Elevated Pressure (HBOT/SCUBA) and Implanted Medical Devices

The International Standards Organization (ISO) has not approved a standardized pressure test for implantable pulse generators that are exposed to hyperbaric oxygen therapy (HBOT) or SCUBA diving. However, Boston Scientific developed a test protocol to evaluate device performance upon exposure to elevated atmospheric pressures (Table 1).

During laboratory testing of products listed in Table 2, all devices in a statistically significant sample continued to function as designed when exposed to more than 1,000 test cycles at pressures up to 5.0 atmospheres (ATA). Devices of the model listed in Table 3 continued to function as designed when exposed to 300 test cycles at pressures up to 3.0 ATA. Each test cycle began at ambient/room pressure, increased to a high pressure level, and then returned to ambient pressure. Although dwell time (the amount of time under elevated pressure) may have an impact on human physiology, testing indicated dwell time did not impact performance of the implanted device.

CAUTION: Excessive pressure due to HBOT or SCUBA diving may damage the pulse generator. Laboratory testing did not characterize the impact of elevated pressure on pulse generator performance or physiological response while implanted in a human body.

Prior to SCUBA diving or starting an HBOT program, the patient’s attending cardiologist or electrophysiologist should be consulted to assess the potential consequences relative to the patient’s specific health condition. A Dive Medicine Specialist may also be consulted prior to SCUBA diving. In addition, more frequent device follow-up may be warranted in conjunction with HBOT or SCUBA diving. Evaluate pulse generator operation following high pressure exposure. The extent, timing, and frequency of this evaluation relative to the high pressure exposure are dependent upon current patient health.

If you would like information on Boston Scientific product families not listed in Tables 2 and 3, or have additional questions regarding the test protocol or test results specific to HBOT or SCUBA diving, please contact Boston Scientific Technical Services.

Table 1. Pressure Value Equivalencies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ATA</th>
<th>Sea Water* Depth (feet)</th>
<th>Sea Water* Depth (meters)</th>
<th>Pounds per Square Inch Absolute (psia)</th>
<th>Pounds per Square Inch Gauge (psig)*</th>
<th>Bar</th>
<th>kPa Absolute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>72.8</td>
<td>58.1</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>42.7</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sea Water at 2°C

CAUTION: The law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

For comprehensive information on device operation, reference the full instructions for use or found at: www.bostonscientific-stabilizing.com.

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Table 2. Testing Applicable to Boston Scientific Product Families and Models Listed

Please note that not all models are approved in all geographies. All devices continued to function as designed when exposed to more than 1,000 test cycles at pressures up to 5.0 atmospheres.‡

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Type</th>
<th>Product Family</th>
<th>Model Numbers beginning with</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pacemakers</td>
<td>ACCOLADE™, ACCOLADE™ MRI, PROPONENT™, PROPONENT™ MRI, ESSENTIO™, ESSENTIO™ MRI, ALTRUA™ 2, FORMIO™, FORMIO™ MRI, VITALIO™, VITALIO™ MRI, INGENIO™, INGENIO™ MRI, ADVANTIO™, ADVANTIO™ MRI, EQUIO™, ALTRUA®‡</td>
<td>J, K, L, S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRT-Ps</td>
<td>VISIONIST™, VISIONIST™ X4, VALITUDE™, VALITUDE™ X4, INVIVE®, INTUA™, INLIVEN™</td>
<td>U, V, W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICDs and CRT-Ds</td>
<td>AUTOGENTM, DYNAgend™, INOGEN™, ORIGENTM, INCEPTA®, PUNCTUA®, ENERGEN™, TELIGEND®, COGNIS®</td>
<td>D, E, F, G, N, P</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All pressures derived assuming sea water density of 1030 kg/m³
† Pressure as read on a gauge or dial (psia = psig + 14.7 psi)
‡ ALTRUA Instructions for Use have not yet been updated to reflect engineering pressure test results.
§ Testing described herein is not applicable to CONFIENT™ Models E030/F030.

