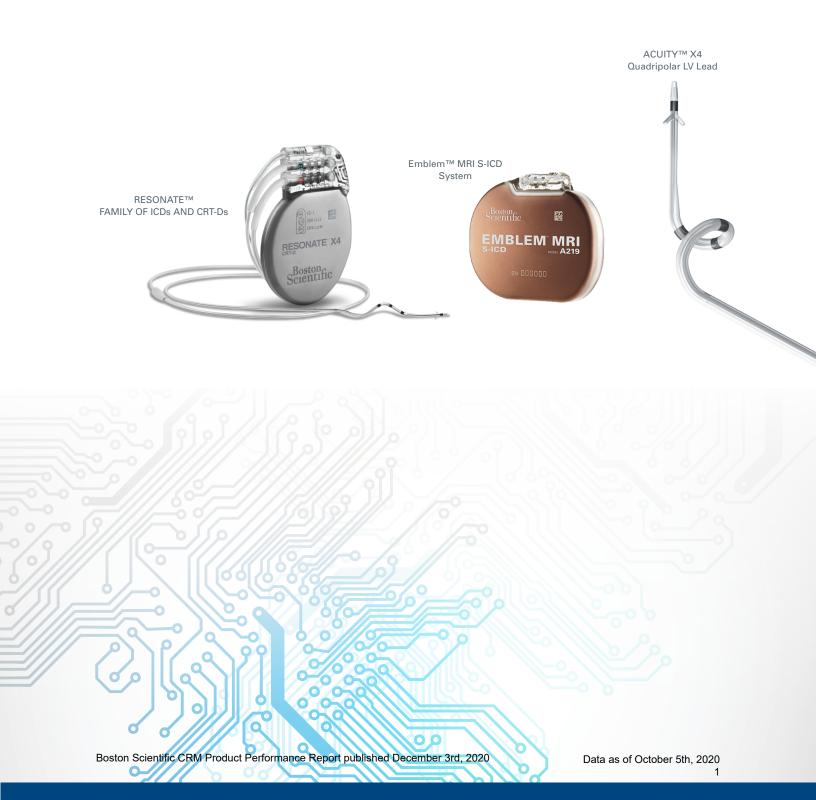




Rhythm Management Product Performance Report

Q4 Edition



CRM Quality Pledge

l improve

the quality

of patient care

and all things

Boston Scientific

Advancing Science for Life.

For over forty years, meaningful innovation at Boston Scientific Rhythm Management has helped patients live healthier, longer lives. We are committed to providing performance data which are accurate, transparent and responsive to topics of contemporary clinical interest. This Q4 2020 report includes data through October 5, 2020.

Boston Scientific provides performance data for pulse generators and leads that meets or exceeds the 2014 revision of ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E), the AdvaMed Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance, and addresses recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force.

This report provides the most comprehensive presentation of rhythm management product performance data available, including:

- ✓ U.S. lead and pulse generator survival probability
- ✓ Worldwide malfunction counts and patterns
- ✓ Worldwide malfunctions during an implant procedure
- ✓ Acute (first month) lead observations
- ✓ Chronic (after first month) lead complications
- ✓ Reasons for out of service
- ✓ Return rates

Your feedback is always welcome, and plays a vital role in our effort to continuously improve our products and services, advancing science to transform the lives of our patients.

Sincerely,

Alexandra Naughton Vice President, Quality Assurance

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Statistical Methodology

What Is Device Survival Probability?

Medical journals have traditionally used patient survival probability to display information on treatment option effectiveness. In this report, **pulse generator and lead** survival probabilities convey information about long-term performance of implantable cardiac rhythm management products.

Device survival probability shows the percentage of implanted devices that remain implanted and in service at various points in a product's service life, in the absence of competing risks, such as natural mortality or voluntary explants. Conceptually, a pulse generator of high reliability and large battery capacity or low current drain remains near 100% survival until eventually, normal battery depletion begins to cause significant numbers of devices to be removed, and the device survival probability drops rapidly. For example, a device survival probability of 99% indicates that within the stated implant duration, the pulse generator had a 1% risk of removal for battery depletion or for incurring a malfunction that required replacement. Survival probabilities are provided with and without normal battery depletions, depicted as "Battery Depletions and Malfunctions" and "Malfunctions Only," respectively.

Boston Scientific estimates survival probability in compliance with the 2014 revision of international standard ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E). Survival probability is calculated at a given time by separately estimating the probability of surviving each interval and multiplying the survival probabilities of all intervals through which a device has passed. To estimate the probability of surviving any interval, the number of units that successfully functioned during the interval is divided by the number of units exposed to malfunction/depletion during the interval. The number of units exposed is calculated using the actuarial method, where device suspensions in an interval are distributed uniformly across the interval. Reasons for device suspension from survival probability statistics are detailed in the report section entitled U.S. Reason for Out of Service.

Inclusion Criteria for Pulse Generator and Lead Survival Probability Datasets

Pulse generator survival probability is reported for U.S. implanted devices in product families that meet inclusion criteria described below. Lead survival probability is reported for the U.S. Registered Implant population for product families that meet inclusion criteria described below.

To be included in survival probability statistics, a device must first be successfully implanted (defined in this report as occurring upon pocket closure). Prophylactic device removals are tracked as part of the active population up until the time the device is removed from service; devices removed prophylactically and are not identified as malfunctions at the time of explant do not contribute to a reduction in survival probability. Reasons for device explant or out of service, if known, are provided in this report for each pulse generator product/product grouping.

Survival probabilities are based on devices registered as implanted in the U.S. Privacy laws in many other geographies preclude manufacturers from obtaining specific patient implant and explant information, thus device survival probabilities cannot be constructed from these data. Boston Scientific considers U.S. experience representative of worldwide performance. The Malfunction Details for leads and pulse generators reflect worldwide malfunctions, inclusive of U.S. data.

Criteria for inclusion of product families in this report are in compliance with the AdvaMed *Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators and Leads*. Survival estimates are provided for product families once they have at least 10,000 cumulative U.S. implant

months. The minimum interval sample size is 200 U.S. implanted units. Pulse generator product families with fewer than 500 total remaining estimated active U.S. devices are not included in this report. Lead product families that received original U.S. market release approval twenty or more years ago are not included in this report.

Estimated Longevity information is provided for pulse generator products in the U.S. Survival Probability - Battery Depletions and Malfunctions graphs, depicted as a blue bar on the x axis for Years Implanted. The estimated longevity values from the Instructions for Use for each product family are used to construct the blue longevity bars on their U.S. Survival Probability graph. They represent the range of estimated longevity based on a variety of programmed settings and therapy usage.

Survival probability data are presented in tabular and graphical formats online at www.bostonscientific.com/ppr. Not all products may be approved for use in all geographies, as product approval is geography specific.

Worldwide distribution, U.S. registered implant, and U.S. estimated active implant numbers have been rounded to provide population size context.

To convey implant experience for a product family, U.S. approval dates are provided. The U.S. approval date listed is the earliest date Boston Scientific received approval for one or more of the models in the family.

Survival Probability – Battery Depletions and Malfunctions (Pulse Generators) Reduction in survival probability for **pulse generators** is due to:

- Devices removed for normal battery depletion
- Device malfunctions occurring while implanted, as confirmed by returned product analysis

Survival Probability – Malfunctions Only (Pulse Generators)

Reduction in survival probability for **pulse generators** is due only to:

• Device malfunctions occurring while implanted, as confirmed by returned product analysis; premature battery depletions are considered device malfunctions.

In this case, normal battery depletions do not contribute to the reduction in survival probability; rather, reduction in survival probability is due only to confirmed pulse generator malfunctions. Furthermore, unconfirmed reports of premature battery depletions do not reduce "Malfunctions Only" survival probability. Put another way, this information depicts the percentage of confirmed malfunction-free devices remaining in service at various intervals in the product's service life, based on returned product analysis.

Survival Probability — Complications and Malfunctions (Leads)

The 2014 version of ISO 5841-2: 2014(E) outlines a methodology for lead survival probability inclusion. Boston Scientific has applied this methodology for survival probability to all lead families implanted as of May 2009 and forward. Worldwide malfunctions are not included for previous lead families.

Reduction in survival probability is due to:

- Leads and lead segments returned for analysis and determined to be non-compliant in form, fit, or function at any time while implanted
- Leads removed from service with reported complications 30 days or more post-implant, whether returned or not. See the Chronic Lead Complications Table in this report for the observations which are included.

Further Adjustments for Device and Lead Survival

Because underreporting of patient deaths unrelated to device function would result in overestimation of pulse generator or lead survival by overstating the number of devices in service, Boston Scientific addresses this underreporting in two ways. First, regular updates are obtained from the Social Security Administration about deceased persons and compared to Boston Scientific patient data to identify patients who have died but whose deaths had not been reported to Boston Scientific. Second, Boston Scientific uses 10% annual patient mortality as a baseline and adjusts reported patient deaths in any interval for which reports are less than the baseline rate. No adjustment is applied to account for underreporting of malfunctions, as the rate of underreporting is unknown.

Boston Scientific does not make statistical adjustments to account for underreporting of battery depletion. However, as mentioned earlier, Boston Scientific includes non-returned devices removed from service for battery depletion with no associated complaint as normal battery depletions.

Categorization of Malfunctions for Survival Probability Reporting

Malfunctions represent pulse generators and leads removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. Device damage occurring during or after explant, or caused by external factors including those warned against in product labeling (such as ionizing therapeutic radiation), are not reported as device malfunctions in survival data. Damage to a pulse generator caused by a lead malfunction is reported as a lead malfunction. Malfunctions are further classified according to their impact on therapy, as follows:

• Malfunction With Compromised Therapy —

The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service.

Examples include (but are not limited to): sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that low battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during defibrillation therapy resulting in aborted therapy delivery; intermittent malfunction in which therapy is compromised while in the malfunction state.

• Malfunction Without Compromised Therapy —

The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Malfunctions in which critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies remain available are included here.

Examples include (but are not limited to): error affecting diagnostic functions, telemetry function, data storage; malfunction of a component that causes the battery to lose power quickly enough to result in premature battery depletion, but slowly enough that the condition is detected through normal follow-up before therapy is lost; mechanical problems with connector header that do not affect therapy.

Categorization of Normal Battery Depletion for Survival Probability Reporting

Per the AdvaMed Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators and Leads, Normal Battery Depletion is defined as the condition when:

- A device is returned with no associated complaint and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time that meets or exceeds the nominal (50 percentile) predicted longevity at default (labeled) settings, or
- b) A device is returned and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time exceeding 75% of the expected longevity using actual device settings and therapeutic use.

Boston Scientific includes within this count both returned *and non-returned* devices removed from service for battery depletion with no associated complaint. In conformance with the AdvaMed guidance document, Boston Scientific performs battery usage analysis, including battery status verification, on all devices returned without a complaint. We continue to include non-returned devices reported by our customers as being removed from service due to normal battery depletion within this count.

Boston Scientific CRM's Corrective and Preventive Actions (CAPA) System

Boston Scientific strives to provide implantable devices of high quality and reliability. However, these devices are not perfect and may exhibit malfunctions at a low rate of occurrence. Device performance information is received from many sources through various channels. Boston Scientific monitors information from many sources including suppliers, testing, manufacturing and field performance to identify opportunities for improvement.

When a device is returned to Boston Scientific, laboratory technicians and engineers assess overall device function and perform analysis using specific tests related to the clinical observation(s). Test results are compared to original manufacturing records and design intent. Clinical observations are added to laboratory findings to help determine cause of the clinical observation(s). Each discrete event is then compared to other similar-appearing events. If a pattern is detected, actions are taken to identify a common root cause, and improvements intended to improve product reliability and/or performance may be implemented. Observations from supplier data and internal manufacturing operations also lead to opportunities for improvement. Improvements, when made, may include design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing and supplier process modifications, software updates, educational communications, and/or labeling changes as examples. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors including regulatory review timing. They may not be applied to every product susceptible to the malfunction pattern and may not mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions. In cases where an improvement is made to an approved product line, devices made without the improvement may continue to be distributed where such products meet our high reliability and performance standards, particularly when changes are incremental and in accordance with our overall philosophy of continuous product improvement.

Improvements are closely monitored for effectiveness. Boston Scientific informs regulatory bodies of each significant event that poses potential risk to patient health to meet regulatory obligations, and shares returned product investigation findings with physicians. The malfunction details section for pulse generators and leads includes a summary of these findings.

In summary, thorough investigation of internal and external data coupled with low trigger levels for improvements creates a continuous product improvement system that is very responsive to patient and physician needs. Boston Scientific is committed to sharing an accurate picture of product performance and addressing identified opportunities for improvement in a timely fashion for our customers.

Malfunction Details: Overview

Boston Scientific CRM pursues product quality and reliability with a passion. We therefore continuously monitor product performance to make improvements whenever possible. Worldwide Malfunction tables provide a count and description of malfunctions associated with the majority of actively in-service Boston Scientific products. Information presented is based on malfunctions reported to and analyzed by Boston Scientific. Each table contains malfunction counts listed by category, pattern and therapy availability.

