/0662/0663/0682/0683

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|---|
| US Registered Implants: | 1,000 | US Chronic Complications | 1 |
| US Approval Date: | May 2018 | US Malfunctions: | - |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 1,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |

| Complication | s and M | alfunctions | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 100% | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 95% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7370 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |

| US Survival Probab | ility | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.9% | 99.9% | | | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: 1000 | Effective Sample Size | 676 | 380 | 207 | | | | | | | | @ |

32 months

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Passive Fixation

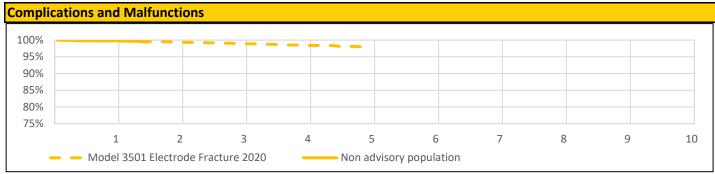
Models: 0650/0654/0662/0663/0682/0683

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 1 | L | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 7,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor cable fracture (38) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Grand Total | 1 | 0 | 1 |

EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3501

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 28,000 | US Chronic Complications | 155 | |
| US Approval Date: | September 2017 | US Malfunctions: | 55 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 25,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 54 | |



| US Survival Probabi | ility | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non advisory population | Complications and Malfunctions 99.8% | 99.5% | | | | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: 4000 | Effective Sample Size 2420 | 256 | | | | | | | | | |

^{*}Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3501

| US Survival Probabi | lity (cont.) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Model 3501 Electrode Fracture 2020 | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.4% | 98.9% | 98.4% | 98.0% | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: 21000 | Effective Sample Size | 17548 | 13912 | 8543 | 3646 | 255 | | | | | | |

@ 60 months

EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode

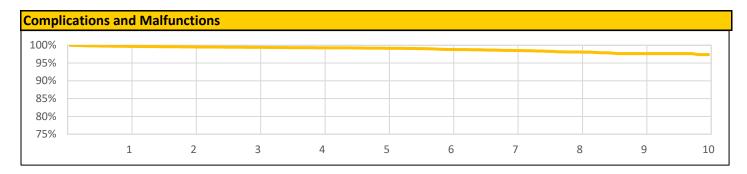
Models: 3501

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 148 | 3 | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 71,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Model 3501 electrode fracture 2020 (42) | 67 | 1 | 68 |
| Electrode conductor fracture in or near the | 72 | 3 | 75 |
| pocket (44) | | | |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 144 | 4 | 148 |

EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3010/3401

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 24,000 | US Chronic Complications | 202 |
| US Approval Date: | September 2012 | US Malfunctions: | 24 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 18,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 22 |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 98.8% | 98.5% | 98.1% | 97.7% | 97.4% |
| Registered Implants: 24000 | Effective Sample Size | 21032 | 18700 | 16642 | 14748 | 12458 | 7883 | 4227 | 1706 | 458 | 278 |

EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode

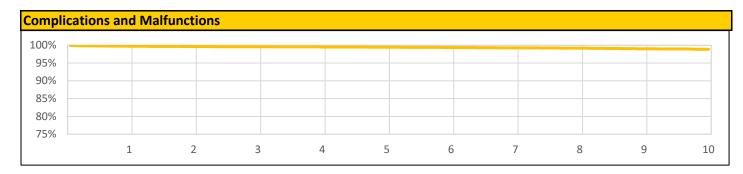
Models: 3010/3401

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 69 |) | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 43,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Electrode conductor fracture in or near the pocket (44) Crimp/Weld/Bond | 30 | 3 | 33 |
| Weld fracture (37) Other | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Non-patterned, other | 26 | 7 | 33 |
| Grand Total | 59 | 10 | 69 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0275/0276/0295/0296

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 77,000 | US Chronic Complications | 421 |
| US Approval Date: | November 2010 | US Malfunctions: | 31 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 57,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 6 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 25 |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.0% | 98.9% |
| Registered Implants: 77000 | Effective Sample Size | 68032 | 60509 | 53339 | 45679 | 37134 | 29639 | 22680 | 16109 | 9929 | 4087 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Active Fixation

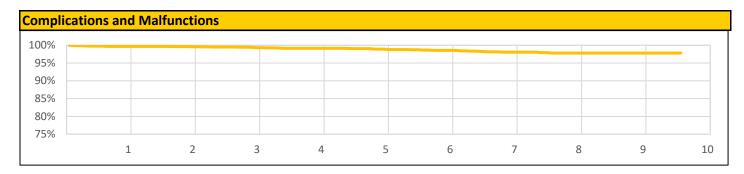
Models: 0275/0276/0295/0296

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 67 | <u>'</u> | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 126,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Other | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Non-patterned, other | 51 | 13 | 64 |
| Grand Total | 54 | 13 | 67 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0265/0266/0285/0286

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 3,000 | US Chronic Complications | 38 |
| US Approval Date: | Novemeber 2010 | US Malfunctions: | 2 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 3,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 2 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| US Survival Probabi | ility | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.3% | 99.1% | 98.9% | 98.6% | 98.0% | 97.8% | 97.8% | 97.8% | |
| Registered Implants: 3000 | Effective Sample Size | 2972 | 2634 | 2296 | 1938 | 1572 | 1257 | 944 | 649 | 346 | 212 | 0 |

@ 115 month

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

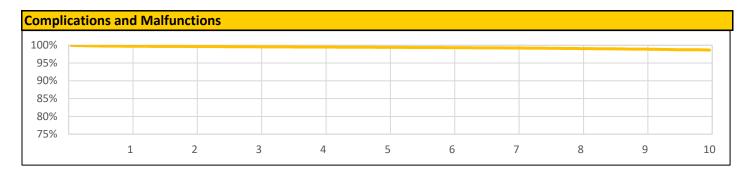
Models: 0265/0266/0285/0286

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 3 | 3 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 11,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 3 | 3 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0272/0273/0292/0293

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 119,000 | US Chronic Complications | 628 |
| US Approval Date: | November 2010 | US Malfunctions: | 49 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 96,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 10 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 39 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.1% | 98.9% | 98.7% |
| Registered Implants: 119000 | Effective Sample Size | 105414 | 94369 | 83881 | 70902 | 49715 | 33899 | 21824 | 12566 | 6079 | 2084 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Active Fixation

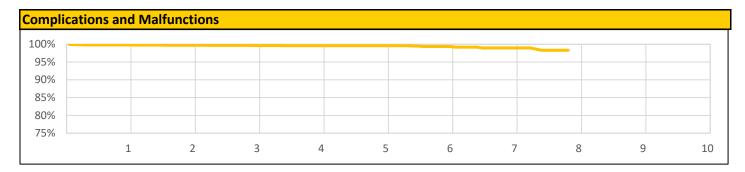
Models: 0272/0273/0292/0293

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 94 216,00 0 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Other | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Non-patterned, other | 68 | 16 | 84 |
| Grand Total | 78 | 16 | 94 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0262/0263/0282/0283

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 20,000 | US Chronic Complications | 56 |
| US Approval Date: | November 2010 | US Malfunctions: | 4 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 19,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 4 |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.6% | 99.6% | 99.3% | 99.0% | 98.3% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 20000 | Effective Sample Size | 14337 | 9015 | 4714 | 1379 | 949 | 609 | 360 | 209 | | | |

@ 94 months

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Passive Fixation

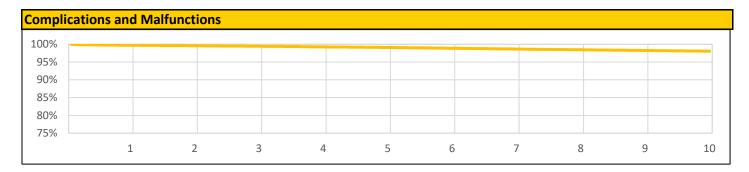
Models: 0262/0263/0282/0283

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 8 | <mark>3</mark> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 6,000 | <mark>)</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| Grand Total | 7 | 1 | 8 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0166/0167/0184/0185/0186/0187

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 287,000 | US Chronic Complications | 3,708 |
| US Approval Date: | July 2002 | US Malfunctions: | 391 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 105,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 124 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 267 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.1% | 98.9% | 98.6% | 98.5% | 98.2% | 98.0% |
| Registered Implants: 287000 | Effective Sample Size | 252181 | 226374 | 203323 | 182467 | 163625 | 146527 | 131004 | 116859 | 103862 | 91568 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0166/0167/0184/0185/0186/0187

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 592 382,000 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Crimp/Weld/Bond | 106 | 0 | 106 |
| Seal rings (5) Other | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Non-patterned, other | 277 | 205 | 482 |

385

592

207

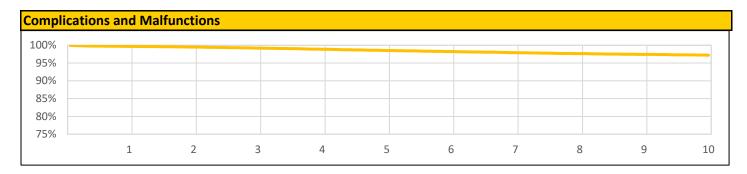
References cited in table above (link)

Grand Total

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 47,000 | US Chronic Complications | 909 | |
| US Approval Date: | October 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 63 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 13,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 15 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 48 | |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.2% | 98.9% | 98.5% | 98.2% | 97.9% | 97.7% | 97.4% | 97.2% |
| Registered Implants: 47000 | Effective Sample Size | 40544 | 36384 | 32643 | 29234 | 26162 | 23416 | 20937 | 18695 | 16692 | 14771 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 168 109,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Crimp/Weld/Bond | 20 | 0 | 20 |
| Conductor connection (36) Other | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Non-patterned, other | 88 | 56 | 144 |
| Manufacturing material (6) | 1 | 0 | 1 |

112

56

168

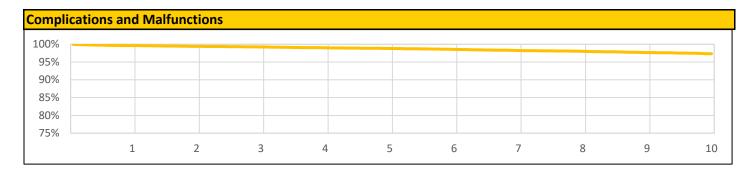
References cited in table above (link)

Grand Total

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 34,000 | US Chronic Complications | 493 |
| US Approval Date: | October 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 88 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 20,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 24 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 64 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.6% | 99.4% | 99.2% | 99.0% | 98.8% | 98.6% | 98.2% | 98.0% | 97.7% | 97.3% |
| Registered Implants: 34000 | Effective Sample Size | 29693 | 26298 | 23307 | 20580 | 18140 | 15902 | 13744 | 11489 | 9330 | 7303 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Active Fixation