Table 3. Testing Applicable to Boston Scientific Product Family and Models Listed

Please note that not all models are approved in all geographies. All devices continued to function as designed when exposed to up to 300 test cycles at pressures up to 3.0 atmospheres.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Type</th>
<th>Product Family</th>
<th>Model Numbers beginning with</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-ICD</td>
<td>EMBLEM™</td>
<td>A209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All pressures derived assuming sea water density of 1030 kg/m³
† Pressure as read on a gauge or dial (psia = psig + 14.7 psi)
Indications and Usage
Boston Scientific pacemakers are indicated for treatment of the following conditions:
- Symptomatic paroxysmal or permanent second- or third-degree AV block
- Symptomatic bilateral bundle branch block
- Symptomatic paroxysmal or transient sinus node dysfunction with or without associated AV conduction disorders (i.e., sinus bradycardia, sinus arrest, sinoatrial [SA] block)
- Bradydysrhythmia-tachydysrhythmia syndrome, to prevent symptomatic bradycardia or some forms of symptomatic tachyarrhythmias
- Neurovascular (vaso-vagal) syndromes or hypersensitive carotid sinus syndromes
- Adaptive-rate pacing is indicated for patients exhibiting chronotropic incompetence and who may benefit from increased pacing rates concurrent with increases in minute ventilation and/or level of physical activity. Dual-chamber and atrial tracking modes are also indicated for patients who may benefit from maintenance of AV synchrony. Dual-chamber modes are specifically indicated for the following conditions listed:
  - Conduction disorders that require restoration of AV synchrony, including varying degrees of AV block
  - VVI intolerance (i.e., pacemaker syndrome) in the presence of persistent sinus rhythm
- Low cardiac output or congestive heart failure secondary to bradydysrhythmia

Contraindications
These Boston Scientific pacemakers are contraindicated in patients who have a separate implanted cardioverter defibrillator (ICD) with transvenous leads. Use of certain pacing modes and/or features available in these Boston Scientific pacemakers is contraindicated under the circumstances listed:
- Unipolar pacing or use of the MV Sensor with a Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (S-ICD) because it may cause inappropriate therapy or inhibition of S-ICD therapy.
- Minute Ventilation in patients with both unipolar atrial and ventricular leads
- Single-chamber atrial pacing in patients with impaired AV nodal conduction
- Atrial tracking modes for patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias (atrial fibrillation or flutter), which might trigger ventricular pacing
- Dual-chamber and single-chamber atrial pacing in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias
- Asynchronous pacing in the presence (or likelihood) of competition between paced and intrinsic rhythms

Warnings
Read this manual thoroughly before implantation to avoid damage to the pulse generator and/or lead. Such damage can result in patient injury or death. For single patient use only. Do not reuse, reprocess, or repackage. Always use external defibrillation equipment available during implant and electrophysiologic testing. Using multiple pulse generators could cause pulse generator interaction, resulting in patient injury or a lack of therapy delivery. In response to applicable nonrecoverable or repeat fault conditions, the pulse generator will switch irreversibly to Safety Core operation. Do not kink, twist, or braid the lead or wed the lead together. Do not use atrial tracking modes in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias. Lead Safety Switch should be programmed OFF for patients with an ICD. Unipolar pacing due to RAA is contraindicated and should be programmed off for patients with an ICD. If programmed to a fixed atrial Sensitivity value of 0.15 mV, or a fixed sensitivity value of 2.0 mV or less in a unipolar lead configuration in any other chamber, the pulse generator may be more susceptible to electromagnetic interference. Advise patients to seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator and/or lead to dielectric stress.

Precautions
For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: clinical considerations; sterilization and storage; implantation; device programming; environmental and medical therapy hazards; elevated pressure; explanted pacemakers. Advise patients to avoid sources of EMI. The pulse generator may inhibit pacing due to oversensing, or may switch to asynchronous pacing at the programmed pacing rate or at the magnet rate in the presence of EMI. These pulse generators are compatible for use with a Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (S-ICD) when implanted with bipolar leads and programmed to a bipolar pacing configuration.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events include, but are not limited to, the following: allergic/physical/physiologic reaction, death, erosion/migration, fibrillation or other arrhythmias, lead or accessory breakage (fracture/insulation/lead tip), hematoma/seroma, inappropriate or inability to provide therapy (pacing/sensing), infection, procedure-related, and component failure. Patients may develop psychological intolerance to a pulse generator system and may experience fear of shocking, fear of device failure, or imagined shocking. In rare cases severe complications or device failures can occur.