Category

Malfunctions are categorized by the nature of their root cause. For example, a malfunction due to the software within a pulse generator is listed in the Software category. There are four pulse generator malfunction categories and four malfunction categories for leads (described below).

Patterns

Patients and physicians have asked for more access to Quality System details; therefore, we provide information on patterns of product performance. Patterns listed are informational and do not represent actions that need to be taken. Boston Scientific is committed to direct communication when predicted product performance fails to achieve design or performance expectations or when actions may be taken to improve patient outcomes. Malfunctions associated with product advisories are denoted. Refer to the Product Advisories section for more information.

Each pattern description includes:

- Clinical Manifestation and Root Cause Malfunctions for each product are characterized according to root cause. Descriptions provide clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each malfunction pattern listed in this report.
 Malfunctions listed within "Other" either do not yet have an identified root cause, or are related to a proprietary product feature, such as connectors or seal rings.
- Improvement Implementation All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, improvements have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. Improvements may include product design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing process modifications, software updates, educational communications or labeling changes. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing. They may not be applied to every product susceptible to the malfunction pattern, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

Pattern information in this report is dynamic. Pattern names, superscript number assignments and descriptions may all change from quarter to quarter; as Boston Scientific's investigations progress and improvements are implemented, updated information is provided.

Therapy Availability

Malfunctions are further classified according to their impact on therapy, as follows:

- Malfunction With Compromised Therapy The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Examples include (but are not limited to): sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that low battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during defibrillation therapy resulting in aborted therapy delivery; intermittent malfunction in which therapy is compromised while in the malfunction state.
- **Malfunction Without Compromised Therapy** The condition when a device is confirmed through laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Malfunctions in which critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies remain available are included here. Examples include (but are not limited to): error affecting diagnostic functions, telemetry function, data storage; malfunction of a component that causes the battery to lose power quickly enough to result in premature battery depletion, but slowly enough that the condition is detected through normal follow-up before therapy is lost; mechanical problems with connector header that do not affect therapy.

Pulse Generator Malfunctions

Pulse generator malfunctions represent devices removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. Device damage occurring during or after explant, or caused by external factors including those warned against in product labeling (e.g. therapeutic radiation), are not considered device malfunctions. Damage to a pulse generator caused by a lead malfunction is reported as a lead malfunction.

Lead Confirmed Malfunctions

Lead confirmed malfunctions represent leads removed from service and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated outside the performance limits established by Boston Scientific while implanted and in service. The Boston Scientific Product Performance Report is in compliance with the 2014 version of ISO 5841-2: 2 (E), Reporting of Clinical Performance of Populations of Pulse Generators or Leads. This version categorizes leads with reported complications which are taken out of service and returned, but for which no malfunction can be confirmed, as Chronic Lead Complications. This methodology also addresses the Recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Lead Performance Policies and Guidelines.

Supporting Greater Return of Explanted Devices

The Heart Rhythm Society (HRS) Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines stated that knowledge, confidence, and trust in cardiac rhythm management devices can be strengthened through enhancing systems that increase the return of devices to the manufacturer. Boston Scientific CRM shares in this belief and supports the HRS-specified actions geared toward achieving the goal of greater device return to the manufacturer, including post-mortem device interrogation, explantation and return to the manufacturer.¹ Approximately 60% of ICD, CRT-D, and PM pulse generators are returned for analysis.

Help Us Provide You With More Complete Product Performance Data

Reporting Adverse Events

The data in this report reflect Boston Scientific's understanding of product performance. We acknowledge that there is underreporting. If you have product performance observations to report, please contact your local Boston Scientific sales representative or Boston Scientific's Technical Services department at:

United States: Phone 1.800.CARDIAC (1.800.227.3422) or 1.651.582.2698.

International: Please refer to the Country Offices List for local contact information.

E-mail: crmevent@bsci.com

Returning Products to Boston Scientific

Boston Scientific provides a Returned Products Kit (Model 6499) that includes proper forms, shipping/packaging (biohazard bags), and a prepaid shipping label. It can be ordered at no charge through Boston Scientific's Customer Service department at 1.800.CARDIAC (1.800.227.3422) or 1.651.582.2698, or you can order a Returned Products Kit online at www.bostonscientific.com/ppr.

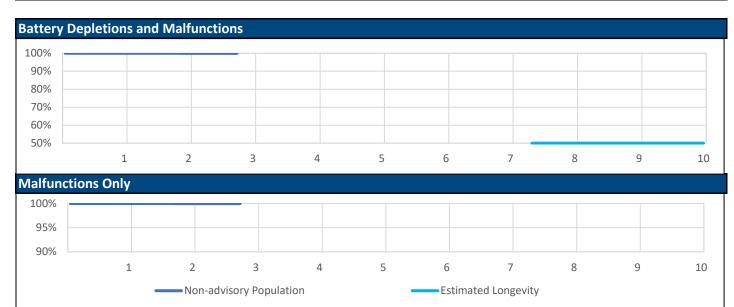
¹Carlson et al. Recommendations from the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force. Heart Rhythm. October 2006; 3(special issue):1251 — 1252.



RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D

Models: G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	30,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	3
US Approval Date:	September 2017	US Malfunctions:	5
US Estimated Active Implants:	29,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	5
		With Compromised Therapy:	-



US Survival Probability											
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%							
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%							
30,000	Effective Sample Size	15719	4670	328							

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D

Models: G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	6 57,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Integrated circuit (63) Software	0	2	2
Memory errors (51)	0	3	3
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Grand Total	0	6	6

AUTOGEN CRT-D

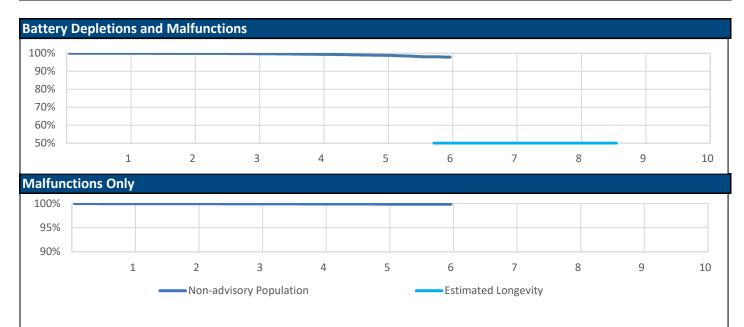
Models: G160/G161/G164/G166/G168/G172/G173/G175/G177/G179

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	18 24,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	7	7
Integrated circuit (63)	2	4	6
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	1	1
Software			
Safety Core-unintended biventricular	0	1	1
pacing (64)			
Other			
Non-patterned, other	1	2	3
Grand Total	3	15	18

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D

Models: G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/G156/G158

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	68,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	199	
US Approval Date:	April 2014	US Malfunctions:	48	
US Estimated Active Implants:	58,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	41	
		With Compromised Therapy:	7	



US Surviva	S Survival Probability										
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.4%	98.9%	97.9%	97.9%			
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%			
68,000	Effective Sample Size	56024	43676	29803	16009	6021	520	293			

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D

Models: G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/G156/G158

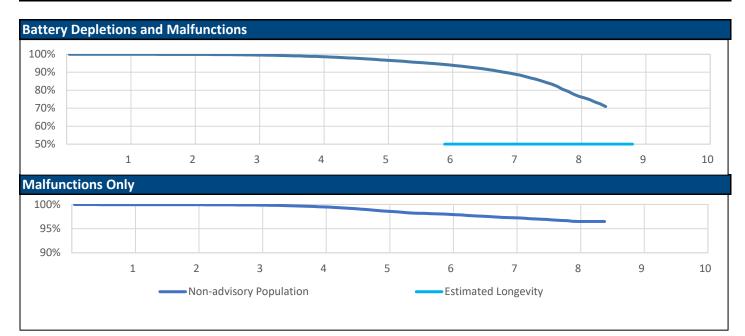
Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	71 107,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	17	17
Integrated circuit (63)	3	11	14
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	6	6
High voltage capacitor (75)	1	1	2
Battery (53)	0	2	2
Software			
Memory errors (51)	2	18	20
Safety Core-unintended biventricular	0	2	2
pacing (64)			
Other			
Non-patterned, other	5	3	8
Grand Total	11	60	71

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D

Models: N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/N163/N164/N165/P052/P053/P142/P143/

P162/P163/P165

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	53,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	2,478	
US Approval Date:	November 2011	US Malfunctions:	754	
US Estimated Active Implants:	31,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	735	
		With Compromised Therapy:	19	



US Survival Probability												
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.6%	98.8%	96.9%	94.3%	89.6%	77.9%	70.9%		1
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.5%	98.7%	98.0%	97.3%	96.5%	96.5%		
53,000	Effective Sample Size	46316	41470	37015	32822	27903	20553	10376	2545	333		@ 102 r

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D

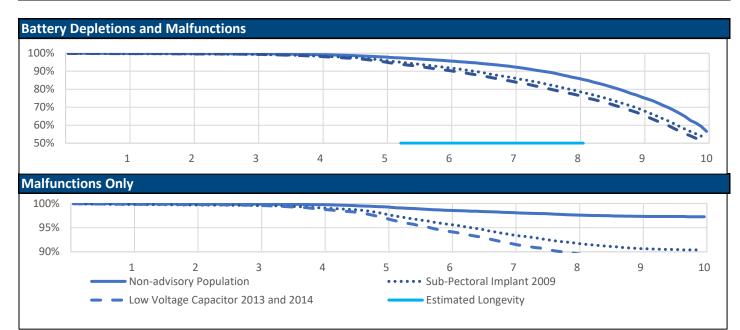
Models: N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/N163/N164/N165/ P052/P053/P142/P143/P162/P163/P165

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	1,213 81,000		
	With Compromised	Without Compromised	
	Therapy	Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Safety Core-electrocautery (42)	1	5	6
High-voltage capacitor (43)	5	0	5
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	1	1
Integrated circuit (50)	7	2	9
Battery (53)	1	9	10
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	5	1139	1144
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	5	5
Mechanical			
Transformer (38)	6	0	6
Software			
Memory errors (51)	0	8	8
Other			
Non-patterned, other	5	14	19
Grand Total	30	1183	1213

COGNIS CRT-D

Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	75,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	11,075	
US Approval Date:	March 2008	US Malfunctions:	2,071	
US Estimated Active Implants:	21,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	1,879	
		With Compromised Therapy:	192	



	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.3%	98.0%	96.0%	92.9%	86.7%	76.6%	59.3%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.3%	98.6%	98.2%	97.7%	97.3%	97.2%
36,000	Effective Sample Size	31289	28062	25129	22412	19861	17376	14992	12311	7203	892

COGNIS CRT-D

Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

US Surviva	al Probability	(cont.)									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Subpectoral Implant 2009	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.6%	99.4%	98.5%	96.3%	92.2%	86.9%	79.7%	69.7%	54.0%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%	99.1%	98.0%	95.8%	93.7%	91.9%	90.7%	90.4%
32,000	Effective Sample Size	27333	24225	21626	19202	16773	14298	11978	9753	7561	5167
Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.5%	98.4%	95.6%	90.8%	84.8%	77.4%	67.0%	51.7%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.8%	99.8%	99.6%	98.9%	97.2%	94.4%	91.9%	89.8%	88.4%	88.1%
26,000	Effective Sample Size	22472	19950	17838	15793	13745	11609	9633	7793	5990	3931

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

COGNIS CRT-D

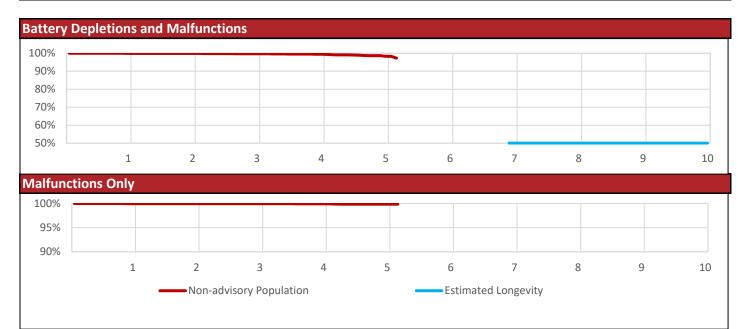
Models: N106/N107/N108/N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	2,913 109,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical	.,	••	
Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September 17, 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory (3)	82	1615	1697
Safety Core-electrocautery (42)	25	54	79
High-voltage capacitor (43)	6	1	7
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	7	7
Integrated circuit (50)	21	8	29
High voltage circuit (52)	1	0	1
Battery (53)	9	49	58
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	12	813	825
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	2	2
Mechanical			
Transformer (38)	9	0	9
Difficulty securing lead (41)	8	8	16
Header contacts (45)	8	10	18
Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009	48	19	67
Voluntary Physician Advisory (6)			
Header (74)	25	9	34
Software			
Safety Core-programming (46)	0	1	1
Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48)	0	2	2
Memory errors (51)	2	15	17
Other			
Non-patterned, other	11	33	44
Grand Total	267	2646	2913

VISIONIST/VALITUDE

Models: U125/U128/U225/U226/U228

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	33,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	69
US Approval Date:	October 2014	US Malfunctions:	26
US Estimated Active Implants:	28,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	25
		With Compromised Therapy:	1