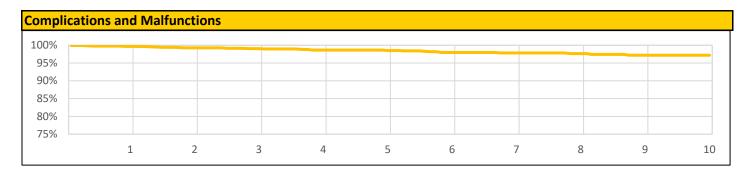
Models: 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 212 | 2 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 79,000 |) | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Other | 62 | 1 | 63 |
| Non-patterned, other | 91 | 58 | 149 |
| Grand Total | 153 | 59 | 212 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 2,000 | US Chronic Complications | 36 |
| US Approval Date: | October 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 4 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 1,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 1 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 3 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.3% | 99.1% | 98.6% | 98.5% | 98.0% | 97.8% | 97.6% | 97.2% | 97.2% |
| Registered Implants: 2000 | Effective Sample Size | 1553 | 1387 | 1229 | 1089 | 964 | 833 | 679 | 506 | 373 | 228 |

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Passive Fixation

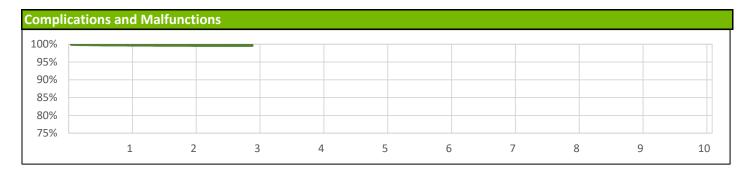
Models: 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 20 | <mark>O</mark> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 8,000 | <mark>0</mark> | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Conductor fracture (24) Other | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Non-patterned, other | 9 | 8 | 17 |
| Grand Total | 12 | 8 | 20 |

INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation

Models: 7840/7841/7842

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 246,000 | US Chronic Complications | 456 |
| US Approval Date: | December 2019 | US Malfunctions: | 54 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 233,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 30 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 24 |



| US Survival Probabil | lity | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and 99.8% Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.7% | | | | | | | |
| Registered Implants: 246000 | Effective Sample Size 135769 | 46363 | 512 | | | | | | | |

35 months

INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation

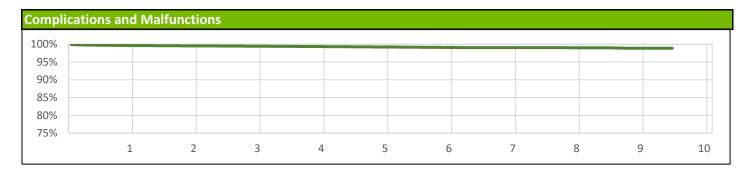
Models: 7840/7841/7842

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 59 364,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Extracardiac fracture (41) Other | 6 | 16 | 22 |
| Non-patterned, other | 19 | 18 | 37 |
| Grand Total | 25 | 34 | 59 |

INGEVITY Positive Fixation

Models: 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 365,000 | US Chronic Complications | 1,893 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2016 | US Malfunctions: | 300 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 306,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 167 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 133 |



| US Survival Probabil | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.1% | 99.1% | 99.0% | 98.9% | 98.9% |
| Registered Implants: 365000 | Effective Sample Size | 322001 | 288373 | 239295 | 155426 | 85709 | 28408 | 2028 | 1818 | 1583 | 1471 |

@ 114 months

INGEVITY Positive Fixation

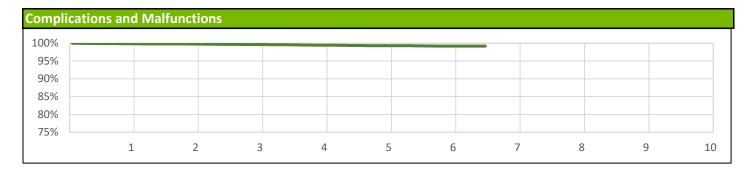
Models: 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 452 1,080,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Inner conductor break (39) | 9 | 7 | 16 |
| Extracardiac fracture (41) | 112 | 143 | 255 |
| Other | | | |
| Insulation (43) | 2 | 19 | 21 |
| Non-patterned, other | 72 | 88 | 160 |
| Grand Total | 195 | 257 | 452 |

INGEVITY Passive Fixation

Models: 7631/7632/7731/7732

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 27,000 | US Chronic Complications | 82 | |
| US Approval Date: | April 2016 | US Malfunctions: | 15 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 23,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 3 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 12 | |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|----|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.9% | 99.8% | 99.6% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.2% | | | |
| Registered Implants: 27000 | Effective Sample Size | 21146 | 15996 | 11835 | 7755 | 4310 | 1463 | 254 | | | |

@ 78 months

INGEVITY Passive Fixation

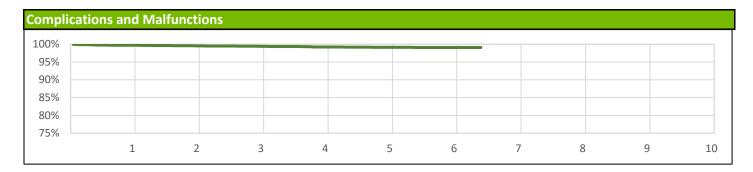
Models: 7631/7632/7731/7732

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 20 122,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Extracardiac fracture (41) | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Other | | | |
| Insulation (43) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Non-patterned, other | 11 | 2 | 13 |
| Grand Total | 17 | 3 | 20 |

INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation

Models: 7635/7636/7735/7736

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|----|
| US Registered Implants: | 15,000 | US Chronic Complications | 74 |
| US Approval Date: | April 2016 | US Malfunctions: | 8 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 14,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 8 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | - |



| US Survival Probabi | lity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|----|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.2% | 99.1% | 99.1% | 99.1% | | | | |
| Registered Implants: 15000 | Effective Sample Size | e 12184 | 9234 | 6816 | 4463 | 2413 | 786 | 250 | | | | |

@ 77 months

INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation

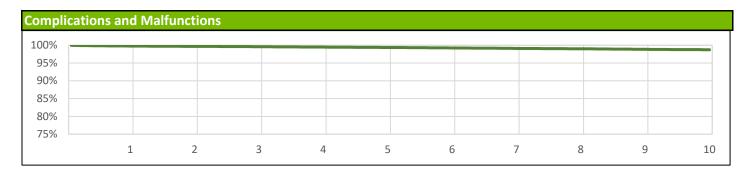
Models: 7635/7636/7735/7736

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 1! 111,000 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Extracardiac fracture (41) Crimp/Weld/Bond | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Weld (40) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | | | |
| Non-patterned, other | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 0 | 15 | 15 |

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 514,000 | US Chronic Complications | 3,847 |
| US Approval Date: | January 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 169 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 254,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 51 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 118 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.8% | 99.7% | 99.6% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.2% | 99.1% | 99.0% | 98.9% | 98.7% |
| Registered Implants: 514000 | Effective Sample Size | 446517 | 393851 | 347033 | 302919 | 263720 | 229237 | 196283 | 163262 | 133668 | 107791 |

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Polyurethane)

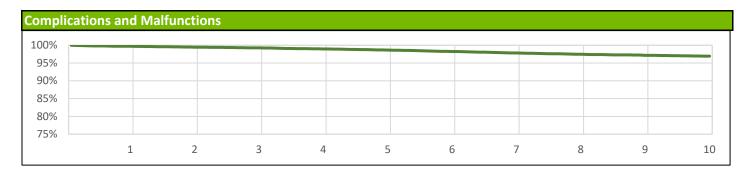
Models: 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 202 812,000 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Lead conductor (7) Crimp/Weld/Bond | 66 | 18 | 84 |
| Terminal weld (23) Other | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Lead body (4) | 71 | 30 | 101 |
| Non-patterned, other | 8 | 8 | 16 |
| Grand Total | 146 | 56 | 202 |

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 53,000 | US Chronic Complications | 934 | |
| US Approval Date: | January 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 158 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 19,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 42 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 116 | |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.3% | 99.0% | 98.7% | 98.3% | 97.8% | 97.5% | 97.2% | 96.9% |
| Registered Implants: 53000 | Effective Sample Size | 46349 | 41585 | 37205 | 33167 | 29543 | 26221 | 22892 | 19601 | 16604 | 13889 |

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Silicone)

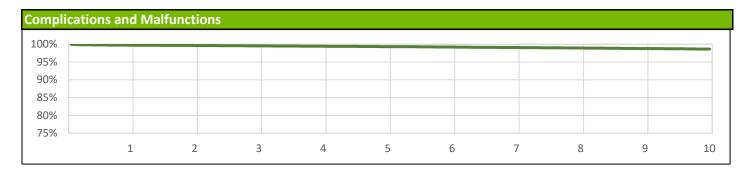
Models: 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 198 | 3 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 144,000 | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Lead conductor (7) | 90 | 13 | 103 |
| Other | | | |
| Conductor damage (32) | 55 | 26 | 81 |
| Lead body (4) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Non-patterned, other | 4 | 9 | 13 |
| Grand Total | 149 | 49 | 198 |

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4452/4453/4456/4457

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------|
| US Registered Implants: | 197,000 | US Chronic Complications | 1,662 |
| US Approval Date: | January 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 47 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 74,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 3 |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 44 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.7% | 99.7% | 99.5% | 99.4% | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.1% | 98.9% | 98.8% | 98.7% | |
| Registered Implants: 197000 | Effective Sample Size | 170222 | 151900 | 135473 | 120387 | 106770 | 94439 | 82121 | 69344 | 57655 | 47366 | |

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Polyurethane)

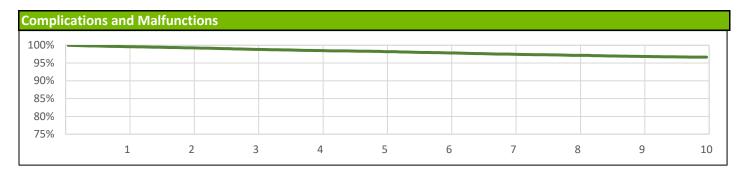
Models: 4452/4453/4456/4457

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions | 70 | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Worldwide Distribution | 555,000 | | |
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Lead conductor (7) | 20 | 0 | 20 |
| Other | | | |
| Lead body (4) | 41 | 3 | 44 |
| Non-patterned, other | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Grand Total | 66 | 4 | 70 |

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4454/4455/4458/4459

| US Summary | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|
| US Registered Implants: | 14,000 | US Chronic Complications | 319 |
| US Approval Date: | January 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 23 |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 4,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | - |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 23 |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.6% | 99.3% | 98.8% | 98.5% | 98.2% | 97.8% | 97.5% | 97.1% | 96.8% | 96.7% | |
| Registered Implants: 14000 | Effective Sample Size | 12302 | 11019 | 9816 | 8716 | 7756 | 6874 | 6055 | 5281 | 4572 | 3936 | |