For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: clinical considerations; sterilization and storage; implantation; device programming; environmental and medical therapy hazards; elevated pressure; explanted pacemakers. Advise patients to avoid sources of electric or magnetic interference (EMI). If the pacemaker inhibits or reverts to asynchronous operation at the programmed pacing rate or at the magnet rate while in the presence of EMI, moving away from the source or turning it off will usually allow the pulse generator to return to its normal mode of operation.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events include, but are not limited to, the following: allergic/physical/physiologic reaction, death, erosion/migration, lead or accessory breakage (fracture/insulation/lead tip), hematoma/seroma, inappropriate or inability to provide therapy (pacing/sensing), infection, procedure related, and component failure. In rare cases severe complications or device failures can occur.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. A)

Pacing Systems from Boston Scientific – ALTRUATM and INSIGNIA™
Indications
Pacemaker indications include: symptomatic paroxysmal or permanent second- or third-degree AV block; symptomatic bilateral bundle branch block; symptomatic paroxysmal or transient sinus node dysfunction with or without associated AV conduction disorders; bradydysrhythmia-tachydysrhythmia syndrome, to prevent symptomatic bradycardia or some forms of symptomatic tachyarrhythmias; neurovascular (vaso-vagal) syndromes or hypersensitive carotid sinus syndromes. Adaptive-rate pacing is indicated for patients who may benefit from increased pacing rates concurrent with increases in minute ventilation and/or level of physical activity. Pacemakers’ dual-chamber and atrial tracking modes are also indicated for patients who may benefit from maintenance of AV synchrony. Dual-chamber modes are specifically indicated for: conduction disorders that require restoration of AV synchrony, including varying degrees of AV block; VVI intolerance (e.g., pacemaker syndrome) in the presence of persistent sinus rhythm.

Contraindications
Pacemakers are contraindicated for the following patients under the circumstances listed: patients with unipolar pacing leads or in MV mode with an implanted ICD because it may cause unwanted delivery or inhibition of ICD therapy; use of the MV sensor in patients with only unipolar leads, because a bipolar lead is required in either the atrium or the ventricle for MV detection (INSIGNIA® Plus, ALTRUATM 20/40); MV mode in patients with both unipolar atrial and ventricular leads (INSIGNIA® Ultra, ALTRUATM 60); single-chamber atrial pacing in patients with impaired AV nodal conduction; atrial tracking modes for patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias, which might trigger ventricular pacing; and asynchronous pacing in the presence (or likelihood) of competition between paced and intrinsic rhythms.

Warnings
Read the product labeling thoroughly before implanting the pulse generator to avoid damage to the system. For single use only do not reinitialize devices. Inappropriate sustained high-rate pacing occurred in the PULSAR™ MAX clinical study in 5 out of 130 patients with MV ON, 4 to 14 days after implant. If sustained high-rate pacing could be of concern, consider programming a reduced Max Sensor Rate or MV to Pacing. These programming recommendations are intended to assure that MV calibration is evaluated and, if necessary, recalibrated (4 → ON) when the patient and pacing system have stabilized post implant. Continued monitoring of the MV sensor performance should be performed at all follow-up visits until implant stabilization has occurred.

Precautions
For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: MV sensor calibration at implant; clinical considerations; sterilization, storage and handling; lead evaluation and connection; implantation; programming and pacemaker operation; MV initialization; environmental and medical therapy hazards; elevated pressure; explanted pacemakers. Advise patients to avoid sources of electric or magnetic interference (EMI). If the pacemaker inhibits or reverts to asynchronous operation at the programmed pacing rate or at the magnet rate while in the presence of the EMI, moving away from the source or turning it off will usually allow the pulse generator to return to its normal mode of operation.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events include, but are not limited to, the following: allergic/physical/physiologic reaction, death, erosion/migration, fibrillation or other arrhythmias, lead or accessory breakage (fracture/insulation/lead tip), hematoma/seroma, inappropriate or inability to provide therapy (pacing/sensing), infection, procedure related, and component failure. In rare cases severe complications or device failures can occur.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. S)

CRT-P Systems from Boston Scientific – VALITUDE™, VALITUDE X4™, INTUATM, and INVIVETM
Indications
Boston Scientific cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemakers (CRT-Ps) are indicated for patients with moderate to severe heart failure (NYHA Class III/IV) including left ventricular dysfunction (EF <=35%) and QRS duration >= 120 ms and remain symptomatic despite stable optimal pharmacological therapy (OPT) for heart failure. Adrenal tracking modes are also indicated for patients who may benefit from maintenance of AV synchrony.