US Survival Probability											
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.5%	98.6%	97.3%				
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%				
	Effective Sample Size	23461	15651	9519	3997	710	292				

VISIONIST/VALITUDE

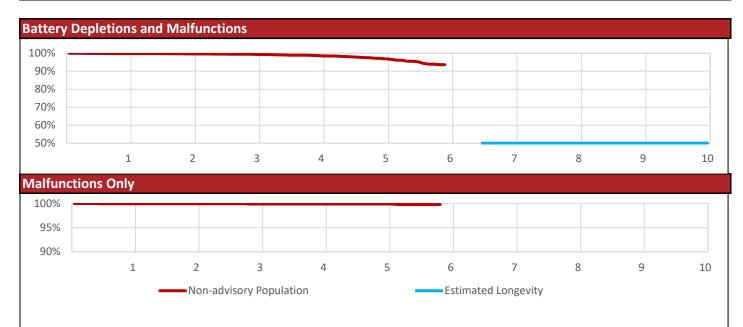
Models: U125/U128/U225/U226/U228

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	34 67,000		
Electrical	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	2	2
Integrated circuit (63)	1	5	6
Telemetry (68)	0	1	1
Hydrogen induced premature	0	12	12
depletion - September 2018 (70) Capacitor (67) Software	0	2	2
Memory errors (51)	0	4	4
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	7	7
Grand Total	1	33	34

INTUA

Models: V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	3,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	71	
US Approval Date:	May 2013	US Malfunctions:	3	
US Estimated Active Implants:	2,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Survival Probability											
Y	⁄ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
•	Depletions and Aalfunctions	99.8%	99.6%	99.4%	98.7%	97.1%	93.6%				
0	Aalfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%				
3,000 Ef Si	ffective Sample ize	2271	2016	1783	1520	1083	252				

INTUA

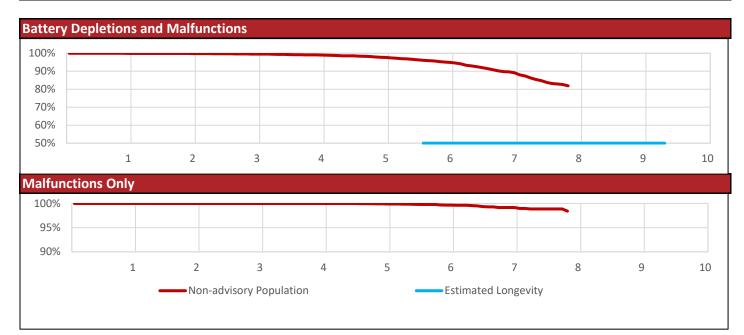
Models: V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	3 3,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	1	2	3
Grand Total	1	2	3

INVIVE

Models: V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	8,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	360	
US Approval Date:	May 2012	US Malfunctions:	26	
US Estimated Active Implants:	5,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	24	
		With Compromised Therapy:	2	



US Survival Probability											
,	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.6%	99.1%	97.8%	95.1%	89.6%	81.9%		
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.2%	98.4%		
	Effective Sample Size	6717	5997	5336	4733	4017	2946	1292	224		

INVIVE

Models: V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	32 18,000		
Electrical	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Low-voltage capacitors (47) Software	1	0	1
Memory errors (51) Other	0	3	3
Non-patterned, other	4	24	28
Grand Total	5	27	32

CONTAK RENEWAL TR 2

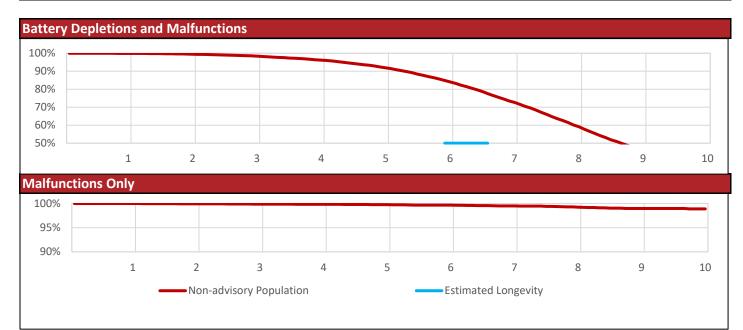
Models: H140/H145

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	38 31,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15) Mechanical	0	1	1
Seal plug (19)	0	2	2
Setscrew block (25)	0	2	2
Seal plug (33) Software	0	1	1
Memory error (23)	0	1	1
Stored EGMs (28)	0	20	20
Other			
Non-patterned, other	1	10	11
Grand Total	1	37	38

CONTAK RENEWAL TR

Models: H120/H125

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	19,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	4,178	
US Approval Date:	January 2004	US Malfunctions:	67	
US Estimated Active Implants:	3,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	66	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Surviva	US Survival Probability											
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	/	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.5%	98.5%	96.4%	92.3%	84.8%	73.5%	60.1%	47.1%	38.0%	
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.6%	99.5%	99.3%	99.0%	98.9%	
19,000	Effective Sample Size	15204	13172	11469	9929	8437	6858	5225	3678	2047	842	

CONTAK RENEWAL TR

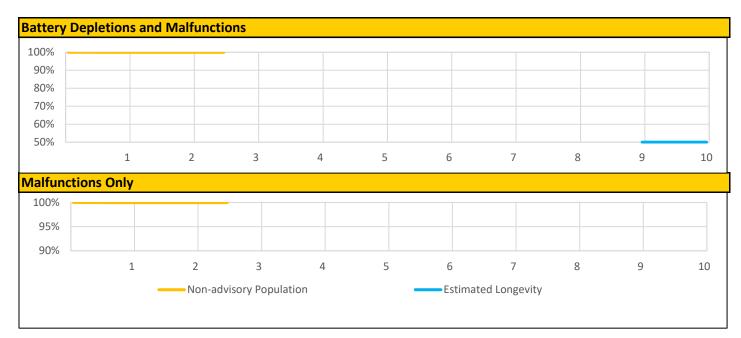
Models: H120/H125

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	67 19,000		
Electrical	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Capacitor (15)	1	0	1
Low-voltage capacitor - June 23, 2006 Voluntary Physician Advisory (8) Mechanical Seal plug (19)	0	1	1
Software			
Stored EGMs (28) Other	0	39	39
Non-patterned, other	0	12	12
Alert messages (31)	0	8	8
Magnet rate (44)	0	1	1
Grand Total	1	66	67

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR

Models: D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	15,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	1	
US Approval Date:	July 2017	US Malfunctions:	3	
US Estimated Active Implants:	14,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Survival Probability											
γ	⁄ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
•	Depletions and Aalfunctions	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%							
•	Aalfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%							
	ffective Sample ize	6808	1645	248							

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR

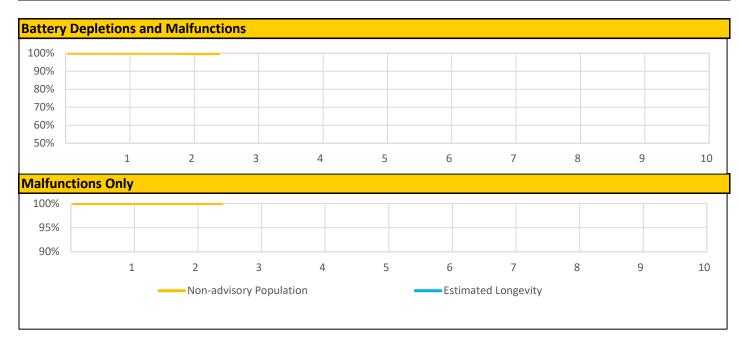
Models: D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	3 28,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage capacitor (75) Other	1	0	1
Non-patterned, other	0	2	2
Grand Total	1	2	3

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR

Models: D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	10,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	4	
US Approval Date:	July 2017	US Malfunctions:	-	
US Estimated Active Implants:	9,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-	
		With Compromised Therapy:	-	



US Survival Probability											
Y	/ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	epletions and Aalfunctions	100.0%	99.8%	99.8%							
•	Aalfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%							
10,000 Ef Si	ffective Sample ize	4760	1173	285							

RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR

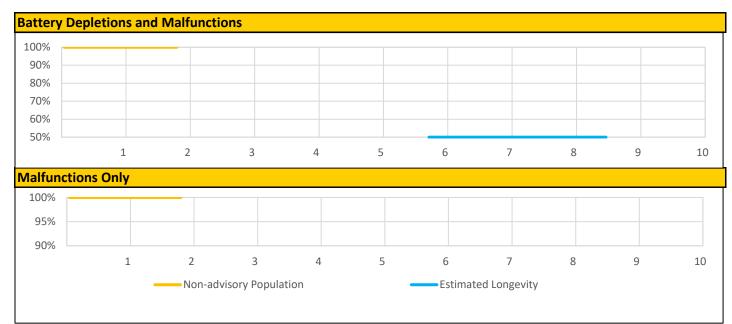
Models: D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	2 22,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage capacitor (75) Other	1	0	1
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Grand Total	1	1	2

PERCIVA DR

Models: D401/D413/D501/D513





	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	100.0%									
Registered mplants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%									
2,000	Effective Sample Size	740	202									@ 23

PERCIVA DR

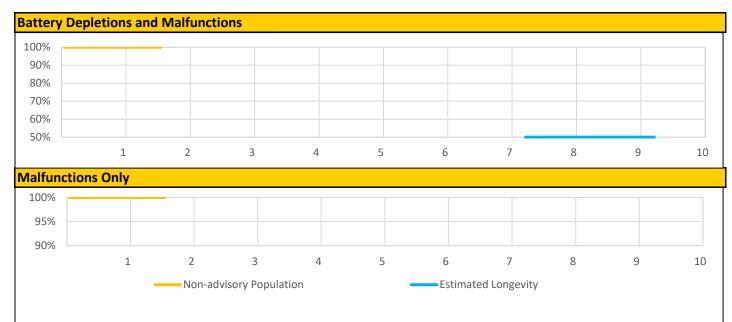
Models: D401/D413/D501/D513

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	0 3,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

PERCIVA VR

Models: D400/D412/D500/D512





<mark>US Survival</mark>	Probability	/									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	100.0%								
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%								
1,000	Effective Sample Size	462	209								

PERCIVA VR

Models: D400/D412/D500/D512

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	0 2,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

AUTOGEN ICD EL DR

Models: D162/D163/D176/D177

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	14 16,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	4	4
Integrated circuit (63)	2	0	2
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	3	3
Battery (53)	0	1	1
High voltage capacitor (75)	1	0	1
Other			
Non-patterned, other	1	2	3
Grand Total	4	10	14

AUTOGEN ICD EL VR

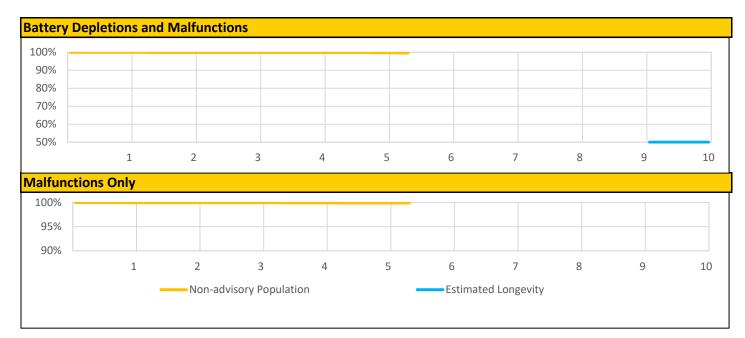
Models: D160/D161/D174/D175

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	6 17,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage capacitor (75)	1	0	1
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	1	1
Other			
Non-patterned, other Software	0	1	1
Memory errors (51)	2	1	3
Grand Total	3	3	6

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR

Models: D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	42,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	26	
US Approval Date:	April 2014	US Malfunctions:	18	
US Estimated Active Implants:	37,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	11	
		With Compromised Therapy:	7	



US Survival	l Probability	y										
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%					
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%					
42,000	Effective Sample Size	33305	24496	15069	7017	1805	213					@ 65 mo

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR

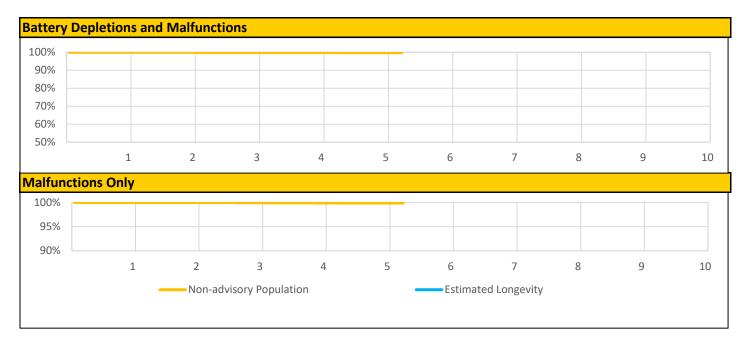
Models: D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	22 61,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	2	2
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	3	3
Integrated circuit (63)	1	1	2
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	3	3
High voltage capacitor (75)	4	0	4
Software			
Memory errors (51)	0	1	1
Other			
Non-patterned, other	3	4	7
Grand Total	8	14	22