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Silicone)

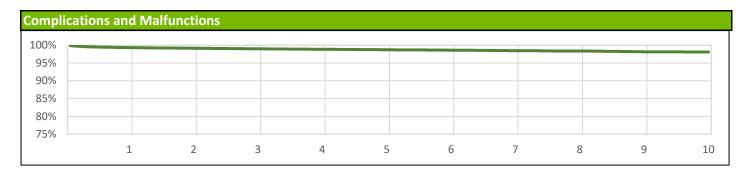
Models: 4454/4455/4458/4459

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 60 105,000 | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Lead conductor (7) Other | 20 | 0 | 20 |
| Conductor damage (32) | 35 | 3 | 38 |
| Non-patterned, other | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Grand Total | 57 | 3 | 60 |

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Atrial J (Polyurethane)

Models: 4477/4478/4479/4480

| US Summary | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|--|
| US Registered Implants: | 63,000 | US Chronic Complications | 845 | |
| US Approval Date: | January 2000 | US Malfunctions: | 39 | |
| US Estimated Active Implants: | 26,000 | Without Compromised Therapy: | 20 | |
| | | With Compromised Therapy: | 19 | |



| US Survival Probability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Year | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| Non-Advisory Population | Complications and Malfunctions | 99.3% | 99.2% | 99.0% | 98.9% | 98.7% | 98.6% | 98.5% | 98.4% | 98.2% | 98.1% | |
| Registered Implants: 63000 | Effective Sample Size | 55047 | 49298 | 44176 | 39518 | 35232 | 31252 | 27118 | 22809 | 18882 | 15384 | |

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Atrial J (Polyurethane)

Models: 4477/4478/4479/4480

| Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution | 79 325,000 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | With Compromised Therapy | Without Compromised Therapy | Total |
| Conductor | | | |
| Lead conductor (7) | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| Other | | | |
| J-shape (22) | 26 | 30 | 56 |
| Lead body (4) | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| Non-patterned, other | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 42 | 37 | 79 |

Confirmed Malfunction Details: Leads References

Descriptions listed below provide an overview of the clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each confirmed lead malfunction pattern listed in this report. All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, changes have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. "Improvements implemented" may include product design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing process modifications, educational communications, labeling changes, etc. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

- IS-1 terminal pin— Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity if lead is bent sharply away from the header block when placed in implant pocket or if pulse generator migrates from implant site. Improvement implemented.
- 2. Inner insulation abrasion—Loss of capture, decreasing impedance, increased pacing thresholds, noisy signals, oversensing. Abrasion of inner insulation.
- 3. **Terminal leg insulation** Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation therapy. Abraded insulation on terminal leg portion of lead due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-can contact. Improvement implemented.
- 4. **Lead body** Insulation abrasion due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-can contact combined with damage attributed to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle-first rib entrapment. Damage to lead body may expose conductor.
- 5. **Seal rings** Insertion difficulty at implant, difficulty removing lead from header post-implant. Proximal silicone seal rings not fully adhered to lead terminal. Improvement implemented.
- 6. Manufacturing material—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, noisy signals. Manufacturing material embedded in lead body.
- 7. **Lead conductor**—Loss of capture, inability to deliver therapy. Fatique of lead conductor due to repeated flexing.
- 8. Lead body— Lead fracture, inappropriate shocks, oversensing. Insulation damage resulting from implant stresses or manufacturing variability.
- 9. Lead conductor— Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Physical damage to lead body due to repeated flexing.
- 10. Lead connector— Insulation damage resulting from bending or tension at the terminal connector. May lead to inappropriate shocks, oversensing.
- 11. **Lead conductor** Physical damage to lead conductor, inappropriate shocks, oversensing. Displacement of yoke component may lead to fatigue of high-voltage lead conductor. Improvement implemented.
- 12. Conductor connection—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Improper conductor wire connection, Improvement implemented.
- 13. **Serial number label**—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Sharp edge in serial number label resulting in breach in outer lead insulation, Improvement implemented.
- 14. **Terminal component** Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, terminal pin separation from terminal ring during implant or ICD replacement. Improvement implemented.
- 15. **Electrode tip** Separation between electrode tip and lead body.
- 16. Lead body. Physical damage to lead body, inappropriate shocks. Abraded insulation due to contact with patient anatomy.
- 17. **DF-1 terminal pin** Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity from sharp or excessive bending. Improvement implemented.
- 18. Yoke component—Noise, impedance anomalies, threshold variation. Use of multiple or pre-formed stylets may cause component within lead yoke to dislodge. Improvement implemented.
- 19. **Lead conductor** Muscle stimulation, inappropriate shocks, oversensing, high pacing impedance, inability to deliver therapy. Repeated flexing leading to fatigue of lead conductor.
- 20. **Serial number label** Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Broken serial number label due to either sharp bend away from header at implant or repetitive movement during implant
- 21. **IS-1 terminal pin** Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity if lead is bent sharply away from the header block when placed in implant pocket or if pulse generator migrates from implant site. Improvement implemented.
- 22. J-shape— Placement difficulty, dislodgement. Elevated temperatures resulting in a relaxation of pre-formed J-shape. Improvement implemented.
- 23. Terminal weld— Impedance rise, loss of pacing. Loss of connection on terminal weld. Improvement implemented.
- 24. Conductor fracture— High impedance, loss of capture, loss of pacing, inappropriate shocks. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of pace/sense conductor.
- 25. Conductor fracture— High impedance, loss of LV capture, loss of LV pacing. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of conductor.
- 26. Non-patterned, Other— Confirmed malfunction for which the root cause does not fit within other categories and is not associated with other malfunctions, or has not yet been identified
- 32. **Conductor damage** Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, possible loss of therapy. Conductor damage attributed to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle-first rib entrapment.
- 33. **Insulation damage** Low pacing impedance, noise, possible loss of therapy. Insulation abrasion due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-can contact, or due to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle first rib entrapment. Damage to lead body may expose conductor.

- 34. Extracardiac fracture— High impedance, loss of LV capture, loss of LV pacing. Flex fatigue near suture sleeve, not including clavicle-first rib damage, leading to discontinuity of conductor.
- 35. Lead conductor— High impedance, loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Variability in wire conductor material. Improvement implemented.
- 36. Conductor connection—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Improper conductor wire connection. Improvement implemented.
- 37. Weld fracture— Noise, loss of sensing. Fractured weld.
- 38. Conductor cable fracture— High impedance, potential loss of pacing and defibrillation therapy. Fractured high voltage cable. Improvement implemented.
- 39. Inner conductor break— High impedance, loss of capture, loss of sensing. Inner conductor break. Commonly associated with helix extension/retraction difficulties at implant.
- 40. Weld— Out of range impedance measurements, noise, oversensing. Incomplete weld.
- 41. Extracardiac fracture— High impedance, noise, oversensing, loss of capture, loss of pacing. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of outer conductor.
- 42. **Model 3501 electrode fracture 2020** December 2020 Voluntary Physician Advisory. High shock impedance, loss of tachy therapy. Fractured electrode conductor immediately distal to the proximal sense electrode. Note: per ISO 5841-2:2(E), only returned and confirmed failures are included in this table. All failures associated with this pattern including reports that are not returned are included in rate calculations and projections updated in the advisory section.
- 43. **Insulation** High pacing impedance, noise, undersensing. Insulation issue.
- 44. **Electrode conductor fracture in or near pocket** High shock impedance, loss of tachy therapy. Fractured electrode conductor proximal to the proximal sense electrode.

U.S. Chronic Lead Complications (Occurring After the First Month of Service)

Boston Scientific strives to provide meaningful detail in describing the performance of our products. U.S. Chronic Lead Complications are reported in compliance with ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E), Reporting of Clinical Performance of Populations of Pulse Generators or Leads. To be included in the Chronic Lead Complications table, a lead must be successfully implanted, with clinical observations (as listed in the table) occurring after the first month of implant, and have been removed from service surgically or electronically. The lead either was not returned for analysis, or was returned but had no confirmation of a malfunction.

While multiple complications are possible for any given lead, only one complication is reported per lead. The complication reported is determined by an observation hierarchy, indicated by the order of the categories from left to right in the table. The number of U.S. Registered Implants is also provided as context for the data. Chronic Lead Complications are included in the calculation of survival probability.

| Pacing Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation | 173,000 | 67 | 58 | 245 | 47 | 15 | 9 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 2 |
| 7840/7841/7842 | | O1 | | 240 | 71 | 10 | <u> </u> | ' | 12 | | |
| INGEVITY Positive Fixation | 365,000 | 148 | 578 | 580 | 239 | 109 | 28 | 47 | 139 | 0 | 25 |
| 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742 | | 140 | 070 | 000 | 200 | 100 | 20 | 71 | 100 | | 20 |
| INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation | 14,000 | 0 | 18 | 35 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 7635/7636/7735/7736 | | · · | 10 | 33 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| INGEVITY Passive Fixation | 25,000 | 1 | 23 | 15 | 19 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 7631/7632/7731/7732 | | ' | 20 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 3 | ' | 1-7 | 0 | 0 |
| FINELINE II ; Passive Fixation (poly) | 196,000 | 5 | 491 | 249 | 300 | 78 | 35 | 216 | 269 | 0 | 19 |
| 4452/4453/4456/4457 | | • | 401 | 240 | | 70 | | 210 | 200 | | 10 |
| FINELINE II EZ; Positive Fixation (poly) | 507,000 | 25 | 827 | 906 | 530 | 209 | 156 | 612 | 551 | 0 | 31 |
| 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FINELINE II Atrial J (poly) | 63,000 | 1 | 127 | 369 | 140 | 31 | 34 | 81 | 54 | 0 | 8 |
| 4477/4478/4479/4480 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II; Passive Fixation (silicone) | 14,000 | 2 | 126 | 20 | 72 | 30 | 5 | 24 | 39 | 0 | 1 |
| 4454/4455/4458/4459 | | 2 | 120 | 20 | 12 | 30 | 3 | 24 | 33 | O | |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ; Positive | 53,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixation (silicone) | 55,000 | 0 | 316 | 97 | 122 | 110 | 25 | 107 | 154 | 0 | 3 |
| 4466/4467/4468/4472/5573/4474 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CRT Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
| ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678 | 17,000 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675 | 49,000 | 1 | 2 | 83 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 18 |