Adaptive-rate pacing is indicated for patients exhibiting chronotropic incompetence and who would benefit from increased pacing rates concurrent with increases in physical activity.

Contraindications
These Boston Scientific pulse generators have the following contraindications:
- Patients who have a separate implanted cardioverter defibrillator (ICD) with transvenous leads
- Unipolar pacing or use of the Respiratory Sensor with a Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (S-ICD) is contraindicated because it may cause inappropriate therapy or inhibition of s-ICD therapy
- Single-chamber atrial pacing is contraindicated in patients with impaired AV nodal conduction
- Atrial tracking modes are contraindicated in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias (atrial fibrillation or flutter), which might trigger ventricular pacing
- And asynchronous pacing is contraindicated in the presence (or likelihood) of competition between paced and intrinsic rhythms.
ICD Systems from Boston Scientific – PUNCTUATM, ENERGENTM, and INCEPTATM

ICD Indications and Usage
PUNCTUATM, ENERGENTM, and INCEPTATM ICDs are intended to provide ventricular antitachycardia pacing and ventricular defibrillation for automated treatment of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias.

Contraindications
Use of these ICD systems are contraindicated in: Patients whose ventricular tachyarrhythmias may have reversible cause, such as 1) digitalis intoxication, 2) electrolyte imbalance, 3) hypoxia, or 4) sepsis, or whose ventricular tachyarrhythmias have a transient cause, such as 1) acute myocardial infarction, 2) electrocution, or 3) drowning. Patients who have a unipolar pacemaker.

Warnings
Read the product labeling thoroughly before implanting the pulse generator to avoid damage to the ICD system. For single patient use only. Do not reuse, reprocess, or resterilize. Program the pulse generator ventricular Tachy Mode to Off during implant, explant or post-mortem procedures. Always use external defibrillator protection available during implant and electrophysiologic testing. Ensure that an external defibrillator and medical personnel skilled in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) are present during post-implant device testing. Patients should seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device, including areas protected by a warning notice that prevents entry by patients who have a pulse generator. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator to diathermy. Do not use atrial tracking modes in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias. Do not use this pulse generator with another pulse generator. Do not kink, twist or braid lead with other leads. For Patient Triggered Monitor (PTM) feature, make sure the feature is enabled prior to sending the patient home with a magnet. Once the PTM feature has been triggered and the magnet response programming is set to inhibit therapy, the patient should not reapply the magnet. For DF4-LHHI or DF4-LHHO leads, use caution handling the lead terminal when the Connector Tool is not present on the lead and do not directly contact the lead terminal with any surgical instruments or electrical connections such as PSA (alligator) clips, ECG connections, forceps, hemostats, and clamps. Do not contact any other portion of the DF4-LHHI or DF4-LHHO lead terminal, other than the terminal pin even when the lead cap is in place.

Precautions
For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: clinical considerations; sterilization and storage; implantation; device programming; environmental and medical therapy hazards; hospital and medical environments; follow-up testing; explant and disposal; supplemental precautionary information. Advise patients to seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator and/or lead to diathermy.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events include, but are limited to, the following: allergic/physical/physiologic reaction, death, erosion/migration, fibrillation or other arrhythmias, lead or accessory breakage (fracture/insulation/lead tip), hemATOMA/seroma, inappropriate or inability to provide therapy (shocks/pacing/sensing), infection, procedure related, and component failure. Patients may develop psychological intolerance to a pulse generator system and may experience fear of shocking, fear of device failure, or imagined shocking. In rare cases severe complications or device failures can occur.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/ precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. C)

ICD Systems from Boston Scientific – TELIGENTM

ICD Indications and Usage
ICDs are intended to provide atrial antitachycardia pacing and atrial defibrillation treatment in patients who have or are at risk of developing atrial tachyarrhythmias.