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR

Models: D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	35,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	19	
US Approval Date:	April 2014	US Malfunctions:	15	
US Estimated Active Implants:	31,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	14	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Surviva	l Probability	y									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%				
•	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%				
35,000	Effective Sample Size	28170	21126	13469	6836	1790	417				

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR

Models: D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	26 58,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	1	1
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	2	2
Integrated circuit (63)	0	1	1
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	1	10	11
Software			
Memory errors (51)	0	4	4
Other			
Non-patterned, other	3	4	7
Grand Total	4	22	26

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR

Models: D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	10,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	208	
US Approval Date:	April 2014	US Malfunctions:	15	
US Estimated Active Implants:	8,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	12	
		With Compromised Therapy:	3	



US Survival	Probability	/									
Y	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	99.1%	95.9%	80.8%				
•	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.7%	99.7%				
10,000 E	ffective Sample lize	7671	6002	4269	2897	1521	216				

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR

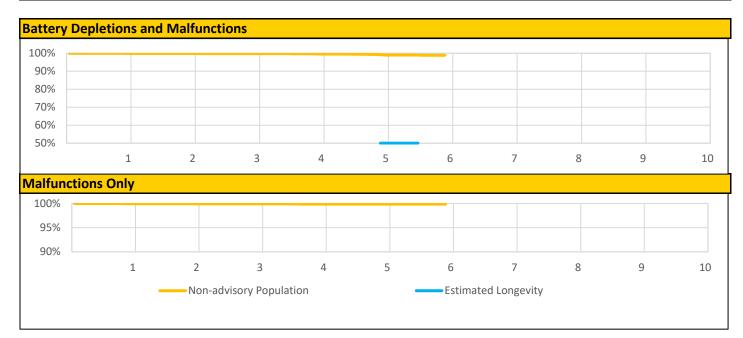
Models: D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions	20		
Worldwide Distribution	26,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	11	11
High voltage capacitor (75)	2	0	2
Other			
Non-patterned, other	2	5	7
Grand Total	4	16	20

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR

Models: D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	9,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	24	
US Approval Date:	April 2014	US Malfunctions:	7	
US Estimated Active Implants:	7,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	6	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Surviva	I Probability	y										
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	99.2%	98.9%					
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%					
9,000	Effective Sample Size	7256	5712	4162	2883	1514	234					@ 72 mo

DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR

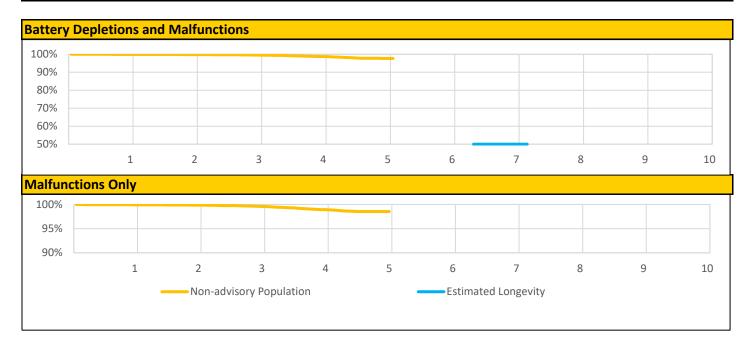
Models: D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	17 27,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	2	2
High voltage circuit component (62)	0	5	5
High voltage capacitor (75)	4	0	4
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	1	1
Software			
Memory errors (51)	1	2	3
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	2	2
Grand Total	5	12	17

EMBLEM S-ICD

Models: A209/A219

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	35,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	33	
US Approval Date:	March 2015	US Malfunctions:	136	
US Estimated Active Implants:	31,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	114	
		With Compromised Therapy:	22	



US Survival P	Probability	y									
Y	'ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	epletions and 1alfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	98.7%	97.7%	97.7%				
Registered Ma mplants: Or	1alfunctions nly	99.9%	99.9%	99.6%	98.9%	98.5%	98.5%				
35,000 Eff Siz	ffective Sample ize	24284	16037	9604	4622	751	245				

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

EMBLEM S-ICD

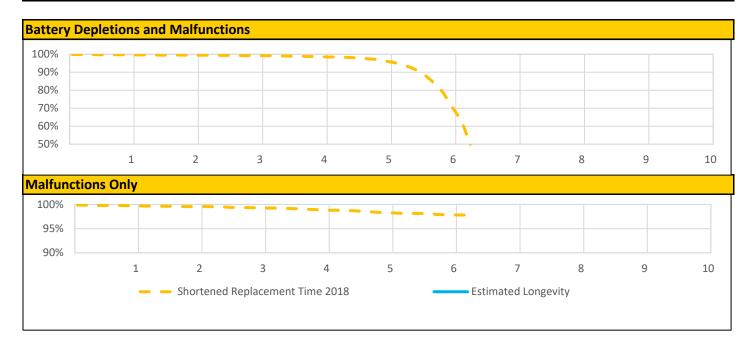
Models: A209/A219

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	297 76,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
High-voltage capacitor (43) Capacitor (72) S-ICD battery depletion 2019 (77) Software	1 1 4	0 173 24	1 174 28
Memory corruption (65) Misaligned markers (73) Mechanical	1 1	0 2	1 3
Internal insulation (76) Solder joint (78) RF Antenna (80) Other	4 5 2	1 0 0	5 5 2
Non-patterned, other Telemetry (56) Grand Total	24 13	25 16	49 29
Grand Total	56	241	297

SQ-RX S-ICD

Models: 1010

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	8,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	931	
US Approval Date:	September 2012	US Malfunctions:	96	
US Estimated Active Implants:	5,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	42	
		With Compromised Therapy:	54	



US Surviva	l Probabilit	y									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.5%	99.2%	98.6%	96.5%	74.7%	41.6%			
-	Malfunctions Only	99.7%	99.5%	99.3%	98.8%	98.3%	97.9%	97.8%			
8,000	Effective Sample Size	6415	5652	4995	4385	3640	1238	202			

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

SQ-RX S-ICD

Models: 1010

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	203 11,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Unintended Fuse Activation 2013 (4)	3	0	3
Charge Timeout Alert (61)	1	11	12
Mechanical			
High cathode condition (5)	1	1	2
Shortened replacement time 2018 (55)	57	41	98
Software			
Unintended Battery Depletion Alert (57)	0	10	10
Other			
Telemetry (56)	10	4	14
Non-patterned, other	38	26	64
Grand Total	110	93	203

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR

Models: E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	47,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	205	
US Approval Date:	November 2011	US Malfunctions:	1,023	
US Estimated Active Implants:	31,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	1,006	
		With Compromised Therapy:	17	



US Survival	l Probability	y									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	98.8%	97.1%	94.2%	91.3%	89.2%	
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.0%	97.4%	94.8%	93.2%	92.9%	
	Effective Sample Size	41224	36538	32293	28361	24161	16904	8464	2121	277	

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR

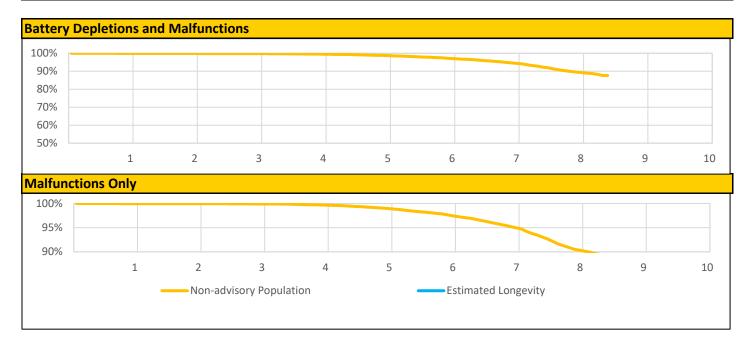
Models: E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	1,613 72,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Mechanical			
Transformer (38) Electrical	2	0	2
High-voltage capacitor (43)	4	1	5
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	4	4
Integrated circuit (50)	4	7	11
Battery (53)	7	68	75
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	6	1472	1478
High voltage circuit (58)	0	1	1
Low-voltage capacitor (69) Software	0	7	7
Memory errors (51)	0	6	6
Other			
Non-patterned, other	6	18	24
Grand Total	29	1584	1613

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR

Models: E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E161/F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	39,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	128	
US Approval Date:	November 2011	US Malfunctions:	916	
US Estimated Active Implants:	27,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	887	
		With Compromised Therapy:	29	



US Survival Probability												
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.5%	98.8%	97.3%	94.6%	89.6%	87.7%		
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.0%	97.6%	95.2%	90.5%	89.4%		
	Effective Sample Size	34701	30727	27151	23885	20301	14113	6828	1746	207		@ 102 mc

INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR

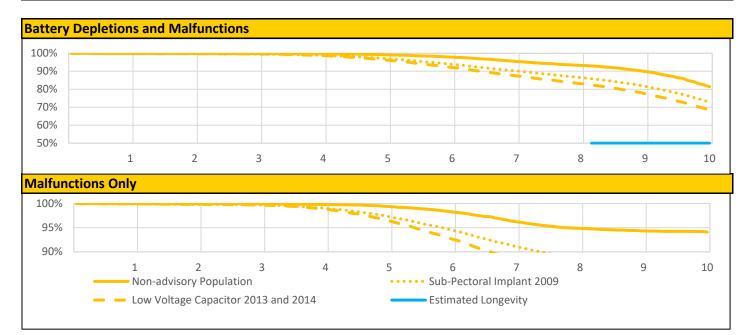
Models: E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E161/F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	1,554 68,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			i otai
High-voltage capacitor (43)	4	1	5
Integrated circuit (50)	5	3	8
Battery (53)	12	96	108
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	8	1385	1393
High voltage circuit (58)	1	0	1
Low-voltage capacitor (69) Mechanical	0	3	3
Transformer (38) Software	6	0	6
Memory errors (51)	1	7	8
Other			
Non-patterned, other	10	12	22
Grand Total	47	1507	1554

TELIGEN DR

Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	66,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	3,854
US Approval Date:	March 2008	US Malfunctions:	2,922
US Estimated Active Implants:	27,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2,771
		With Compromised Therapy:	151



US Surviv	al Probability	/									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	99.2%	98.0%	95.7%	93.4%	90.3%	82.3%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.4%	98.4%	96.4%	94.9%	94.4%	94.2%
30000	Effective Sample Size	26328	23353	20707	18286	16083	13986	11980	10211	6711	1164

TELIGEN DR

Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Subpectoral Implant 2009	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	98.9%	97.2%	94.2%	90.4%	86.8%	82.2%	73.8%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.1%	97.5%	94.7%	91.3%	88.6%	86.6%	85.3%
30000	Effective Sample Size	26630	23512	20788	18253	15861	13512	11368	9508	7813	6060
ow Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	98.8%	96.5%	92.5%	87.8%	83.4%	78.2%	69.4%
Registered mplants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	98.9%	96.7%	93.0%	88.7%	85.3%	82.9%	81.3%
3000	Effective Sample Size	20616	18223	16099	14125	12172	10251	8519	7041	5716	4321

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

TELIGEN DR

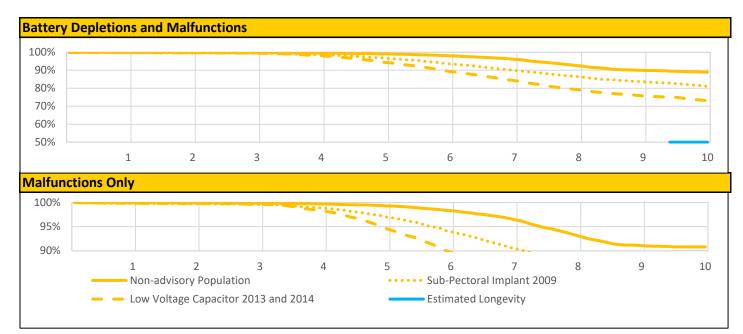
Models: E110/E111/F110/F111

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	3,993 91,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September 17, 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory (3)	50	2284	2334
Safety Core-electrocautery (42)	1	4	5
High-voltage capacitor (43)	8	1	9
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	8	8
Integrated circuit (50)	21	22	43
Battery (53)	38	253	291
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	6	1158	1164
Low-voltage capacitor (69) Mechanical	0	3	3
Transformer (38)	20	0	20
Seal plug (40)	0	3	3
Difficulty securing lead (41)	7	7	14
Header contacts (45)	13	3	16
Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory (6)	9	5	14
Header (74) Software	9	3	12
Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48)	0	3	3
Memory errors (51) Other	0	16	16
Non-patterned, other	10	28	38
Grand Total	192	3801	3993

TELIGEN VR

Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	38,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	400	
US Approval Date:	March 2008	US Malfunctions:	2,224	
US Estimated Active Implants:	17,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2,100	
		With Compromised Therapy:	124	



US Surviv	al Probability	/									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%	99.1%	98.1%	96.3%	92.8%	90.0%	88.9%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%	99.3%	98.4%	96.7%	93.4%	91.2%	90.8%
18000	Effective Sample Size	16200	14331	12651	11155	9790	8516	7304	6102	3596	460