| CRT Leads/Model (cont.) | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ACUITY X4 Straight 4671/4672 | 38,000 | 1 | 1 | 141 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 54 |
| ACUITY Steerable 4554/4555/4556 | 29,000 | 4 | 43 | 463 | 68 | 6 | 2 | 18 | 42 | 0 | 98 |
| ACUITY Spiral 4591/4592/4593 | 24,000 | 0 | 26 | 343 | 55 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 138 |
| EASYTRAK 3 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550 | 22,000 | 2 | 46 | 315 | 64 | 5 | 2 | 16 | 24 | 0 | 95 |
| EASYTRAK 2 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544 | 97,000 | 1 | 437 | 1374 | 389 | 15 | 8 | 119 | 185 | 0 | 448 |
| EASYTRAK 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/ 4537/4538 | 38,000 | 2 | 92 | 489 | 150 | 4 | 1 | 77 | 53 | 0 | 269 |
| Defibrillation Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation 0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693 | 54,000 | 23 | 21 | 83 | 13 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 3 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696 | 8,000 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0275/0276/0295/0296 | 77,000 | 23 | 59 | 122 | 36 | 78 | 14 | 14 | 27 | 41 | 7 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0285/0286 | 3,000 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 1 | 1 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0292/0293 | 133,000 | 36 | 85 | 212 | 66 | 106 | 26 | 17 | 50 | 55 | 12 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0282/0283 | 3,000 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ 0184/0185/0186/0187 | 287,000 | 34 | 792 | 435 | 244 | 900 | 103 | 169 | 465 | 536 | 30 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177 | 47,000 | 6 | 157 | 76 | 86 | 160 | 13 | 48 | 273 | 83 | 7 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182 | 34,000 | 14 | 112 | 63 | 38 | 87 | 4 | 9 | 59 | 103 | 4 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173 | 2,000 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 0 |

| S-ICD Electrodes/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Perforation | Conductor fracture | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501 | 24,000 | 0 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 128 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010, 3401 | 24,000 | 0 | 4 | 22 | 0 | 146 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 10 | |

U.S. Acute Lead Observations

Boston Scientific strives to provide meaningful detail reflective of real-world product experience. In the first weeks following lead implantation, physiologic responses and lead performance can vary until chronic lead stability is attained. Acute lead performance may be subject to a number of factors, including patient-specific anatomy, clinical conditions and/or varying implant conditions/techniques.

Because acute implant time contributes to overall clinical experience. Boston Scientific provides specific information regarding acute lead performance. To be included in the Acute Lead Observations table, a lead must first be successfully implanted, with clinical observations occurring within the first month of implant. These reports may or may not have resulted in clinical action and/or product return to Boston Scientific. The categories are consistent with the AdvaMed guidance for *Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads*. Although multiple observations are possible for any given lead, only one observation is reported per lead. The observation reported is determined by an observation hierarchy, indicated by the order of the categories from left to right in the table. The number of U.S. Registered Implants is also provided as context for the data. Acute Lead Observations are not included in calculation of lead survival probability.

| Pacing Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation 7840/7841/7842 | 246,000 | 285 | 33 | 644 | 130 | 36 | 38 | 3 | 22 | 0 | 5 |
| INGEVITY Positive Fixation 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742 | 365,000 | 457 | 421 | 944 | 220 | 77 | 50 | 8 | 51 | 0 | 31 |
| INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation 7635/7636/7735/7736 | 15,000 | 1 | 0 | 36 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| INGEVITY Passive Fixation 7631/7632/7731/7732 | 27,000 | 1 | 0 | 40 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FINELINE II; Passive Fixation (poly) 4452/4453/4456/4457 | 197,000 | 9 | 11 | 402 | 102 | 7 | 12 | 16 | 15 | 0 | 10 |
| FINELINE II Atrial J (poly) 4477/4478/4479/4480 | 63,000 | 0 | 10 | 396 | 51 | 2 | 16 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 5 |
| FINELINE II EZ; Positive Fixation (poly) 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471 | 514,000 | 56 | 49 | 702 | 146 | 88 | 67 | 29 | 80 | 0 | 26 |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II ; Passive Fixation (silicone) 4454/4455/4458/4459 | 14,000 | 0 | 1 | 28 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ; Positive Fixation (silicone) 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474 | 53,000 | 2 | 13 | 90 | 13 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 3 |

| CRT Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678 | 19,000 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 37 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 21 |
| ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675 | 55,000 | 0 | 2 | 68 | 49 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 56 |

| CRT Leads/Model (cont.) | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ACUITY X4 Straight | 42,000 | 2 | 0 | 146 | 35 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 60 |
| 4671/4672 | 42,000 | 2 | 0 | 140 | 33 | 0 | Į. | 0 | 13 | 0 | 00 |
| ACUITY Steerable | 29,000 | 1 | 1 | 291 | 22 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 21 | 0 | 162 |
| 4554/4555/4556 | 29,000 | Į. | ' | 291 | 22 | 13 | Į. | ' | 21 | 0 | 102 |
| ACUITY Spiral | 24,000 | 1 | 2 | 172 | 29 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 167 |
| 4591/4592/4593 | 24,000 | ı | 2 | 172 | 29 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 9 | U | 107 |
| EASYTRAK 3 | 22,000 | 0 | 1 | 240 | 23 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 17 | 0 | 128 |
| 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550 | 22,000 | U | 1 | 240 | 23 | 0 | Į. | 3 | 17 | U | 120 |
| EASYTRAK 2 | 97,000 | 7 | 4 | 806 | 84 | 30 | 4 | 14 | 64 | 0 | 512 |
| 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544 | 97,000 | , | 4 | 800 | 04 | 30 | 4 | 14 | 04 | U | 312 |
| EASYTRAK 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/ 4537/4538 | 38,000 | 4 | 4 | 168 | 24 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 0 | 141 |
| Defibrillation Leads/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Cardiac Perforation | Conductor fracture/ helix damage | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal pacing impedance | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single | | | аатадо | | | | | | ппроцинос | ппроцинос | |
| Coil Active Fixation | 67,000 | 55 | 11 | 136 | 20 | 15 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 3 |
| 0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coil Active Fixation | 10,000 | 8 | 1 | 20 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Dual Coil, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 77,000 | 56 | 18 | 253 | 43 | 29 | 3 | 2 | 27 | 7 | 6 |
| 0275/0276/0295/0296 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Dual Coil, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Fixation | 3,000 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 0285/0286 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Coil, Active Fixation | 137,000 | 101 | 19 | 361 | 70 | 54 | 15 | 6 | 32 | 13 | 21 |
| 0292/0293 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single | 0.000 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 7 | • | 0 |
| Coil, Passive Fixation | 3,000 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 0282/0283 ENDOTAK RELIANCE : Dual Coil, Active | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixation | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ 0184/0185/0186/0187 | 287,000 | 82 | 137 | 510 | 130 | 223 | 12 | 17 | 178 | 108 | 44 |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Fixation | 47,000 | 5 | 4 | 92 | 36 | 41 | 4 | 3 | 47 | 5 | 0 |
| 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 34,000 | 31 | 7 | 70 | 15 | 19 | 3 | 2 | 18 | 24 | 9 |
| 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173 | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| S-ICD Electrodes/Model | U.S. Registered Implants | Perforation | Conductor fracture | Lead dislodgement | Failure to capture | Oversensing | Failure to sense | Insulation breach | Abnormal defibrillation impedance | Extracardiac stimulation | |
| EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501 | 28,000 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 0 | 227 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 8 | |
| EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010/3401 | 24,000 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 207 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 15 | |

Before/During Implant Procedure - Worldwide Malfunctions: Leads

This section of the report depicts the number of product malfunctions that occurred worldwide either before implant (prior to opening the sterile product packaging) or during implant (once the sterile product packaging has been opened). In all cases, the product in question must be returned to Boston Scientific CRM and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated or exhibited a problem outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific. Damage incurred during shipping/transit or due to external factors warned against in labeling is not reported as device malfunction here.

The Conductor category includes any conductor break or damage with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow, including clavicle fatigue or crush damage. The Insulation category includes any lead insulation breach, such as damage due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-anatomy contact, or clavicle fatigue or crush. The Crimp/Weld/Bond category includes any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection. The Other category includes malfunctions for which the root cause does not fit within other categories or has not yet been determined. The Labeling and Packaging categories include product identification issues and damage to sterile packaging, respectively. The Implant Accessory category includes lead malfunctions due to catheter, guidewire or sheath issues.

| CRT Leads/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Conductor | Insulation | Crimp/Weld/Bond | Other | Labeling | Packaging | Implant Accessory |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------------------|
| ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678 | 45,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675 | 116,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ACUITY X4 Straight 4671/4672 | 93,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ACUITY Steerable 4554/4555/4556 | 65,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| ACUITY Spiral 4591/4592/4593 | 47,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil | | | Insulation | Crimp/Weld/Bond | Other | Labeling | Packaging | Implant Accessory |
|---|---------|---|------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------------------|
| ENDOTATINEE TITION Date of | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 29,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 213,000 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil | | | | | | | | _ |
| Passive Fixation | 1,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0636/0651/0655/0665/0685/0686 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Fixation | 7,000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0650/0654/0662/0682/0663/0683 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 126,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0275/0276/0295/0296 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Fixation | 11,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 15 | 1 | 0 |
| 0265/0266/0285/0286 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, | | | | | | | | |
| Active Fixation | 216,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0292/0293 | ,,,,,, | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site; Single Coil, | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Fixation | 6.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0282/0283 | 0,000 | Ü | Ü | O | O | v | Ü | v |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Active | | | | | | | | |
| Fixation | | | | | | | | |
| 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ | 382,000 | 0 | 0 | 92 | 571 | 1 | 3 | 10 |
| 0184/0185/0186/0187 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Passive | | | | | | | | |
| Fixation | 400.000 | | • | 00 | 400 | | | • |
| 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177 | 109,000 | 1 | 0 | 20 | 108 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Active Fixation | | _ | | | | _ | | |
| | 79,000 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182 | | | | | | | | |
| ENDOTAK RELIANCE; Single Coil, Passive | 0.005 | • | • | | • | | | |
| Fixation | 8,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173 | | | | | | | | |

| S-ICD Electrodes/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Conductor | Insulation | Crimp/Weld/Bond | Other | Labeling | Packaging | Implant Accessory |
|--|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------------------|
| EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501 | 71,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010, 3401 | 43,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Pacing Leads/Model | Worldwide Distribution | Conductor | Insulation | Crimp/Weld/Bond | Other | Labeling | Packaging | Implant Accessory |
|---|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------------------|
| INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation 7840/7841/7842 | 364,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| INGEVITY Positive Fixation 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742 | 1,080,000 | 2476 | 0 | 0 | 3296 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation 7635/7636/7735/7736 | 111,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| INGEVITY Passive Fixation 7631/7632/7731/7732 | 122,000 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FLEXTEND 2 Active Fixation 4095/4096/4097 | 185,000 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 136 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| FLEXTEND Active Fixation 4086/4087/4088 | 290,000 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 636 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| FINELINE II; Passive Fixation (poly) 4452/4453/4456/4457* | 555,000 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 26 | 0 |
| FINELINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (poly) 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471* | 812,000 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 727 | 1 | 52 | 3 |
| FINELINE II Atrial J (poly) 4477/4478/4479/4480* | 325,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 144 | 6 | 18 | 0 |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II ; Passive Fixation (silicone) 4454/4455/4458/4459* | 105,000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ; Positive Fixation (silicone) 4466/4467/4468/4472/5573/4474* | 144,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 233 | 4 | 6 | 0 |

^{*}Counts consist of Boston Scientific and Intermedics co-branded pacing leads data.