Contraindications
Use of ICD systems are contraindicated in: Patients whose ventricular tachyarrhythmias may have reversible cause, such as 1) digitalis intoxication, 2) electrolyte imbalance, 3) hypoxia, or 4) sepsis, or whose ventricular tachyarrhythmias have a transient cause, such as 1) acute myocardial infarction, 2) electrocution, or 3) drowning. Patients who have a unipolar pacemaker.

Warnings
Read the product labeling thoroughly before implanting the pulse generator to avoid damage to the ICD system. For single patient use only. Do not reuse, reprocess, or resterilize. Program the pulse generator ventricular Tachy Mode to Off during implant, explant or post-mortem procedures. Always use external defibrillator protection available during implant and electrophysiologic testing. Ensure that an external defibrillator and medical personnel skilled in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) are present during post-implant device testing. Patients should seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device, including areas protected by a warning notice that prevents entry by patients who have a pulse generator. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator to diathermy. Do not use atrial tracking modes in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias. Do not use this pulse generator with another pulse generator. Do not kink, twist or braid lead with other leads. For Patient Triggered Monitor (PTM) feature, make sure the feature is enabled prior to sending the patient home with a magnet. Once the PTM feature has been triggered and the magnet response programming is set to inhibit therapy, the patient should not reapply the magnet. For DF4-LHHI or DF4-LHHO leads, use caution handling the lead terminal when the Connector Tool is not present on the lead and do not directly contact the lead terminal with any surgical instruments or electrical connections such as PSA (alligator) clips, ECG connections, forceps, hemostats, and clamps. Do not contact any other portion of the DF4-LHHI or DF4-LHHO lead terminal, other than the terminal pin even when the lead cap is in place.

Precautions
For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: clinical considerations; sterilization and storage; implantation; device programming; environmental and medical therapy hazards; hospital and medical environments; home and occupational environments follow-up testing; explant and disposal; supplemental precautionary information. Advise patients to seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator and/or lead to diathermy.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events from implantation of the ICD system include, but are not limited to, the following: allergic/physical/physiologic reaction, death, erosion/migration, fibrillation or other arrhythmias, lead or accessory breakage (fracture/insulation/lead tip), hemATOMA/seroma, inappropriate or inability to provide therapy (shocks/pacing/sensing), infection, procedure related, and component failure. In rare cases severe complications or device failures can occur.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/ precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. S)
Contraindications

There are no contraindications for this device.

Warnings

Read the product labeling thoroughly before implanting the pulse generator to avoid damage to the system. For single patient use only. Do not reuse, reprocess, or resterilize. Program the pulse generator Tachy Mode to Off during implant, explain or postomem procedures. Always have external sterile and internal defibrillator protection available during implant and electrophysiology testing. Ensure that an external defibrillator and medical personnel skilled in CPR are present during post-implant device testing. Advise patients to seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device, including areas protected by a warning notice that prevents entry by patients who have a pulse generator. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Do not subject a patient with an implanted pulse generator to diathermy. Do not use atrial-tracking modes in patients with chronic refractory atrial tachyarrhythmias. Do not use atrial-only modes in patients with heart failure. LV lead dislodgment to a position near the atria can result in atrial oversensing and LV pacing inhibition. Physicians should use medical discretion when implanting this device in patients who present with a non-repeated ventricular paced device and compromise of its functionality. To help prevent pulse generator interaction, test the S-ICD system when used in combination with the co-implanted device, and consider the potential effect of a shock on the co-implanted device. Handle the components of the S-ICD System with care at all times and maintain proper sterile technique. Do not modify, cut, kink, twist or braid the lead with other leads. Do not use defibrillation patch leads with the CRT-D System. Do not use this pulse generator with another pulse generator. For Patient Triggered Monitor (PTM) feature, make sure the feature is enabled prior to sending the patient home with a magnet. Once the PTM feature has been triggered and the magnet response programming is set to inhibit therapy, the patient should not reapply the magnet.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. C)

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S-ICD System from Boston Scientific - ENERGETM

Indications and Usage

The S-ICD System is intended to provide defibrillation therapy for the treatment of life-threatening ventricular tachyarrhythmias in patients who do not have symptomatic bradycardia, incessant ventricular tachycardia, or spontaneous, frequently recurring ventricular tachycardia that is reliably terminated with anti-tachycardia pacing.