TELIGEN VR

Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Subpectoral Implant 2009	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.6%	99.5%	98.7%	96.9%	93.8%	90.2%	86.6%	83.7%	81.4%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%	98.9%	97.2%	94.2%	90.7%	87.4%	84.8%	83.4%
16000	Effective Sample Size	13615	11998	10575	9245	7989	6799	5707	4754	3994	3359
Low Voltage Capacitor 2013 and 2014	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.5%	98.2%	94.8%	89.7%	84.6%	79.5%	76.0%	73.4%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.8%	99.8%	99.6%	98.4%	95.0%	90.0%	85.1%	80.2%	77.1%	75.5%
12000	Effective Sample Size	10850	9580	8447	7365	6263	5195	4246	3444	2856	2270

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

TELIGEN VR

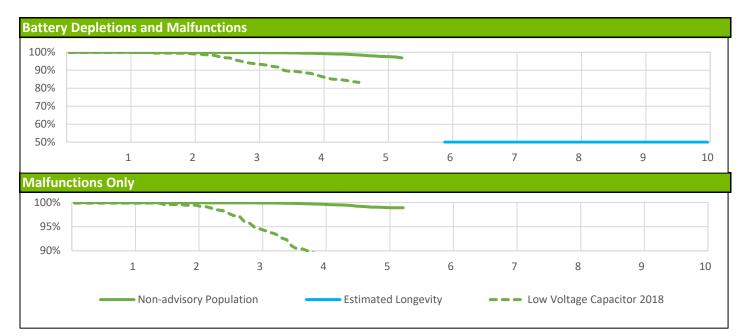
Models: E102/E103/F102/F103

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions	3,743		
Worldwide Distribution Electrical	66,000 With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
		1072	1017
Low Voltage Capacitor 2014 - August 29, 2013 and September 17, 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory (3)	44	1873	1917
Safety Core-electrocautery (42)	1	1	2
High-voltage capacitor (43)	3	0	3
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	5	5
Integrated circuit (50)	17	11	28
Battery (53)	49	406	455
Low-voltage capacitor (54)	4	1185	1189
Low-voltage capacitor (69)	0	3	3
Mechanical			
Transformer (24)	1	0	1
Transformer (38)	14	0	14
Seal plug (40)	0	1	1
Difficulty securing lead (41)	9	0	9
Header contacts (45)	22	16	38
Subpectoral implant 2009 - December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory (6)	16	6	22
Header (74)	13	4	17
Software			
Alert messages not displayed post-EOL (48)	0	4	4
Memory errors (51)	0	11	11
Respiratory Sensor Oversensing - March 23, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory (7)	0	2	2
Other			
Non-patterned, other	11	11	22
Grand Total	204	3539	3743

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	187,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	325	
US Approval Date:	October 2014	US Malfunctions:	371	
US Estimated Active Implants:	164,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	359	
		With Compromised Therapy:	12	



US Surviv	al Probability	y										
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.4%	97.7%	96.9%					
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%	99.0%	98.9%					
24000	Effective Sample Size	140120	98329	61618	28882	5930	694					@ 64 mo

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

US Surviva	al Probability	y (cont.)									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Low Voltage Capacitor 2018	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.4%	94.2%	88.2%	83.3%					
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	99.9%	99.4%	94.9%	89.2%	87.1%					
800	Effective Sample Size	712	639	547	443	260					

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR

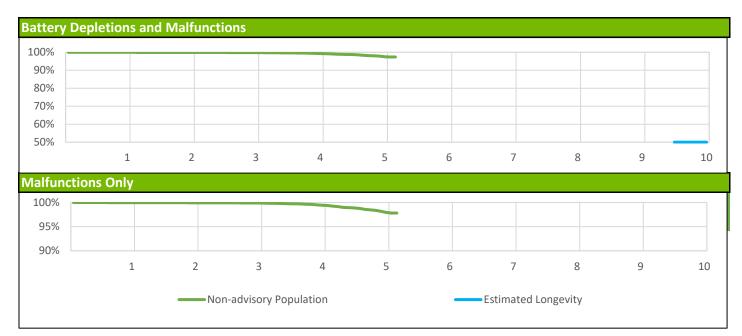
Models: L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	678 387,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical	merupy	merupy	Iotai
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	4	4
Integrated circuit (63)	9	22	31
Capacitor (67)	0	420	420
Telemetry (68)	2	11	13
Hydrogen induced premature depletion - September 2018 (70) Software	0	130	130
Memory errors (51) Mechanical	0	29	29
Battery cathode (79)	1	0	1
Other			
Non-patterned, other	11	39	50
Grand Total	23	655	678

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO EL DR

Models: L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	92,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	56	
US Approval Date:	October 2014	US Malfunctions:	186	
US Estimated Active Implants:	84,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	181	
		With Compromised Therapy:	5	



US Survival F	Probability	y									
Y	'ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	epletions and Ialfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.4%	97.8%	97.4%				
0	lalfunctions nly	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.5%	98.2%	97.8%				
92,000 Eff Siz	ffective Sample ze	63993	41488	23416	9475	1616	440				

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO EL DR

Models: L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	389 219,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	7	7
Integrated circuit (63)	1	10	11
Capacitor (67)	0	256	256
Telemetry (68)	1	11	12
Hydrogen induced premature	2	53	55
depletion - September 2018 (70)			
Software			
Memory errors (51)	0	24	24
Mechanical			
Battery cathode (79)	1	0	1
Other			
Non-patterned, other	2	21	23
Grand Total	7	382	389

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR

Models: L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	36,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	45	
US Approval Date:	October 2014	US Malfunctions:	110	
US Estimated Active Implants:	29,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	108	
		With Compromised Therapy:	2	



US Survival F	Probability	/										
Y	'ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	epletions and 1alfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%	99.1%	97.8%	97.7%					
0	1alfunctions Inly	100.0%	100.0%	99.8%	99.3%	98.6%	98.6%					
	ffective Sample ize	26937	18991	11837	5399	994	323					@ (

*Devices subject to an advisory. Refer to the Advisories for more details. Devices may be part of more than one advisory.

ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR

Models: L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310

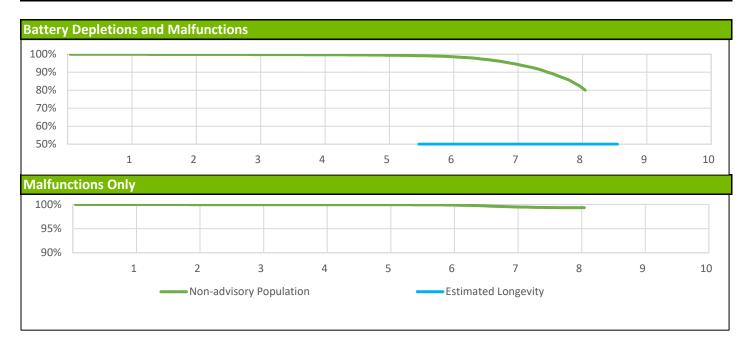
Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	297 141,000		
Electrical	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Low-voltage capacitors (47) Integrated circuit (63) Capacitor (67) Telemetry (68) Hydrogen induced premature depletion - September 2018 (70) Software	0 4 0 0 2	2 3 224 4 41	2 7 224 4 43
Memory errors (51) Other	0	9	9
Non-patterned, other Grand Total	0 6	8 291	8 297

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR

Models: J063/J066/J173/J176/J273/J276/J278/J279/K063/K066/K083/K086/K173/K176/K183/K186/K273/K276/K278/K279/

K283/K286/K288/K289

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	121,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	2,668	
US Approval Date:	May 2012	US Malfunctions:	207	
US Estimated Active Implants:	83,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	196	
		With Compromised Therapy:	11	



US Survival	Probability	/									
Y	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
,	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%	99.5%	98.8%	95.1%	84.0%	80.0%	
0	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.5%	99.3%	99.3%	
	iffective Sample	107354	95773	85408	76124	67371	45793	20237	2434	610	

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR

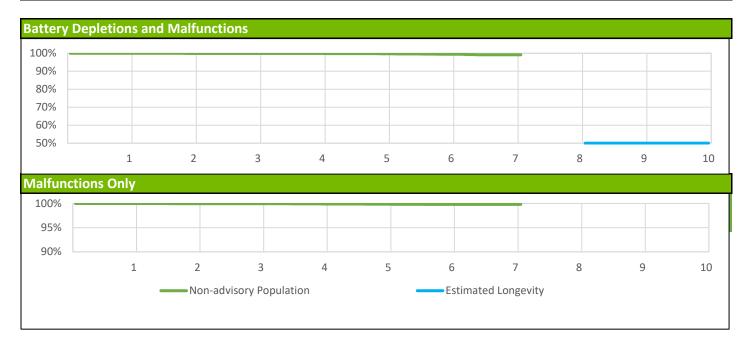
Models: J063/J066/J173/J176/J273/J276/J278/J279/K063/K066/K083/K086/K173/K176/K183/K186/K273/K276/ K278/K279/K283/K286/K288/K289

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	245 219,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	0	8	8
Integrated circuit (50)	7	3	10
Titanium case material (60) Software	3	0	3
Memory errors (51)	1	26	27
Other			
Non-patterned, other	8	189	197
Grand Total	19	226	245

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR

Models: J064/J067/J174/J177/J274/J277/K064/K067/K084/K087/K174/K177/K184/K187/K274/K277/K284/K287

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	11,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	23	
US Approval Date:	May 2012	US Malfunctions:	13	
US Estimated Active Implants:	9,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	11	
		With Compromised Therapy:	2	



US Survival I	Probability	/									
Y	/ear	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	epletions and Aalfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.5%	99.2%	99.2%		
0	1alfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%		
	ffective Sample ize	9676	8589	7640	6779	5787	2929	401	203		

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO EL DR

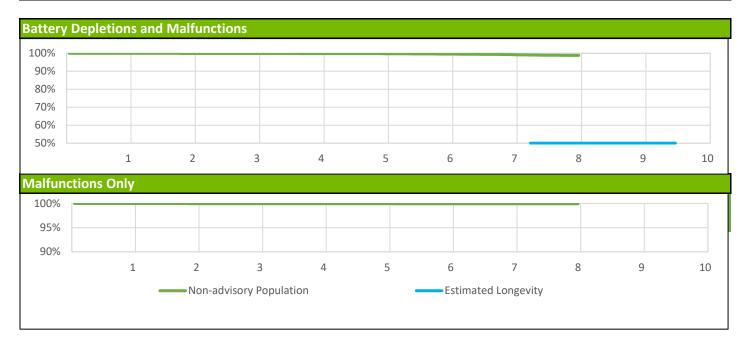
Models: J064/J067/J174/J177/J274/J277/K064/K067/K084/K087/K174/K177/K184/K187/K274/K277/K284/K287

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	94 77,000		
Electrical	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Low-voltage capacitors (47) Integrated circuit (50) Titanium case material (60) Software	1 2 2	5 0 0	6 2 2
Memory errors (51) Respiratory sensor (59) Other	1 0	5 1	6 1
Non-patterned, other Grand Total	4 10	73 84	77 94

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO SR

Models: J062/J065/J172/J175/J272/J275/K062/K065/K082/K085/K172/K175/K182/K185/K272/K275/K282/K285

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	27,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	84	
US Approval Date:	May 2012	US Malfunctions:	11	
US Estimated Active Implants:	16,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	10	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Surviva	US Survival Probability											
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.6%	99.3%	98.8%	98.8%		
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%		
27,000	Effective Sample Size	22857	20330	18134	16150	13884	9035	3992	482	275		

ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR

Models: J062/J065/J172/J175/J272/J275/K062/K065/K082/K085/K172/K175/K182/K185/K272/K275/K282/K285

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	24 86,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Low-voltage capacitors (47)	1	3	4
Integrated circuit (50)	3	2	5
Titanium case material (60)	1	0	1
Software			
Memory errors (51)	0	9	9
Other			
Non-patterned, other	3	2	5
Grand Total	8	16	24

ALTRUA 2 DR

Models: S702

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	4 9,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Software			
Memory errors (51) Electrical	0	1	1
Capacitor (67)	0	3	3
Grand Total	0	4	4

ALTRUA 2 EL DR

Models: S722

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	0 4,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

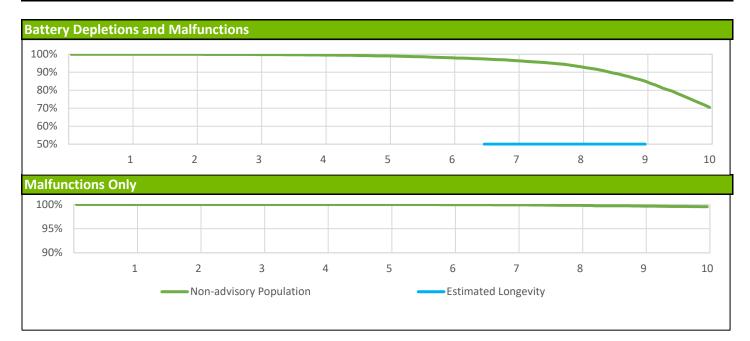
ALTRUA 2 SR

Models: S701

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	5 7,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (67) Other	0	4	4
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Grand Total	0	5	5

ALTRUA 60 DR

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	22,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	3,143	
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	38	
US Estimated Active Implants:	9,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	35	
		With Compromised Therapy:	3	