Product Advisories

A Product Advisory is a voluntary letter issued to inform physicians of an anomalous device behavior identified by Boston Scientific's Quality System. A Product Advisory is issued when there is a material elevation in risk to patient safety with potential for compromised lifesaving therapy, or when Boston Scientific can provide meaningful guidance to improve patient outcomes or device performance. Boston Scientific considers many perspectives in the decision to issue a Product Advisory, including internal expertise and guidance from an independent Patient Safety Advisory Board (PSAB).

This report section includes summaries of Product Advisories for which significant, active U.S. device populations exist. In general, this includes advisories for which the estimated active U.S. advisory population is at least 200. Physician and patient letters, as well as Advisory Updates, are available at www.bostonscientific.com. With respect to the number of reported events listed in the summaries below, Boston Scientific recognizes that the actual number of clinical malfunctions may be greater than the number reported. Information reported in the Current Status section of each summary represents Boston Scientific's most current understanding of the data presented, but is not necessarily updated in every report. Additionally, rate projections are provided with the acknowledgment that predictive modeling is inherently uncertain due to its dependence on the device age distribution of reported events and resultant statistical approximations and assumptions. Advisory notifications may vary by geography, based upon local regulatory requirements. Please contact the local Boston Scientific office for more information. Not all products may be approved for use in all geographies, as product approval is geography specific.

PRODUCT

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected.

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here:

Device Lookup Tool

INLIVEN CRT-P

Models: V284, V285, W274, W275

INTUA CRT-P

Models: V272, V273, W273

INVIVE CRT-P

Models: V172, V173, V182, V183, W172. W173

VITALIO DR EL Pacemaker

Models: J274, J277, K274, K277,

K284

INGENIO DR EL Pacemaker

Models: J174, J177, K174, K184,

ADVANTIO DR EL Pacemaker

Models: J064, J067, K064, K084, K087

Safety Mode, Physician Letter, June 2021

Safety Mode, Patient Letter, June 202

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Jun 2021 - High Battery Impedance Initiating Safety Mode in **INGENIO EL Pacemakers and CRT-Ps**

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Class I

Affected devices built with the EL battery have the potential to transition to Safety Mode during interrogation attempts by either a programmer or a LATITUDE™ communicator. The EL battery impedance of affected devices may increase over time causing a device to exhibit transient voltage decreases during the high-power consumption associated with telemetry communication via programmer or LATITUDE communicator. If the battery voltage drops below a minimum threshold during communication attempts, the device will temporarily halt telemetry, and a system reset will be performed. Subsequent telemetry attempts may result in additional system resets due to the high battery impedance. If three (3) system resets occur within a 48-hour period, the device is designed to immediately enter Safety Mode to maintain back-up pacing with pre-defined non-programmable settings

Once a device is in Safety Mode, it cannot be reprogrammed and must be replaced. There is a high degree of detectability when a device is operating in Safety Mode based on displayed programmer warning screen and/or LATITUDE alert condition. Although the most common clinical outcome has been early device replacement, Safety Mode parameters may result in unintended clinical impact for certain patients. Prior to device replacement, some patients may experience the following due to non-programmable Safety Mode pacing parameters: myopotential oversensing resulting in pacing inhibition, phrenic nerve stimulation; and/or loss of AV/VV synchrony. The most common clinical impact has been early device replacement. No patient deaths have been reported. No affected devices remain available for implant.

Estimated Rate

It is estimated that one third or more of affected devices will experience Safety Mode prior to reaching Explant battery indicator. The potential for life-threatening harm due to loss of pacing (occurring because of prolonged inhibition) over a device's lifetime is estimated to be less than 1 in 15,000.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

It is estimated that one third or more of affected devices will experience Safety Mode prior to reaching Explant battery indicator. The potential for life-threatening harm due to loss of pacing (occurring because of prolonged inhibition) over a device's lifetime is estimated to be less than 1 in 26,000.

- As noted above, Safety Mode provides back-up pacing under critical circumstances; it is not intended to be a substitute for chronic pacing therapy. When assessing potential risk for a patient if their device initiates Safety Mode prior to the Explant indicator, consider patient-specific physiological factors (which may vary over time), including: adequacy of underlying escape rhythm and/or the need for AV/VV pacing for cardiac synchrony.
- If a device enters Safety Mode, schedule replacement. Boston Scientific does not recommend general prophylactic replacement for affected devices. However, for individual patients, factors such as those listed above and shared decision-making may support consideration of device replacement to mitigate unintended clinical impact(s) due to potential entry into Safety Mode prior to the Explant indicator. In these cases, the following guidance should be considered:
- For EL pacemakers, replace with a longevity remaining of 4 years (or less, if the device currently indicates
- fewer than 4 years longevity remaining).
 For CRT-Ps, replace with a longevity remaining of 3 years (or less, if the device currently indicates fewer than 3 vears longevity remaining).
- Follow-up interval. Perform a system follow-up via remote or in-office interrogation at least every 12 months. For patients who may not require early device replacement, continue with existing follow-up protocols until the longevity reaches One-Year-Remaining and then follow-up every three (3) months thereafter until replacement is indicated (in accordance with the device's instructions for use).
- · For each patient with an affected device, append their medical record with this letter to maintain awareness of this topic for the remaining service life of the device.

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: <u>Device Lookup Tool</u>

VALITUDE CRT-P

Models U125, U128

VISIONIST CRT-P

Models U225, U226, U228

ACCOLADE Pacemaker

Models L300, L301, L310, L311, L321, L331

PROPONENT Pacemaker

Models L200, L201, L209, L210, L211 L221, L231

ESSENTIO Pacemaker

Models L100, L101, L110, L111, L121,

ALTRUA 2 Pacemaker

Models S701, S702, S722

<u>Hydrogen Induced Premature</u>
<u>Depletion, Physician Letter, September</u>
2018

<u>Hydrogen Induced Premature</u>
<u>Depletion, Patient Letter, September</u>
2018

<u>Hydrogen Induced Premature</u>

<u>Depletion, Physician Letter, June 2021</u>

<u>Hydrogen Induced Premature</u> <u>Depletion, Patient Letter, June 2021</u>

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Sep 2018 and Jun 2021 – Hydrogen-Induced Premature Depletion

Voluntary Physician Advisory

FDA Classification: Sep 2018 – Class II; Jun 2021 - Class II

This advisory discusses two separate, distinct subsets of pacemakers and cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemakers (CRT-Ps) with a potential for early pacemaker replacement due to hydrogen-induced accelerated battery depletion. The 2018 advisory population included approximately 2,900 active pacemakers, and the 2021 advisory population included approximately 125,000 active pacemakers.

Latent release of small amounts of hydrogen within the pacemaker may compromise electrical function of a low voltage capacitor over time, resulting in accelerated depletion of the battery. The susceptibility of a pacemaker to this hydrogen-induced accelerated battery depletion mechanism is dependent upon the amount of hydrogen accumulation within the device and the susceptibility of the low voltage capacitors to hydrogen. The 2018 population is composed of pacemakers built with specific batches/lots of a liner component exhibiting a higher likelihood for this behavior. The 2021 population is composed of pacemakers built with a discontinued/original low voltage capacitor that is susceptible to compromised electrical performance in the presence of hydrogen. The use of the original low voltage capacitor in pacemaker and production of pacemakers from these advisory populations ceased in Nov 2017, and therefore they are no longer available for implantation. The most common clinical outcome has been device replacement. There have been no reported deaths associated with this behavior.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

In June 2021 Boston Scientific identified an additional population of devices and the rate of occurrence at that time is described for each population below.

- The 2018 advisory subset was composed of approximately 2,100 active pacemakers. The observed malfunction rate for this behavior was 11.0% at 5 years with a potential for life-threatening harm of 1 in 500,000 (0.0002%) at 5 years.
- The 2021 advisory subset was composed of approximately 125,000 active pacemakers. The observed malfunction rate for this behavior was 1.3% at 5 years with a potential for life-threatening harm of 1 in 5,000,000 (0.00002%) at 5 years.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

The combined 2018 and 2021 advisories subset is composed of approximately 105,000 active pacemakers. The observed malfunction rate for this behavior is 2.1% at 5 years, and 3.2% at 6 years. The observed potential for life-threatening harm is 1 in 1,000,000 (0.0001%) at 5 years.

More than 98% of hydrogen-induced confirmed events have been replaced before the battery reached a depleted state; therefore, normal battery assessment during labeled 12-month follow-ups is effective and recommended for both advisory populations.

A polymer material, designed to remove excess hydrogen within the pulse generator, was added to this device family in March 2018 and is intended to mitigate hydrogen-induced accelerated battery depletion due to the low voltage capacitors. Additionally, improvements were implemented in the liner component starting in May 2021 intended to further reduce the device's overall capacity to generate hydrogen.

- Per labeling, perform a system follow-up via remote or in-office interrogation every 12 months until One-Year-Remaining and then every three (3) months thereafter until replacement is indicated.
- Promptly investigate any suspected indication of accelerated battery depletion, and contact Boston Scientific Technical Services for assistance as needed.
- Replace any affected pacemakers suspected of exhibiting accelerated battery depletion within 90 days of the
 Explant battery status indicator. Alternatively, Boston Scientific Technical Services can provide a recommended
 replacement interval specific to an individual device by using data from the programmer or LATITUDE. Prophylactic
 replacement is not recommended for pacemakers with normal battery consumption as the risk of surgical
 replacement outweighs the risk of accelerated battery depletion.
- For each patient with an affected device, append their medical record with this letter to maintain awareness of this topic for the remaining service life of the device.

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Dec 2020 — Model 3501 Electrode Fracture

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: Device Lookup Tool

EMBLEM Subcutaneous Electrode

Model 3501

Model 3501 Electrode Fracture, Physician Letter, December 2020

Model 3501 Electrode Fracture, Patient Letter, December 2020 This advisory discusses the performance of approximately 47,000 EMBLEM S-ICD Subcutaneous Electrodes (Model 3501). During assembly of the EMBLEM S-ICD Subcutaneous Electrode, a small amount of adhesive is applied to a location just distal to the proximal sense ring. Over time, mechanical stresses on the electrode body at this location may create the potential for a fatigue crack to initiate from the outer lumen. This crack then propagates inward toward the center-oriented distal sense conductor, eventually resulting in a fracture of the two high voltage conductors.

