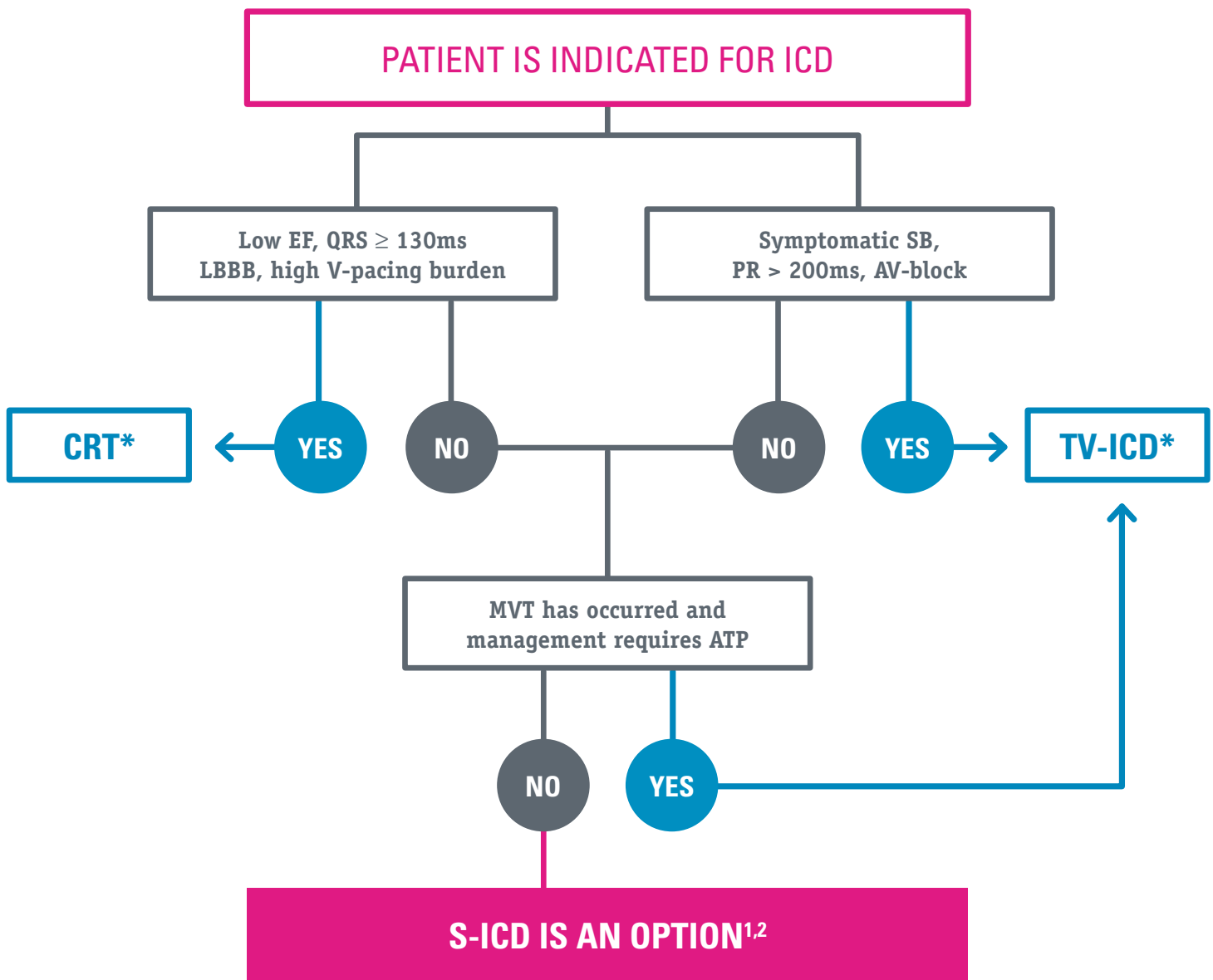


S-ICD: When is it the right choice for your patients?



Based on the article by Poole and Gold

STRONGLY CONSIDERED FOR:³

- + Patients with risk markers including:^{**}
 - Prior CIED infection
 - Systemic infection/fever
 - Renal insufficiency
 - Diabetes
 - Oral anti-coagulant/anti-platelet
 - Prior valve surgery
 - Immunosuppressed
- + Patients with primary prevention with ischemic/non-ischemic heart failure
- + Patients with prosthetic valves
- + Patients age 70 and younger who may need multiple battery replacements

PREFERRED DEVICE FOR:³

- + Patients with no venous access (occluded or congenital)
- + Patients with channelopathies (LQT, Brugada, HCM)
- + Patients with a history of endocarditis
- + Patients who are active in their daily lives and enjoy activities such as going to the gym, gardening, playing with their grandkids or cooking for their families
- + Patients with young kids at home or who need to support other family members
- + Patients who are hesitant to receive an implant
- + Patients who have cosmetic concerns, including women and thin patients

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Device choice should be based on shared decision-making between HCP and patient.

SC ECG screening is mandatory to evaluate suitability of sensing vectors for the S-ICD.

* Extended Life (EL) TV-ICD models should be prioritized to minimize risk of clinical complications related to device replacement.

** VR-ICD option can be considered if the patient is NOT expected to survive his device.

1 Weiss R, et al. Safety and Efficacy of a Totally Subcutaneous Implantable-Cardioverter Defibrillator. *Circulation* 2013;128:944-953.

2 Lambiasi PD, et al. Worldwide Experience with a Totally Subcutaneous Implantable Defibrillator: Early Results from the EFFORTLESS S-ICD Registry. *Eur Heart J* 2014;35:1657-1665.

3 Poole J and Gold M. Who Should Receive the Subcutaneous Implanted Defibrillator? The Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator Should Be Considered in All ICD patients Who Do Not Require Pacing. *Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology*. 2013; 6:1236-1245.