US Surviva	S Survival Probability												
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.6%	99.1%	98.2%	96.6%	93.5%	85.9%	71.8%		
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.5%		
22,000	Effective Sample Size	19597	17524	15615	13842	12220	10723	9313	7848	5910	3829		

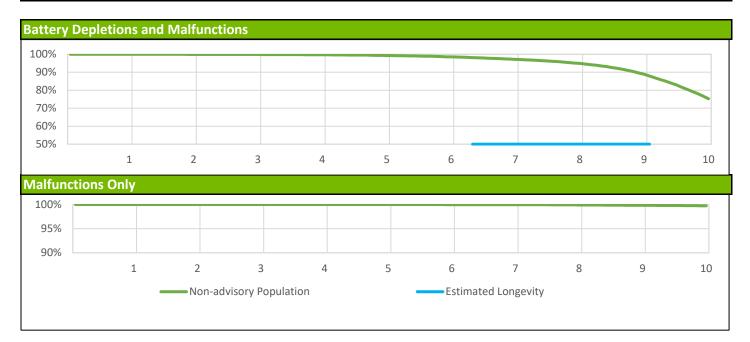
ALTRUA 60 DR

Models: S602

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	64 56,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical	.,	••	
Capacitor (15) Mechanical	0	1	1
Capacitor array (16)	0	1	1
Difficulty securing lead (41)	1	0	1
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	1	1	2
Battery status (49)	0	52	52
Non-patterned, other	3	4	7
Grand Total	5	59	64

ALTRUA 60 EL DR

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	59,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	4,071	
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	51	
US Estimated Active Implants:	31,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	46	
		With Compromised Therapy:	5	



US Surviva	S Survival Probability												
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%	99.4%	98.6%	97.3%	95.1%	89.6%	76.7%		
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%		
59,000	Effective Sample Size	52528	46947	41901	37353	33259	29408	25764	21621	12601	4622		

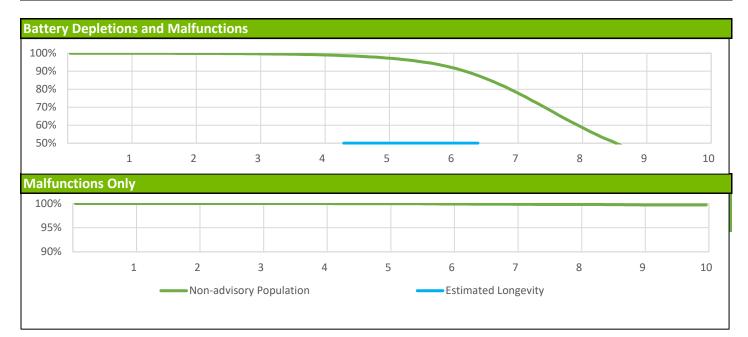
ALTRUA 60 EL DR

Models: S606

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	67 90,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	0	3	3
Integrated circuit (17)	0	1	1
Mechanical			
Difficulty securing lead (41)	1	0	1
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	2	0	2
Battery status (49)	0	54	54
Magnet rate (44)	0	1	1
Non-patterned, other	2	3	5
Grand Total	5	62	67

ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize)

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	90,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	23,124
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	98
US Estimated Active Implants:	26,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	88
		With Compromised Therapy:	10



US Surviva	al Probability	y	_			_				_	
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.2%	97.6%	92.9%	80.0%	61.0%	44.6%	28.8%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.7%	99.7%
90,000	Effective Sample Size	78658	70355	62833	55910	49215	41827	32020	20507	9605	2857

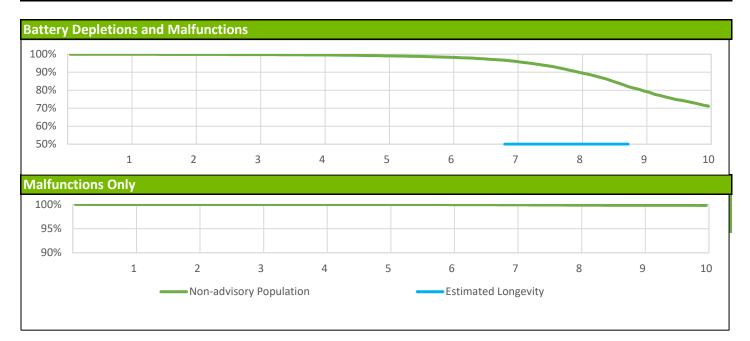
ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize)

Models: S603

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	127 132,000		
	With Compromised	Without Compromised	
	Therapy	Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	7	4	11
Integrated circuit (30)	1	1	2
Mechanical			
Difficulty securing lead (41)	0	1	1
Connector block (39)	0	1	1
Software			
Underestimation of battery status (34)	0	1	1
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	1	3	4
Battery status (49)	0	97	97
Magnet response (21)	0	2	2
Non-patterned, other	4	4	8
Grand Total	13	114	127

ALTRUA 60 SR

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	32,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	2,860	
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	21	
US Estimated Active Implants:	10,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	18	
		With Compromised Therapy:	3	



US Survival Probability											
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	99.2%	98.4%	96.3%	90.5%	80.5%	71.7%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%
32,00	0 Effective Sample Size	26327	23104	20502	18268	16272	14412	12547	10055	5925	2884

ALTRUA 60 SR

Models: S601

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	39 68,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	2	1	3
Integrated circuit (30)	2	0	2
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	1	0	1
Battery status (49)	1	29	30
Non-patterned, other	2	1	3
Grand Total	8	31	39

ALTRUA 50 DR (Downsize)

Models: S502

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	38 48,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	1	2	3
Integrated circuit (30)	0	1	1
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	0	2	2
Battery status (49)	0	30	30
Non-patterned, other	1	1	2
Grand Total	2	36	38

ALTRUA 50 SR

Models: S501

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	14 25,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	4	1	5
Other			
Battery depletion (26)	2	0	2
Battery status (49)	0	6	6
Non-patterned, other	1	0	1
Grand Total	7	7	14

ALTRUA 50 DDD (Downsize)

Models: S504

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	12 12,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Battery depletion (26)	3	0	3
Battery status (49)	0	8	8
Grand Total	3	9	12

ALTRUA 50 VDD (Downsize)

Models: S504

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	7 6,000		
	With	Without	
	Compromised	Compromised	
	Therapy	Therapy	Total
Other			
Battery status (49)	0	7	7
Grand Total	0	7	7

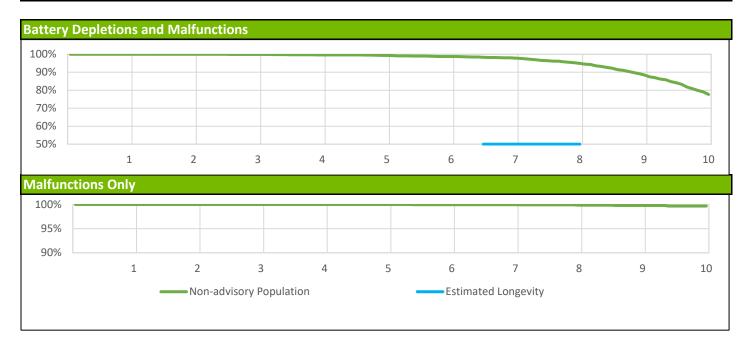
ALTRUA 50 SSI

Models: S508

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	4 6,000		
	With Compromised	Without Compromised	Total
Other	Therapy	Therapy	Total
Battery depletion (26)	1	0	1
Battery status (49)	0	3	3
Grand Total	1	3	4

ALTRUA 40 EL DR

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	5,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	367
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	5
US Estimated Active Implants:	2,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	5
		With Compromised Therapy:	-



	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.4%	98.7%	98.0%	95.3%	89.2%	79.1%
Registered mplants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%
5,000	Effective Sample Size	4434	3965	3560	3180	2839	2515	2222	1906	1204	551

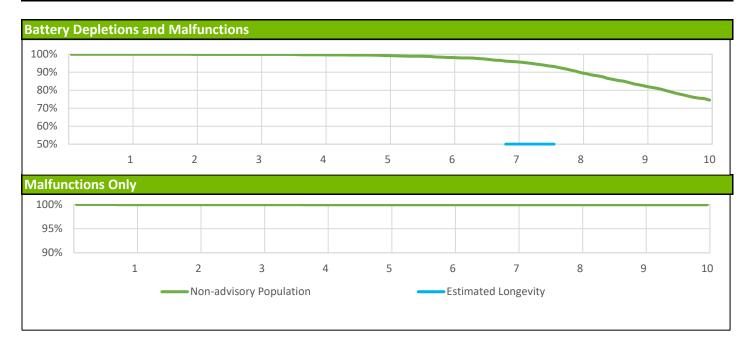
ALTRUA 40 EL DR

Models: S404

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	6 11,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15) Other	0	1	1
Battery status (49)	0	5	5
Grand Total	0	6	6

ALTRUA 40 SR

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	5,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	403
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	2
US Estimated Active Implants:	1,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2
		With Compromised Therapy:	-



US Surviva	I Probability	y									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.4%	98.2%	96.0%	90.7%	82.9%	75.4%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
5,000	Effective Sample Size	3885	3400	2965	2627	2316	2046	1778	1503	973	492

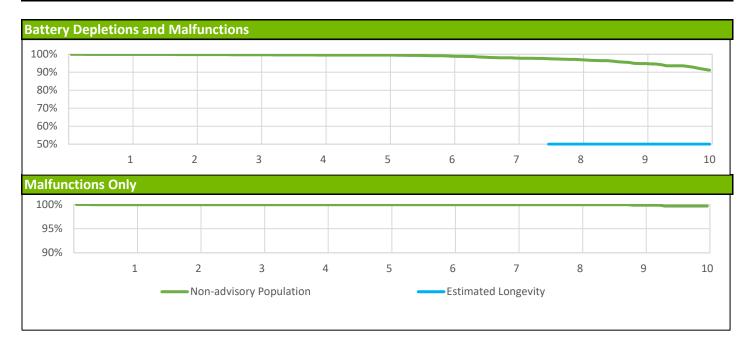
ALTRUA 40 SR

Models: S401

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	3 9,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15) Integrated circuit (30)	0 1	2 0	2 1
Grand Total	1	2	3

ALTRUA 20 EL DR

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	3,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	103	
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	3	
US Estimated Active Implants:	1,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2	
		With Compromised Therapy:	1	



US Surviva	al Probability	/									
	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.8%	99.6%	99.5%	99.1%	98.0%	97.2%	94.8%	91.7%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.8%	99.7%
3,000	Effective Sample Size	2763	2473	2200	1972	1750	1559	1374	1192	787	385

ALTRUA 20 EL DR

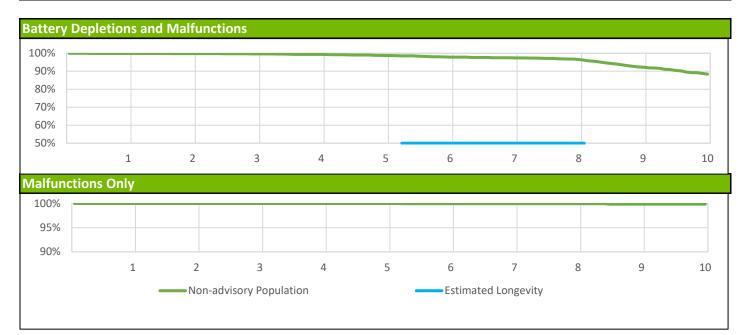
Models: S208

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	6 11,000		
	With	Without	
	Compromised Therapy	Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15)	2	0	2
Other			
Battery status (49)	0	3	3
Non-patterned, other	1	0	1
Grand Total	3	3	6

ALTRUA 20 SR

Model: S201/S204

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	5,000	US Normal Battery Depletions:	171	
US Approval Date:	April 2008	US Malfunctions:	2	
US Estimated Active Implants:	1,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	2	
		With Compromised Therapy:	-	



US Surviva	al Probability Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.8%	99.7%	99.3%	98.8%	98.0%	97.5%	96.8%	92.5%	88.8%
Registered Implants:	Malfunctions Only	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
5,000	Effective Sample Size	3567	3040	2612	2289	1996	1727	1521	1294	883	470

ALTRUA 20 SR

Models: S201/S204

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	4 24,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Electrical			
Capacitor (15) Other	0	1	1
Non-patterned, other Battery status (49)	1 0	0 2	1 2
Grand Total	1	3	4

ALTRUA 20 DDD

Models: S207

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	0 1,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

ALTRUA 20 SSI

Models: S206

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	0 8,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterend, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

Confirmed Malfunction Details: Pulse Generator References

Descriptions listed below provide an overview of the clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each pulse generator confirmed malfunction pattern listed in this report.