The cumulative occurrence rate for this specific electrode body fracture location is 0.2% at 41 months with a potential for life-threatening harm of 1 in 25,000 (0.004%) at 10 years.

The physician letter (link provided) details device programming considerations and troubleshooting and detection techniques.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Class I

The occurrence rate for EMBLEM S-ICD Subcutaneous Electrode (Model 3501) body fractures at a location just distal to the proximal sense ring is 0.30% at 66 months and the potential for life-threatening harm is 1 in 29,000 (0.0034%) at 10 years. This rate was derived by including all reports of this failure mode, whether or not the product was returned.

An enhanced version of the EMBLEM Electrode has been developed to address the risks associated with this device behavior. Based on accelerated, extreme laboratory test, the enhanced EMBLEM Electrode design has demonstrated statistical survival of the electrode body around the sense ring to 10 implant years. Contact your local Boston Scientific sales professionals for availability.

- 1. Remote monitoring. Enroll and monitor patients through LATITUDE remote monitoring to facilitate detection of high electrode impedance alert or non-physiologic, mechanical artifacts on stored S-ECGs during the interval between inoffice device checks. Instruct patients to comply with weekly remote interrogations.
- 2. Follow-up interval. Perform a system follow-up every three months via remote or in-office interrogation.
- 3. During follow-ups. For every remote or in-office follow-up:
- 3.1. Promptly investigate any high impedance alerts in-clinic, as this may indicate an electrode body fracture and an inability of the system to provide therapy.
- 3.2. Review stored episode S-ECGs for non-physiologic, mechanical artifacts, as this may indicate onset of electrode body fracture.
- 3.3. During in-clinic follow-up, capture all sensing vectors, and review for the following conditions, any of which may indicate onset of electrode body fracture:
- 3.3.1. cardiac signals on the S-ECGs of the Primary and Secondary sensing vector look nearly identical; or 3.3.2. flatline S-ECGs in the Alternate sensing vector.
- 3.4. Assess sensing performance in-clinic during isometrics and/or posture changes if any of the following is observed: non-physiologic, mechanical artifacts and/or high electrode impedance alerts. If isometrics and/or posture changes provoke non-physiologic, mechanical artifacts, this may indicate onset of an electrode body fracture.
 4. Imaging. If an electrode body fracture is suspected, perform chest radiography in PA and left lateral
- viewprojections, ensuring the entire electrode length can be visualized to enable differential diagnosis of competing causes of high impedance or artifact signals. Portable X-ray images typically provide insufficient clarity to evaluate electrode integrity. In the absence of any indications of electrode fracture, surveillance X-rays are not recommended. 5. Shocks and beeping tones. During the next in-office follow-up visit, demonstrate the device beeper tothe patient
- using the programmer's Test Beeper function available from the Beeper Control screen within the Utilities menu.
 For patients not monitored by LATITUDE, repeat the beeper demonstration following any MRI scan, as strong magnetic fields may cause permanent loss of beeper volume; and
- Remind all patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their device or if a shock is delivered.
- 6. Evaluate risk. The potential for life-threatening harm due to an electrode body fracture is greatest for:
- patients with a history of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias such as secondary preventionindication or previous appropriate shock for VT/VF;
- patients who are unable to be reliably followed remotely or in person every three months; or
- patients who are not monitored via LATITUDE and are unable to hear beeping tones
- 7. Replacement. Following consultation with Boston Scientific Technical Services, promptly replace any electrode that is indicated to have compromised integrity as evidenced by non-physiologic, mechanical artifacts, high impedance alert, and/or X-ray. Routine prophylactic replacement of an electrode without evidence of fracture is not recommended. Return explanted devices to Boston Scientific.
- 8. De novo and replacement S-ICD candidates. Consider overall S-ICD performance with respect to the competing risks for transvenous ICDs. The Product Performance Report includes up-to-date performance data on Boston Scientific transvenous leads and subcutaneous electrodes.

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected.

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: <u>Device Lookup Tool</u>

EMBLEM S-ICD

Models A209, A219

EMBLEM Electrical Overstress, Physician Letter, December 2020

EMBLEM Electrical Overstress, Patien Letter, December 2020

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Dec 2020 — EMBLEM S-ICD Electrical Overstress

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Class I

This advisory discusses the potential for a specific subset of approximately 3,350 EMBLEM™ Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillators (S-ICDs) (Model A209 and A219) to experience a malfunction during high voltage therapy delivery, necessitating device replacement due to electrical overstress (i.e., damage to the device caused by electrical shorting).

Laboratory analysis of the returned devices confirmed evidence of electrical overstress damage in the device feedthrough area. Investigation has shown that, over time, variations in header assembly allowed a very small pathway for moisture ingress enabling a shorting condition to occur during delivery of high voltage therapy. Each of the devices exhibiting electrical overstress were built within a specific timeframe (between May 2015 through December 2017); a header assembly subprocess was found to be subject to process variations directly contributing to this behavior. There is no available method to detect whether an individual device is vulnerable to this condition prior to its occurrence. It is important to note that not all S-ICDs built during this timeframe were exposed to these process variations.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

- Boston Scientific has confirmed six (6) events of EMBLEM S-ICD electrical overstress malfunctions that have
 occurred in association with delivery of high voltage therapy. These events manifested clinically by the subsequent
 inability to interrogate the device or by display of device-based errors/alerts. Boston Scientific Technical Services
 recommended device replacement in each instance, and no serious patient injury or death has been reported.
- The projected occurrence rate for this electrical overstress behavior is 0.3% at 5 years, and the most common clinical outcome is early device replacement. Although there have been no serious injuries reported to date, the potential exists for life-threatening harm due to an inability to provide needed defibrillation therapy, as it is possible that either all or a portion of programmed defibrillation shock energy may not actually be delivered in the event of an electrical overstress malfunction. We estimate that the probability of the hypothetical worst-case harm associated with loss of ambulatory ventricular tachycardia/ventricular fibrillation therapy resulting in death is 0.09% at 5 years

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

- The projected occurrence rate for this electrical overstress behavior is 0.3% at 5 years, and the most common clinical outcome is early device replacement.
- We estimate that the probability of the hypothetical worst-case harm associated with loss of ambulatory ventricular tachycardia/ventricular fibrillation therapy resulting in death is 0.09% at 5 years

- Remote monitoring. Enroll and monitor patients through the LATITUDE NXT Patient Management System to
 facilitate prompt detection of accelerated depletion or alert conditions such as ERI or EOL during the interval between
 in-office device checks. Instruct patients to comply with remote checks and interrogations.
- 2. Follow-up interval. Perform a system follow-up every 3 months per labeling via remote or in-office interrogation.
- During follow-ups. Promptly investigate any suspected indication of accelerated battery depletion, and contact Boston Scientific Technical Services for assistance as needed.
- 4. Demonstrate beeping tones. During the next in-office follow-up visit, demonstrate the device beeper to the patient using the programmer's Test Beeper function available from the Beeper Control screen within the Utilities menu.
- For patients not monitored by LATITUDE, repeat the beeper demonstration following any MRI scan as strong magnetic fields may cause permanent loss of beeper volume: and
- Remind patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their device as this may be an indication of ERI.
- 5. Evaluate risk. The potential for life-threatening harm due to accelerated depletion is greatest for:
- Patients with a history of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias such as secondary prevention indication or previous appropriate shock for ventricular arrhythmias;
- Patients who are unable to be reliably followed remotely or in person every 3 months; or
- Patients who are not monitored via LATITUDE and are unable to hear beeping tones.
- 6. Replacement. Replace any affected EMBLEM S-ICD suspected of exhibiting accelerated battery depletion within 21 days of ERI. Alternatively, Boston Scientific Technical Services can provide a recommended replacement interval specific to an individual device by using data from the programmer or LATITUDE.
- In other cases of high risk, as indicated by the factors listed above, consider prophylactic device replacement after taking individual patient preferences and circumstances into account through a process of shared decision-making. Return explanted devices to Boston Scientific. A no cost Return Product kit is available from your local Boston Scientific representative.

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected.

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: **Device Lookup Tool**

EMBLEM S-ICD Models A209, A219

EMBLEM Premature Depletion, Physician Letter, August 2019

EMBLEM Premature Depletion, Patien Letter, August 2019

EMBLEM Premature Battery Depletion Physician Letter Update, December 2020

EMBLEM Premature Depletion, Patier Letter Update, December 2020

EMBLEM Premature Battery Depletio Physician Letter Update, February 2022

EMBLEM Premature Depletion, Patie Letter Update, February 2022

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Aug 2019 and Dec 2020 — EMBLEM S-ICD Premature Depletion

Voluntary Physician Advisory

FDA Classification August 2019: Class II

DA Classification December 2020: Class II

In August 2019, a physician communication discussed a subset of EMBLEM™ Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillators (S-ICDs) that may result in a need for device replacement (ERI/EOL) earlier than expected due to compromised performance of an electrical component causing accelerated battery depletion.

In December 2020, the advisory population was expanded to a total of approximately 42,000 distributed EMBLEM S-ICDs with an elevated likelihood of a low voltage capacitor causing accelerated battery depletion. This behavior can be detected if an unexpected decrease in remaining battery capacity is observed between remote/in-clinic follow-ups. Progression of accelerated depletion eventually produces a battery status replacement indicator (ERI) which is detectable through ambulatory beeping tones, remote monitoring, or in-clinic follow-up. Devices exhibiting this accelerated depletion behavior are capable of providing therapy for a minimum of 21 days after ERI independent of when EOL is initiated.

The most common clinical outcome associated with this device behavior is early replacement. In August 2018 Boston Scientific transitioned S-ICDs to an alternative low voltage capacitor. All EMBLEM S-ICDs with the original low voltage capacitor are included in either the original or the expanded advisory population and none are available for implantation

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

The August 2019 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 400 distributed worldwide devices manufactured in July 2017. The August 2019 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 15.1% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 50,000 at 5 years.

• The December 2020 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 42,000 distributed worldwide devices manufactured before August 2018. The December 2020 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 3.7% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 250,000 at 5 vears.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

The existing Battery Depletion (BD) alert has been enhanced to enable detection of hydrogen-induced accelerated battery depletion in Model A209 and A219 EMBLEM S-ICDs. Affected devices must be interrogated by a programmer with updated software.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

Because the 5-year malfunction rate for the August 2019 and December 2020 populations has converged, a single malfunction rate is reported for the combined populations. There are approximately 28,000 active worldwide devices.

The malfunction rate is 10.9% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm of approximately 1 in 140,000 at 5 years.

There have been zero deaths associated with this behavior. There have been zero malfunctions for this behavior in devices manufactured with contemporary low-voltage capacitors.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

Recommendations for countries where enhanced BD alert software upgrade is available. Contact your local Boston Scientific sales representative to determine availability of software in your country.