Contraindications

Unipolar pacing and impedance-based features are contraindicated for use with the S-ICD System.

Warnings

Read this manual thoroughly before using the S-ICD System to avoid damage to the pulse generator and/or subcutaneous electrode. Such damage can result in patient injury or death. For single patient use only. Do not reuse, reprocess, or resterilize. All Boston Scientific S-ICD implantable components are designed for use with the Boston Scientific or Cameron Health S-ICD System only. Connection of any S-ICD System components to a non-compatible component will result in failure to deliver life-saving defibrillation therapy. All external defibrillation equipment and medical personnel skilled in CPR available during implant and follow-up testing. Using multiple pulse generators could cause pulse generator interaction, resulting in patient injury or a lack of therapy delivery. Test each system individually and in combination to help prevent undesirable interactions. Concomitant use of the S-ICD System and implanted electromechanical devices (for example a ventricular assist device, VAD; or implantable pulsatile pump or drug pump) can result in interactions that may compromise the function of the S-ICD, the co-implanted device, or both. Electromagnetic field or therapy delivery from the co-implanted device can interfere with S-ICD sensing and/or rate assessment, resulting in inappropriate therapy or failure to deliver therapy when needed. In addition, a shock from the S-ICD pulse generator could damage other medical devices or accessories. Do not use defibrillation or pacing therapies in patients who present with a non-repeated ventricular paced device and compromise of its functionality. To help prevent pulse generator interaction, test the S-ICD system when used in combination with the co-implanted device, and consider the potential effect of a shock on the co-implanted device. Handle the components of the S-ICD System with care at all times and maintain proper sterile technique. Do not modify, cut, kink, crush, stretch, or otherwise damage any component of the S-ICD System.

Use caution handling the subcutaneous electrode connector. Do not directly contact the connector with any surgical instruments such as forceps, hemostats, or clamps. Use appropriate anchoring techniques as described in the implant procedure to prevent S-ICD System dislodgement and/or migration. Use caution when placing a magnet over the S-ICD pulse generator because it suspends arrhythmia detection and therapy response. In patients with a deep implant placement (greater distance between the magnet and the pulse generator) magnet application may fail to elicit the magnet response. Do not expose a patient with an implanted S-ICD System to diathermy. Do not expose a patient to MRI scanning. Advise patients to seek medical guidance before entering environments that could adversely affect the operation of the active implantable medical device, including areas protected by a warning notice that prevents entry by patients who have a pulse generator. The pulse generator may be more susceptible to low frequency electromagnetic interference at induced signals greater than 60 uV. The S-ICD System has not been evaluated for pediatric use.

Precautions
For specific information on precautions, refer to the following sections of the product labeling: clinical considerations; sterilization, storage and handling; implant and device programming; follow-up testing; explant and disposal; environmental and medical therapy hazards; hospital and medical environments; home and occupational environments. Advise patients to avoid sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI) because EMI may cause the pulse generator to deliver inappropriate therapy or inhibit appropriate therapy.

Potential Adverse Events
Potential adverse events related to implantation of the S-ICD System may include, but are not limited to, the following: Acceleration/induction of atrial or ventricular arrhythmia, adverse reaction to induction testing, allergic/adverse reaction to system or medication, bleeding, conductor fracture, cyst formation, death, delayed therapy delivery, discomfort or prolonged healing of incision, electrode deformation and/or breakage, electrode insulation failure, erosion/extrusion, failure to deliver therapy, fever, hematoma/seroma, hemothorax, improper electrode connection to the device, inability to communicate with the device, inability to defibrillate or pace, inappropriate post shock pacing, inappropriate shock delivery, infection, keloid formation, migration or dislodgement, muscle/nerve stimulation, nerve damage, pneumothorax, post-shock/post-pace discomfort, premature battery depletion, random component failures, stroke, subcutaneous emphysema, surgical revision or replacement of the system, syncope, tissue redness, irritation, numbness or necrosis.

Patients who receive an S-ICD System may develop psychological disorders that include, but are not limited to, the following: depression/anxiety, fear of device malfunction, fear of shocks, phantom shocks.

Refer to the product labeling for specific indications, contraindications, warnings/precautions and adverse events. Rx only. (Rev. A)