All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, changes have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. "Improvements implemented" may include product design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing process modifications, software updates, educational communications, labeling changes, etc. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

- 3. Low Voltage Capacitor 2014— Aug 2013 and Sep 2014 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance. Improvement implemented.
- 4. Unintended Fuse Activation 2013— March 1, 2013 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Inability to interrogate, no magnet response, permanent loss of therapy without warning. Improvement implemented.
- 5. High cathode condition— June 1, 2011 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Misaligned battery component. Improvement implemented.
- 6. **Subpectoral implant 2009** December 01, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory.Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, pacing inhibition, high impedance when implanted subpectorally. Weakened bond between header and titanium case. Improvement implemented.
- 7. Respiratory Sensor Oversensing— March 23, 2009 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Oversensing, noise, inappropriate shock, pacing inhibition. When Respiratory Sensor is ON, RV lead or system complications may cause oversensing or noise. Improvement implemented.
- 8. Low-voltage capacitor— June 23, 2006 and August 24, 2006 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion, no output, no interrogation. Failed low-voltage capacitor. Improvement implemented.
- 9. Crystal timing component Failure Mode 1— September 22, 2005 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Intermittent or permanent loss of pacing output without warning, intermittent or permanent loss of telemetry, reversion to VVI mode or appearance of a reset warning message upon interrogation. Foreign material within a crystal timing component. Improvement implemented.
- 10. Crystal timing component Failure Mode 2— September 22, 2005 Voluntary Physician Advisory. At implant procedure or during pre-implant testing: Intermittent or permanent loss of pacing output without warning, intermittent or permanent loss of telemetry, reversion to VVI mode, or appearance of a reset warning message upon interrogation. Microscopic particle within a crystal timing component. Three failures have been reported following confirmation of successful implantation. No currently distributed devices are subject to this peri-implant failure mode. Improvement implemented.
- 11. Longevity labeling— Battery longevity inconsistent with longevity labeling. Device battery status indicators are accurate and no loss of therapy has been reported.
- 12. Solder bond— Loss of device output, loss of sensing. Separation of component solder from substrate. Improvement implemented.
- 13. Integrated circuit— Power on Reset state, loss of telemetry, safety mode operation or loss of output. Failed digital integrated circuit.
- 14. Capacitor— Premature battery depletion, inability to interrogate. Damage to low-voltage capacitor.
- 15. Capacitor— No telemetry, no pacing, premature battery depletion. Gradual, premature battery depletion most common; in rare instances, rapid depletion occurred with no therapy available. Failed low-voltage capacitor.
- 16. Capacitor array— Loss of device output, loss of capture, inability to accurately measure charge times causing elective replacement indicator declaration. Damage to capacitor array. Improvement implemented.
- 17. Integrated circuit— No telemetry, premature battery depletion. Integrated circuit issue within high-voltage transistor.
- 18. Battery depletion— Premature battery depletion and loss of capture.
- 19. Seal plug— Non-cardiac signals on electrograms leading to inhibition of pacing and/or inappropriate shock delivery. Damaged seal plug. Improvement implemented.
- 20. Header— High impedance, compromised header bonding identified during lead revision procedures. Insufficient medical adhesive bonding between header and case. Improvement implemented.
- 21. Magnet response- No magnet response. Particulate material in component. Improvement implemented.
- 22. Battery depletion- Premature battery depletion.
- 23. Memory error— Device resets (including pacing at reset parameters) and inability to interrogate. Errors in device memory.
- 24. Transformer— Charge time alert message and/or end of life (EOL) indicator displayed, loss of shock therapy. Damaged transformer. Improvement implemented.
- 25. Setscrew block— No pacing or pauses in pacing, intermittent or lack of setscrew contact with lead. Incorrect setscrew block. Improvement implemented.
- 26. Battery depletion— Loss of therapy, inability to interrogate, no magnet response, premature battery depletion.

- 27. Solder bond— Inability to interrogate, no magnet response, no pacing output. Broken solder bond between wire mounting surface and internal circuitry. Improvement implemented.
- 28. Stored EGMs— Inability to view stored EGMs. Incorrect EGM index location.
- 29. Battery post— Inability to interrogate, no pacing output. Bent battery post. Improvement implemented.
- 30. Integrated circuit— Premature battery depletion, loss of pacing output, inability to interrogate, loss of sensing, high-rate pacing, loss of shock therapy. Damage to integrated circuit. Improvement implemented.
- 31. Alert messages During programmer interactions, alert messages appear which are able to be cleared. In one case, an alert message occurred with two memory errors after multiple device resets.
- 32. Setscrew— Inability to tighten or loosen setscrews during implant or replacement procedure due to process variability. Improvement implemented.
- 33. Seal plug— Lifted or missing seal plugs. Inadequate medical adhesive bond. Improvement implemented
- 34. Underestimation of battery status— Underestimation of remaining longevity due to invalid charge time measurement. Improvement implemented.
- 35. Interrupted telemetry— Early appearance of Elective Replacement Time (ERT) indicator, unexpected impedance measurements (>2500 ohms). Interruption in telemetry sequence during software upgrade. Improvement implemented.
- 36. Pacing rate limit— Inability to interrogate. Inappropriate pacing due to feature interaction. Improvement implemented.
- 37. Solder joint— Inappropriate shocks, beeping, fallback mode, errors or inability to interrogate or program. Cracked solder joint due to repetitive mechanical stress-induced component damage, only when implanted subpectorally with serial number facing the ribs.
- 38. **Transformer** Inability to interrogate, loss of pacing and shock therapy. Failed transformer.
- 39. **Connector block** Connector block can be moved out of alignment or displaced from header. Prolonged implant procedure, high impedance, no pacing, no sensing. Improvement implemented.
- 40. Seal plug— Non-cardiac signals on electrograms may result in loss of pacing or inappropriate shocks. Seal plug allows air in lead port to escape.
- 41. Difficulty securing lead—Noise, high impedance, inappropriate shocks or loss of therapy due to crossthreaded setscrews, intermittent or lack of contact between lead and header. Improvement implemented.
- 42. Safety Core-electrocautery— During electrocautery, device may enter Safety Core. Circuitry response to noise caused by electrocautery. Improvement implemented.
- 43. High-voltage capacitor— Alert message upon interrogation, extended charge time. Damaged high voltage capacitor.
- 44. Magnet rate— During interrogation, magnet rate remains after removal of magnet. Reed switch stuck in closed position. Improvement implemented.
- 45. Header contacts— Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shock, high pacing impedance, possible loss of pacing and sensing. Poor header connection with lead terminals due to contacts.
- 46. Safety Core-programming— Device enters Safety Core after three consecutive invalid programming attempts, due to firmware issue. Improvement implemented.
- 47. Low-voltage capacitors— Premature battery depletion, voltage alert during followup, device beeping. Capacitor failure.
- 48. Alert messages not displayed post-EOL— No alert message display after EOL declaration. Improvement implemented.
- 49. Battery status— Longevity remaining, battery status, gas gauge and/or magnet rate do not align or are inconsistent.
- 50. Integrated circuit—Loss of telemetry, premature battery depletion, alert message during followup. Integrated circuit issue. Improvement implemented.
- 51. Memory errors— Safety mode operation, inaccurately labeled pacing data. Errors in device memory
- 52. High voltage circuit— Alert message after implant, loss of shock therapy. Failed output module.
- 53. Battery— Beeping tones and alert message upon interrogation. Reduced battery voltage. Improvement implemented.
- 54. Low-voltage capacitor— Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance. Improvement implemented.
- 55. Shortened replacement time 2018 November 2018 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature, gradual depletion of battery; in rare instances, rapid depletion with no therapy available. Improvement implemented.
- 56. **Telemetry** Inability to interrogate, premature battery depletion.
- 57. Unintended Battery Depletion Alert— Beeping tones, Battery Depletion alert during followup despite normal battery depletion. Alert may be cleared without impact to battery status or therapy availability. Improvement implemented.
- 58. High voltage circuit— Long charge time at implant, inability to interrogate, loss of pacing and shock therapy. Improvement implemented.
- 59. **Respiratory sensor** Temporary increase or decrease in pacing rate as a result of respiratory sensor response to non-respiratory signals. No loss of pacing output.
- 60. **Titanium case material** Noise, oversensing, abnormal pacing impedance, loss of capture, premature battery depletion. Titanium case material creating a higher than normal current drain condition. Improvement implemented.
- 61. Charge Timeout Alert- Beeping tones, programmer warning screen, abnormal shock impedance. Charge timeout alert.
- 62. High voltage circuit component— Charge time alert message and/or Elective Replacement indicator (ERI) displayed, beeping tones. High voltage circuit component. Improvement implemented.
- 63. Integrated circuit— Abnormal lead impedance, no telemetry, premature battery depletion. Integrated circuit issue within high-voltage transistor Improvement implemented

- 64. Safety Core-unintended biventricular pacing— Dec 2017 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Device enters Safety Core after detecting unintended asynchronous biventricular pacing due to software issue.
- 65. Memory corruption Jun 2017 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Atypical energy delivery, error messages upon interrogation, loss of tachy therapy. Memory corruption. Improvement implemented.
- 67. Capacitor— Premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance.
- 68. Telemetry— Alert message during followup, inability to interrogate, premature battery depletion, loss of pacing therapy. Telemetry component.
- 69. Low-voltage capacitor Alert message during followup, beeping tones, premature battery depletion.
- 70. Hydrogen induced premature depletion September 2018 September 2018 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Diminished low voltage capacitor performance.
- 71. Battery Premature, gradual depletion of battery; in rare instances, rapid depletion with no therapy available. Improvement implemented.
- 72. Capacitor— Premature battery depletion. Diminished capacitor performance
- 73. Misaligned markers— Stored episode markers do not match recorded EGM.
- 74. **Header** Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, pacing inhibition, high impedance when implanted subcutaneously. Weakened bond between header and titanium case. Improvement Implemented.
- 75. High voltage capacitor— Charge time alert message, end of life (EOL) indicator displayed, beeping tones. Loss of tachy therapy without loss of brady therapy. Internal high-voltage capacitor issue. Improvement implemented.
- 76. Internal insulation—Beeping tones, loss of telemetry, premature battery depletion, loss of tachy therapy. Internal insulation issue.
- 77. S-ICD battery depletion 2019 August 2019 Voluntary Physician Advisory. Premature battery depletion. Diminished capacitor performance.
- 78. Solder joint— Beeping tones, device errors, loss of tachy therapy. Cracked solder joint.
- 79. Battery cathode— Safety mode operation, inability to interrogate, loss of brady therapy. Internal battery cathode issue.
- 80. RF Antenna— Beeping tones, loss of telemetry, loss of sensing, premature battery depletion, loss of tachy therapy. Exposed antenna issue.

Before/During Implant Procedure -Worldwide Malfunctions: Pulse Generators

This section of the report depicts the number of product malfunctions that occurred worldwide either before implant (prior to opening the sterile product packaging) or during implant (once the sterile product packaging has been opened). In all cases, the product in question must be returned to Boston Scientific CRM and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated or exhibited a problem outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific. Damage incurred during shipping/transit or due to external factors warned against in labeling (e.g. radiation) is not reported as device malfunction here.

The Electrical category is comprised of confirmed malfunctions involving electrical components such as batteries and capacitors, and also includes fault codes encountered at implant. The majority of before/during implant pulse generator confirmed malfunctions in the Mechanical category are issues occurring within the connector block (e.g. stuck setscrews, seal plug/ring issues). The Software category consists primarily of confirmed malfunctions that result in telemetry issues. Confirmed malfunctions in the Labeling and Packaging categories include product labeling/identification issues and damage to sterile packaging, respectively. The Other category is comprised of non-patterned confirmed malfunctions.

CRT-D/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Electrical	Mechanical	Software	Other	Labeling	Packaging
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D							
G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/ G248/G324/G325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/ G447/G448/G524/G525/G526/G528/G537/G547/G548	59,000	1	2	2	5	0	0
AUTOGEN CRT-D							
G160/G161/G164/G166/G168/G172/G173/G175/ G177/G179	24,000	3	0	0	3	0	0
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D							
G150/G151/G154/G156/G158/G140/G141/ G146/G148/G050/G051/G056/G058	107,000	3	4	5	14	0	0
CRT-P/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Electrical	Mechanical	Software	Other	Labeling	Packaging
VISIONIST/VALITUDE U125/U128//U225/U226/U228	67,000	5	0	1	2	0	0
INTUA V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273	3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
INVIVE V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173	18,000	0	0	1	3	0	0
CONTAK RENEWAL TR 2							

ICD/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Electrical	Mechanical	Software	Other	Labeling	Packaging
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR	28,000	0) 1	2	3	0	0
D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533	20,000	Ū	•	2	0	Ũ	0
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR	23,000	0	3	1	0	0	0
D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532	20,000	Ū	0	•	0	Ũ	0
AUTOGEN ICD EL VR	17,000	1	0	0	0	0	0
D160/D161/D174/D175	17,000	I	0	0	0	0	ő
AUTOGEN ICD EL DR	16,000	1	0	1	0	0	0
D162/D163/D176/D177	10,000	I	0	,	0	0	ő
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR	58,000	1	0	3	4	0	0
D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001	00,000		C C	-		Ũ	
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR	61,000	0	2	2	2	0	0
D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001	,	-	_	_	_	-	-
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR	27,000	1	0	3	0	0	0
D020/D021/D010/D011/D000/D001							
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR	26,000	2	0	0	2	0	0
D022/D023/D012/D013/D002/D003							
S-ICD/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Electrical	Mechanical	Software	Other	Labeling	Packaging
EMBLEM S-ICD A209/A219	76,000	1	0	5	48	0	0
SQ-RX S-ICD 1010	11,000	11	0	21	27	0	0

Pacemaker/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Electrical	Mechanical	Software	Other	Labeling	Packaging
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR EL J064/K064/K067/K084	219,000	7	3	4	11	0	0
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR J064/K064/K067/K084	387,000	5	0	5	20	0	0
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310	141,000	3	1	1	14	0	0
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/ J174/J177/K174/K177/K184/K187/ J274/J277/K274/K277/K284/K287	77,000	1	1	0	4	0	0
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/J174/J177/ K174/K177/K184/K187/J274/J277/K274/K277/ K284/K287/J278/J279/K278/K279/K288/K289	219,000	4	0	1	15	0	0
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR J062/J065/K062/K065/K082/K085/ J172/J175/K172/K175/K182/K185/ J272/J275/K272/K275/K282/K285	86,000	0	0	1	5	0	0

U.S. Reason for Out of Service

As requested by the Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines, Boston Scientific provides reasons for device explant or out of service, if known. The reasons consist of normal battery depletion, unconfirmed premature battery depletion, device upgrade, device malfunction (which includes devices under advisory that have experienced a malfunction), complication related to another system component or clinical condition, (such as infection), or "other," a category consisting of patient death, prophylactic device explant, elective replacement, general product dissatisfaction, other observation/complication, unspecified, or unknown.