- 1. Programmer Software Upgrade. Confirm programmers at your center have been upgraded.
- Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmers are supported with Model 3877 v1.03 application
- Model 3200 EMBLEM Programmers are supported with Model 2877 v4.09 application
- 2. Next Follow-up. Boston Scientific continues to recommend 3-month follow-ups per labeling. Bearing in mind the risk versus benefits of in-person visits in the setting of the global COVID-19 pandemic, consider an in-person visit at the next scheduled follow-up, so the enhanced BD alert can be enabled in each affected device.
- When an EMBLEM S-ICD is first interrogated by an upgraded programmer, an S-ICD software update will be performed. Per labeling, monitor the patient and have external defibrillation equipment available as tachycardia therapy is suspended during a S-ICD software update.
- If a BD alert occurs, follow screen prompts and contact Technical Services. Using device data, Technical Services can provide a replacement interval.
- 3. Update Records. For each patient with an affected EMBLEM S-ICD, append their medical record with this letter to maintain awareness of this topic for the remaining service life of the device.

Follow-up Recommendations:

- 1. Remote monitoring. Enroll and monitor patients through the LATITUDE NXT Patient Management System to facilitate prompt detection of accelerated depletion or alert conditions such as ERI or EOL during the interval between in-office device checks. Instruct patients to comply with remote checks and interrogations.
- 2. Follow-up interval. Perform a system follow-up every 3 months per labeling via remote or in-office interrogation.
- 3. During follow-ups. Promptly investigate any suspected indication of accelerated battery depletion, and contact Boston Scientific Technical Services for assistance as needed.
- 4. Demonstrate beeping tones. During the next in-office follow-up visit, demonstrate the device beeper to the patient using the programmer's Test Beeper function available from the Beeper Control screen within the Utilities menu.
- For patients not monitored by LATITUDE, repeat the beeper demonstration following any MRI scan as strong magnetic fields may cause permanent loss of beeper volume; and
- Remind patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their device as this may be an indication of ERI.
- 5. Evaluate risk. The potential for life-threatening harm due to accelerated depletion is greatest for:
- Patients with a history of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias such as secondary prevention indication or previous appropriate shock for ventricular arrhythmias;
- Patients who are unable to be reliably followed remotely or in person every 3 months; or
- Patients who are not monitored via LATITUDE and are unable to hear beeping tones.
- 6. Replacement. Replace any affected EMBLEM S-ICD suspected of exhibiting accelerated battery depletion within
- 21 days of ERI. Alternatively, Boston Scientific Technical Services can provide a recommended replacement interval specific to an individual device by using data from the programmer or LATITUDE.
- In other cases of high risk, as indicated by the factors listed above, consider prophylactic device replacement after taking individual patient preferences and circumstances into account through a process of shared decision-making.
- Return explanted devices to Boston Scientific. A no cost Return Product kit is available from your local Boston Scientific representative.

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected.

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: <u>Device Lookup Tool</u>

S-ICD Model 1010

SQ-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement Time, Physician Letter, November

SQ-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement Time, Patient Letter, November 2018

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION November 2018 — SQ-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement Time

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Unclassified

This advisory discusses the potential for a shortened replacement interval after a Charge Time (CT) / Battery Depletion (BD) alert has occurred or after the battery status reaches Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) in the first-generation Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (S-ICD) system's SQ-RX™ Model 1010 Pulse Generator (PG).

The SQ-RX Model 1010 PG provides an Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) as the PG approaches the end of its expected battery service life. When the battery reaches ERI through normal use, there is sufficient capacity to support up to 90 days of continued operation, including up to 6 maximum energy charges/shocks before fully depleting. However, if the PG experiences a latent battery malfunction resulting in accelerated battery depletion, the reserve battery capacity available beyond ERI may not be sufficient to support the full 90-day interval or additional shock therapy before depleting. The rate of depletion for a latent battery malfunctions varies.

The SQ-RX model 1010 PGs include separate monitors for charging and battery performance. The Charge Time (CT) alert is designed to detect unsuccessful charging of the high voltage capacitors within 44 seconds. The Battery Depletion (BD) alert is designed to detect higher rates of accelerated battery depletion. When an alert condition occurs, the patient is notified through beeping tones and the clinician user is notified through programmer messages. Most battery malfunctions exhibit a sufficient rate of accelerated depletion to be detected by one of these alerts. Some battery malfunctions exhibit a slower rate of accelerated depletion, which is not detected as an alert condition. Based on an analysis of accelerated battery depletion events where only ERI presented (no alert condition), at least one maximum energy shock has been determined to be available for at least 20 days after ERI.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

The projected occurrence rate for latent battery malfunctions for SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs is up to 2% at 5 years. There have been no reports of injuries or deaths associated with this behavior. Laboratory analysis of returned PGs with latent battery malfunctions has shown some depletions to a level at which therapy would not have been available if not replaced in accordance with the recommendations above. Based on a 3-month follow-up interval, the potential for life threatening harm for this behavior is 0.006% (1 in 16,667) at 5 years. However, the potential for life-threatening harm is greater for secondary prevention patients or those who have received appropriate therapy previously, patients with longer follow-up intervals, and/or patients who are unable to hear beeping tones. For these patients, the benefit associated with prophylactically replacing the PG may outweigh the risks associated with a shortened replacement interval due to latent battery malfunction.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

The projected occurrence rate for latent battery malfunctions for SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs is up to 2% at 5 years. There have been no reports of injuries or deaths associated with this behavior.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

• Follow-Up. Consistent with the SQ-RX Model 1010 PG User Manual:

- Perform in-clinic checks every 3 months as the PG is not capable of remote patient management;
- If it has been more than 3 months since a patient's last in-clinic follow-up, schedule a follow-up within the next month and every 3 months thereafter;
- During the next follow-up visit, demonstrate the beeper by applying a magnet over the PG to elicit beeping tones; and
- Remind patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their PG as this may be an indication of a CT / BD alert or ERI.
- Append the patient's medical record with this letter to maintain awareness of this topic for the remaining service life of their PG
- <u>Evaluate Risk</u>. The potential for life-threatening harm is greater for patients who have experienced life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias, patients not followed every 3 months, and/or patients who are unable to hear beeping tones. For these patients, the benefit associated with prophylactically replacing the PG may outweigh the risks associated with a shortened replacement interval due to latent battery malfunction
- <u>CT / BD Alerts.</u> Promptly investigate any beeping tones, CT alerts, or BD alerts and report them to Boston Scientific Technical Services. Using saved PG data, Technical Services can determine if an accelerated battery depletion exists and provide guidance for replacement.
- <u>ERI.</u> To mitigate the rare potential for undetected accelerated battery depletion, replace SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs within 20 days of ERI. If a longer replacement interval is desired, save PG data and contact Technical Service to determine a recommended replacement interval. Note: CT / BD Alerts appearing before or after ERI should always be reported to Technical Services for evaluation

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION December 2017 — Minute Ventilation Signal Oversensing

Voluntary Physician Advisory

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: Device Lookup Tool

VALITUDE CRT-P Models U125, U128

VISIONIST CRT-P Models U225, U226, U228

ACCOLADE Pacemaker Models L300, L301, L310, L311, L321

PROPONENT Pacemaker

Models L200, L201, L209, L210, L211
L221, L231

ESSENTIO Pacemaker

ALTRUA 2 Pacemaker Models S701, S702, S722 This advisory discusses intermittent oversensing of the Minute Ventilation (MV) sensor signal with certain Boston Scientific pacemaker and cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemaker systems (pacemakers). MV sensor signal oversensing may cause pre-syncope or syncope due to periods of pacing inhibition. This MV behavior may occur with any manufacturer's pacing lead system, but Boston Scientific has determined it to be more likely for affected Boston Scientific pacemakers using Medtronic or Abbott/St. Jude (Abbott) leads implanted in either the right atrium (RA) or right ventricle (RV).

The MV sensor in Boston Scientific pacemakers can be used for RightRate™ (rate adaptive pacing), Respiratory Rate Trend, or AP Scan. When the RA/RV pacing leads and lead terminal connections are operating as intended, the MV sensor signal is appropriately filtered and therefore is not detected by the pacemaker or displayed on electrograms (EGMs). However, intermittency related to the lead or pacemaker-lead connection has the potential to create a transient high impedance condition. A high impedance condition may subsequently alter the MV sensor signal such that it becomes visible on EGMs and potentially subject to oversensing on the RA or RV channels. For a technical description of the Boston Scientific's MV sensor, please refer to Appendix A in the December 2017 physician letter.

Engineering analysis and testing, as well as evaluation of post-market surveillance data, demonstrates an elevated potential for oversensing of the MV sensor signal in certain pacemaker systems connected to Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads. Although all leads evaluated in simulated testing environments comply with appropriate connector standards, we have discovered subtle differences amongst lead manufacturers in the surface finish of the lead terminal ring and amount of axial and radial terminal ring motion within the pacemaker header. These factors may result in intermittent increases in impedance leading to oversensing of the MV sensor signal or changes in daily impedance test measurements.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

Boston Scientific investigation has shown that the probability of harm associated with MV sensor signal oversensing behavior is significantly greater when affected pacemakers are connected to Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads.

 Affected pacemaker systems connected to the following RA/RV pacing leads⁴:
 Probability of Injury at 5 years
 Probability of Life Threatening Harm at 5 years

 Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads
 0.0005
 (1 in 2,000)
 0.00001
 (1 in 100,000)

 Boston Scientific pacing leads (including DEXTRUS)
 0.00003
 (1 in 33,333)
 0.0000008
 (1 in 1,250,000)

 All pacing leads combined⁵
 0.00008
 (1 in 12,500)
 0.000002
 (1 in 500,000)

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing Physician Letter, December 2017

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing Patient Letter, December 2017

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing Update letter, January 2019

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Software has been developed that eliminates the risk of pacing inhibition due to Minute Ventilation (MV) sensor signal oversensing in pacemakers and cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemaker (CRT-P) systems. The software includes a Signal Artifact Monitor (SAM) which further expands our proprietary suite of Safety Architecture automatic self-diagnostics. Once programmers are upgraded with this software, the SAM is automatically enabled whenever the MV sensor is enabled and continuously monitors electrograms for MV sensor signal artifacts. If MV artifacts are detected, the SAM either switches to the right ventricular vector or disables the MV sensor in approximately one second thus eliminating the risk of pacing inhibition due to MV sensor signal oversensing. Contact your local Boston Scientific sales representative to find out if this software is available in your country.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

Software is available in most countries to address the potential for pacing inhibition due to MV sensor signal oversensing in affected pacemakers. The software adds the Signal Artifact Monitor (SAM) to Boston Scientific's proprietary suite of Safety Architecture diagnostics. When enabled, the SAM continuously monitors electrograms for MV sensor signal artifacts and measures MV vector lead impedance values. If artifacts are detected or the MV vector lead impedance is out of range, the monitor either switches to the right ventricular vector or disables the MV sensor in approximately one second. In this manner, the SAM promptly eliminates the clinical risk of pacing inhibition associated with MV sensor signal oversensing.

| Programmer | Software Model | Software Version |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer | 2869 | 2.06 |
| Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer | 3869 | 1.05 |

If software is not available in your country, continue to follow advisory recommendations.

Identifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: **Device Lookup Tool**

VALITUDE CRT-P

Models U125, U128

VISIONIST CRT-P

Models U225, U226, U228

RESONATE CRT-D

Models G424, G425, G426, G428, G437, G447, G448, G524, G525, G526, G528, G537, G547,

VIGILANT CRT-D

Models G224, G225, G228, G237, G247, G248

MOMENTUM CRT-D

Models G124, G125, G126, G128, G138

CHARISMA CRT-D

G337, G347, G348

AUTOGEN CRT-D

Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179

DYNAGEN CRT-D

Models G150, G151, G156, G158

INOGEN CRT-D

Models G140, G141, G146, G148

ORIGEN CRT-D

Models G050, G051, G056, G058

CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec 2017

CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December

CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Update Letter, January 2019

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION December 2017 — CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Unclassified

This advisory discusses unintended asynchronous biventricular (BiV) pacing behavior when tracking elevated atrial intrinsic rhythms in certain Boston Scientific Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) pacemakers (CRT-Ps) and defibrillators (CRT-Ds). Repeated detection of this unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior may result in the implanted device reverting to a permanent Safety Mode (Safety Core™) status thus requiring early replacement. The unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior can only occur when an infrequent combination of parameters are programmed, specifically:

• Left Ventricular (LV) Offset programmed to a positive value which exceeds the Atrial Blank after Ventricular Pace (A-Blank after V-Pace) interval; and

Tracking Preference = ON (nominal).

Observed Rate

Of the 60,500 CRT devices distributed worldwide, Boston Scientific estimates approximately 300 CRT devices are programmed with the combination of parameters which may lead to this device behavior. There have been two confirmed instances of early device replacement due to this device behavior (0.7%). Of the two cases, a single patient death occurred due to complications related to the replacement procedure.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Confirmed Malfunctions (worldwide)

There have been five confirmed instances of early device replacement due to this device behavior.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

Software is available in most countries to addresses the rare potential for early replacement due to permanent Safety Mode status. The software imposes an interactive limit which prevents programming the device into a susceptible manner. Affected devices interrogated by an updated programmer are no longer susceptible to this issue.

| Programmer | Device Therapy | Software Model | Software Version |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer | CRT-Ps | 2869 | 2.06 |
| Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer | CRT-Ps | 3869 | 1.05 |
| Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer | CRT-Ds | 2868 | 4.07 |
| Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer | CRT-Ds | 3868 | 1.07 |

If software is not available in your country, continue to follow advisory recommendations.

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here:

Device Lookup Tool

COGNIS

Models N106/N107/N108/N118/ N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

TELIGEN VR

Models E102/E103/F102/F103

TELIGEN DR

Models E110/E111/F110/F111

Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 Physician Letter, Sep 17, 2014

Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 Patient Letter, Sep 17, 2014

Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 Physician Letter, Aug 29, 2013

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Aug 2013 and Sep 2014 — Low Voltage Capacitor

Voluntary Physician Advisory

FDA Classification August 2013: Class II

FDA Classification September 2014: Class II

In August 2013, a physician communication discussed a subset of COGNIS CRT-Ds and TELIGEN ICDs that had experienced an increased rate of premature battery depletion due to compromised performance of a low voltage (LV) capacitor. It also informed physicians how to identify and respond to a Safety Architecture low voltage alert. In September 2014, a second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance at a rate that is similar to the August 2013 advisory subset. The second communication also discussed improvements to Safety Architecture's low voltage alert, which were released through a programmer software update.

The performance of an LV capacitor may be compromised in some devices after two or more years of implant time, which will increase battery use and may eventually initiate one or more Safety Architecture alerts and patient-audible

The most common alert is a yellow programmer screen that states, "Voltage is too low for projected remaining capacity. Contact Technical Services with Code 1003". LATITUDE issues a corresponding yellow alert (nominally configured "On"). In other instances, diminished LV capacitor performance can result in an early "Explant" battery status indicator (ERI) and a replacement window that may be less than 3 months.

Devices that experience a low voltage alert require replacement. If not replaced, increased current drain could deplete the battery and impact therapy delivery and telemetry.

Advisory population

Approximately 22,800 devices identified in the August 2013 communication remain in service. In September 2014, Boston Scientific identified an additional 27,300 active devices that may exhibit diminished LV capacitor performance at a rate that is similar to the August 2013 advisory population. The projected cumulative rate of occurrence for LV capacitor malfunction within the total advisory population is approximately 2.9% at 60 months. Due to Safety Architecture alerts and timely physician response, the potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is estimated to be less than 1 in 125,000 (0,0008%) at 60 months.

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

- COGNIS CRT-D and TELIGEN ICD advisory population The rate of occurrence is 2.8% at 60 months, 5.8% at 72 months, 8.6% at 84 months, 10.9% at 96 months, 12.2% at 108 months, and 12.9% at 120 months. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is approximately 1 in 200,000 (0.0005%) at 60 months.
- · COGNIS CRT-D and TELIGEN ICD populations (advisory and non-advisory) The overall rate of occurrence is approximately 1.1% at 60 months, 2.4% at 72 months, 3.9% at 84 months, 5.2% at 96 months, 6.0% at 108 months, and 6.2% at 120 months. Since notifying customers of this behavior in September 2014 and improving the Safety Architecture voltage alert, the portion of malfunctions with compromised therapy is approximately 2.2%. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is approximately 1 in 500,000 (0.0002%) at 60 months.
- INCEPTA, ENERGEN and PUNCTUA CRT-Ds and ICDs The rate of occurrence is 1.1% at 60 months, 2.0% at 72 months, 3.0% at 84 months, 3.8% at 96 months, 4.3% at 108 months, and 4.5% at 120 months. The portion of malfunctions with compromised therapy is approximately 0.3%. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is approximately 1 in 2,500,000 (0.00004%) at 60 months.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

Updated Software

In 2014 BSC released software that enhances the effectiveness of the Safety Architecture tools later in device life. When the software was introduced, BSC recommended an in-clinic follow-up with an updated programmer at first opportunity, but within 3 months for patients within the advisory population. In-clinic interrogation with a current programmer automatically downloads Safety Architecture software upgrades from the programmer into individual patient devices, enhancing detection of a compromised LV capacitor before therapy delivery is impacted

LATITUDE Patient Management System

Boston Scientific recommends that advisory patients utilize the LATITUDE Patient Management System (remote monitoring), which offers additional/supplemental device checks between office visits. Use of LATITUDE may accelerate detection of Safety Architecture alerts, and can notify if/when scheduled checkups have not occurred. Verify that the yellow alert "Voltage was too low for projected remaining capacity" is configured "On".

Additional Recommendations

- After a device has been upgraded with new software, Boston Scientific recommends normal device monitoring as described in device labeling.
- Device replacement is not recommended for advisory devices displaying normal behavior.
- Promptly investigate alerts, device beeping, and unanticipated replacement indicator messages
- Following a Safety Architecture alert, contact Boston Scientific Technical Services as directed on programmer screens. Technical Services can facilitate an evaluation of device information downloaded from a recent in-clinic or remote LATITUDE interrogation, which may help to clarify available replacement time.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION 01-Dec-09 — Subpectoral Implant

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here:

product advisory is available i <u>Device Lookup Tool</u>

This advisory is limited to those models listed below implanted subpectorally.

Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Class II

This advisory is limited to devices identified in the product model list that were implanted subpectorally. Devices implanted subcutaneously are not included in this advisory.

Boston Scientific has determined that the bond between the header and case could be weakened by significant forces associated with a subpectoral implant procedure or when a device in a subpectoral position is pushed against a rib during contraction of the pectoralis muscle. A weakened header bond may alter lead impedance and introduce noise that may inhibit pacing therapy or initiate inappropriate tachy therapy. Additional mechanical stress applied to a weakened bond may eventually cause header connection wires to fracture, resulting in loss of therapy.

COGNIS

Models

N106/N107/N108/N118/N119 P106/P107/P108

TELIGEN VR

Models E102/F102

TELIGEN DR

Models E110/E111/F110/F111

Subpectoral Implant 2009
Physician Letter, Dec 01, 2009

Subpectoral Implant 2009 Patient Letter, Dec 01, 2009 A weakened header bond can result in one or more of the following device behaviors:

- Significant changes in measured lead impedance
- Noise on real-time or stored electrograms
- Intermittent inhibition of pacing
- Inappropriate anti-tachy pacing or shock therapy
- Loss of pacing therapy
- Loss of anti-tachy pacing and shock therapy

No patient deaths related to this behavior have been reported. Patients have required early device replacement due to inappropriate shocks and/or noise induced by pocket manipulation or arm movement.

Rate of Occurrence

The implant orientation of devices is not reported to Boston Scientific, making it difficult to provide rate of occurrence and prediction information. Two (2) reports have been received worldwide of subpectoral implants with weakened header bonds. An estimated 5% of approximately 77,000 COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral location.

The following factors may also impact the risk of failure if implanted in a subpectoral location:

- Exact location of the patient's ribs relative to the device
- Body size and/or muscle mass of the patient (risk may increase for larger/muscular patients)
- Activity level and/or occupation of the patient (risk may increase for more active patients)

CURRENT STATUS 04-JAN-23

Reported events (worldwide)

106 reports have been received worldwide of subpectoral implants with weakened header bonds. An estimated 10% of approximately 104,000 COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral location.

There have been no reported patient deaths associated with this advisory.

Rate of Occurrence

An estimated 10% of COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral position. The rate of occurrence for subpectoral implants of COGNIS advisory devices is 1.95% at 60 months. The rate of occurrence for subpectoral implants of TELIGEN advisory devices is 0.53% at 60 months.

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 04-JAN-23

If a patient's device was implanted subcutaneously, it is excluded from this advisory and no change to current patient management is recommended.

For affected devices implanted in a subpectoral location:

- Follow patient at least once every three months as recommended in device instructions for use.
- Consider advising patients to contact their physician or clinic if they receive shocks, in order to ensure timely review
 of associated electrograms and other device data via in-clinic or remote interrogation.
- Where available, consider using the LATITUDE® Patient Management System to facilitate remote device checks between in-clinic follow-ups.

Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.

Trademarks

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ALTITUDE ENDOTAK RELIANCE PROPONENT

AUTOGEN ESSENTIO RELIANCE 4-FRONT

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