The counts for normal battery depletion, unconfirmed premature battery depletion, and device malfunction are reflected in the U.S. survival probability data. Reason for device explant or out of service may either be confirmed through laboratory analysis (as in the case of device malfunction) or it may be reported to Boston Scientific with no associated device return or laboratory analysis. Although a device may be indicated by the health care provider to have been taken out of service for more than one reason, the table below indicates only one reason per device in category counts.

CRT-D/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT CRT-D G124/G125/G126/G128/G138/G224/G225/G228/G237/G247/G248/G324/G 325/G347/G348/G424/G425/G426/G428/G437/G447/G448/G524/G525/G52 6/G528/G537/G547/G548	27000	3	72	5	305	1331
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN CRT-D G050/G051/G056/G058/G140/G141/G146/G148/G150/G151/G154/ G156/G158	67000	195	296	51	969	8515
INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA CRT-D N050/N051/N052/N053/N140/N141/N142/N143/N160/N161/N162/ N163/N164/N165/P052/P053/P142/P143/ P162/P163/P165	53000	2466	359	764	898	16987
COGNIS N118/N119/N120/P106/P107/P108	75000	11056	383	2083	1651	38294

CRT-P/Model	U.S. Registered I Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
VISIONIST/VALITUDE U125/U128/U225/U226/U228	31000	69	614	26	220	3541
INTUA V272/V273/V282/V283/W272/W273	3000	70	59	3	26	657
INVIVE V172/V173/V182/V183/W172/W173	8000	360	137	26	46	2664
CONTAK RENEWAL TR H120/H125	19000	4175	205	67	207	11257

S-ICD/Model	U.S. Registered Normal Battery Implants Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
EMBLEM S-ICD A209, A219	33000 32	280	137	709	2599
SQ-RX S-ICD 1010	8000 931	168	96	243	1724

ICD/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD DR D121/D221/D233/D321/D333/D421/D433/D521/D533	13000	1	164	3	132	447
RESONATE/MOMENTUM/CHARISMA/VIGILANT ICD VR D120/D220/D232/D320/D332/D420/D432/D520/D532	8000	4	120	0	74	255
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL DR D052/D053/D142/D143/D152/D153	41000	26	1279	18	487	3401
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD EL VR D050/D051/D140/D141/D150/D151	34000	17	1156	15	384	2555
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI DR D002/D003/D012/D013/D022/D023	9000	207	280	15	109	1301
DYNAGEN/INOGEN/ORIGEN ICD MINI VR D000/D001/D010/D011/D020/D021	9000	24	306	7	111	1084
INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD VR E050/E051/E140/E141/E160/E160/ F050/F051/F140/F141/F160/F161	39000	124	1791	920	519	9047
INCEPTA/ENERGEN/PUNCTUA ICD DR E052/E053/E142/E143/E162/E163/F052/F053/F142/F143/F162/F163	47000	199	2066	1027	626	11475

ICD/Model, continued	U.S. Registered Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
TELIGEN VR	38000	398	1595	2231	648	15798
E102/E103/F102/F103 TELIGEN DR						
E110/E111/F110/F111	66000	3830	2466	2932	1113	28881
Pacemaker/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR EL L121/L131/L221/L231/L321/L331	86000	56	1881	186	410	5081
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO DR L101/L111/L201/L211/L301/L311	179000	321	3539	374	922	17376
ACCOLADE/PROPONENT/ESSENTIO SR L100/L110/L200/L210/L300/L310	35000	44	910	110	179	5789
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO EL DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/ J174/J177/K174/K177/K184/K187/ J274/J277/K274/K277/K284/K287	11000	23	362	13	49	1946
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO/FORMIO DR J064/J067/K064/K067/K084/K087/J174/J177/ K174/K177/K184/K187/J274/J277/K274/K277/ K284/K287/J278/J279/K278/K279/K288/K289	121000	2650	3050	209	526	31453
ADVANTIO/INGENIO/VITALIO SR J062/J065/K062/K065/K082/K085/ J172/J175/K172/K175/K182/K185/ J272/J275/K272/K275/K282/K285	27000	82	592	12	106	10174

Pacemaker/Model, continued…	U.S. Registered Implants	Normal Battery Depletion	Device Upgrade	Device Malfunction ¹	Complication related to another system component or clinical condition ²	Other ³
ALTRUA 60 SR S601	32000	2851	457	21	144	17875
ALTRUA 60 DR (Downsize) s603	90000	23108	1213	98	469	39143
ALTRUA 60 DR S602	22000	3138	436	38	157	9673
ALTRUA 60 DR EL S606	59000	4061	1192	51	346	22450
ALTRUA 40 SR S401	5000	403	48	2	17	2894
ALTRUA 40 DR (downsize) s403	14000	3673	158	4	63	6586
ALTRUA 40 DR S402	2000	243	32	1	7	924
ALTRUA 40 DR EL S404	5000	365	81	5	33	2350
ALTRUA 20 SR S201/S204	5000	169	36	2	31	2896
ALTRUA 20 DR EL S208	3000	103	43	3	10	1561

¹ Device malfunction consists of all U.S. confirmed malfunctions for a product/product grouping. These include confirmed malfunctions for advisory populations, as well as any other type of malfunction in which a device was returned and confirmed by laboratory analysis to have malfunctioned. U.S. confirmed malfunction counts are reflected in U.S. survival probability.

² System component and/or clinical condition complications may include, for example: infection, erosion, lead-to-PG interface.

³ Other consists of: patient death, electrive replacement, general product dissatisfaction, other observation/complication, unspecifed, or unknown.

ACUITY X4 Spiral L

Models: 4677/4678

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	14,000	US Chronic Complications	23
US Approval Date:	February 2016	US Malfunctions:	-
US Estimated Active Implants:	12,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	-

100%						1			
95%									
90%									
85%									
85% 80%									
75%						-	-		
	1 2	2 3	3 4	5	5 6	5 7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%					
Registered Implants: 14000	Effective Sample S	^{size} 10067	6595	3677	1477	319	217					@ 66 mont

ACUITY X4 Spiral L

Models: 4677/4678

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	1 32,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Grand Total	0	1	1

ACUITY X4 Straight

Models: 4671/4672

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	28,000	US Chronic Complications	133
US Approval Date:	February 2016	US Malfunctions:	-
US Estimated Active Implants:	25,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	-

•										
100%										
95%	 									
90%										
90% 85%										
85%										
80% 75%										
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.6%	99.5%	99.4%	99.4%	99.2%	99.2%					
Registered Implants: 28000	Effective Sample S	^{Size} 19763	12230	6462	2152	427	210					@ 70

ACUITY X4 Straight

Models: 4671/4672

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	(64,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

ACUITY X4 Spiral S

Models: 4674/4675

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	38,000	US Chronic Complications	68
US Approval Date:	February 2016	US Malfunctions:	-
US Estimated Active Implants:	34,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	-

-										
100%						1	I			
100% 95%										
90% 85% 80% 75%										
85%										
00%										
80%										
/5%										
	1	2 3	3 4	- 5	5 6) /	8	9	10	

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%	99.8%					
Registered Implants: 38000	Effective Sample Size	26841	17087	9369	3266	451	202					@ 69

ACUITY X4 Spiral S

Models: 4674/4675

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	(79,000		
	Without Compromised Therapy	With Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

ACUITY Spiral

Models: 4591/4592/4593

US Summary										
US Registered Implants:	24,000	US Chronic Complications	559							
US Approval Date:	May 2008	US Malfunctions:	9							
US Estimated Active Implants:	13,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	5							
		With Compromised Therapy:	4							

4.000/										
100%										
95%										
90%										
85%	 									
80%										
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probabi	JS Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	98.3%	97.9%	97.7%	97.5%	97.4%	97.2%	97.2%	97.0%	97.0%	96.8%	
Registered Implants: 24000	Effective Sample Size	19830	17521	15485	13651	11797	9686	7413	5335	3667	2178	

ACUITY Spiral

Models: 4591/4592/4593

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	9 46,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	4	5	9
Grand Total	4	5	9

ACUITY Steerable

Models: 4554/4555/4556

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	29,000	US Chronic Complications	728
US Approval Date:	May 2008	US Malfunctions:	33
US Estimated Active Implants:	13,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	12
		With Compromised Therapy:	21

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 3 4 6 8 9 1 5 7 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	98.4%	98.0%	97.8%	97.6%	97.3%	97.1%	97.0%	96.7%	96.5%	96.3%
Registered Implants: 29000	Effective Sample Size	24563	21946	19661	17603	15576	13236	10572	8276	6317	4514

ACUITY Steerable

Models: 4554/4555/4556

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	57 65,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Extracardiac fracture (34) Other	28	8	36
Non-patterned, other	10	11	21
Grand Total	38	19	57

Models: 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	22,000	US Chronic Complications	558	
US Approval Date:	August 2004	US Malfunctions:	32	
US Estimated Active Implants:	8,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	9	
		With Compromised Therapy:	23	

1000/									
100%									
95%									
90%									
90% 85% 80%									
80%									
75%									
	1	2	3	4 5	5 6	5 7	7 8	9	10

US Survival Probabi	lity										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	98.5%	98.2%	98.0%	97.6%	97.3%	97.0%	96.7%	96.5%	96.4%	96.2%
Registered Implants: 22000	Effective Sample Size	18456	16487	14764	13187	11646	10034	8267	6680	5397	4352

Models: 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	52 43,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Extracardiac fracture (34) Other	28	6	34
Non-patterned, other	7	11	18
Grand Total	35	17	52

Models: 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	97,000	US Chronic Complications	2,881	
US Approval Date:	August 2004	US Malfunctions:	401	
US Estimated Active Implants:	35,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	142	
		With Compromised Therapy:	259	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 3 6 8 9 1 4 5 7 10

US Survival Probabi	lity										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	98.6%	98.0%	97.6%	97.2%	96.7%	96.2%	95.8%	95.5%	95.3%	95.1%
Registered Implants: 97000	Effective Sample Siz	° 82320	73349	65470	58356	51317	43942	36477	29858	24212	19042

Models: 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	544 180,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (25) Other	329	146	475
Non-patterned, other	39	30	69
Grand Total	368	176	544

Models: 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/4537/4538

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	38,000	US Chronic Complications	1,132	
US Approval Date:	May 2002	US Malfunctions:	94	
US Estimated Active Implants:	6,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	9	
		With Compromised Therapy:	85	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 3 6 8 9 1 4 5 7 10

US Survival Probabi	lity										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	98.7%	98.1%	97.5%	97.1%	96.5%	96.0%	95.7%	95.3%	95.0%	94.8%
Registered Implants: 38000	Effective Sample Size	² 30333	26089	22394	19260	16448	14073	12075	10514	9285	8253

Models: 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/4537/4538

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	106 53,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	96	10	106
Grand Total	96	10	106

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	4,000	US Chronic Complications	5	
US Approval Date:	May 2018	US Malfunctions:	-	
US Estimated Active Implants:	4,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-	
		With Compromised Therapy:	-	

1	2	З	Д	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	2	5	7	5	0	/	5	5	10	
	1	1 2								

US Survival Probab	ility										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.6%	99.6%				
Registered Implants: 4000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 1803	487	437	391	301	219				

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	3 20,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	3	0	3
Grand Total	3	0	3

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0657/0672/0673/0692/0693

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	27,000	US Chronic Complications	50
US Approval Date:	May 2018	US Malfunctions:	1
US Estimated Active Implants:	26,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	1

100%										
050/										
95%										
90%										
100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75%										
80%										
75%										
/ 5//0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	1	2	5	4	5	0	/	0	5	10

US Survival Probabi	lity											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.7%	99.6%	99.4%	99.4%					
Registered Implants: 27000	Effective Sample S	^{iize} 10519	1182	1008	910	671	207					@ 70 mon

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation

Models: 0652/ 0657/0672/0673/0692/0693

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	45 119,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor cable fracture (38) Other	18	0	18
Non-patterned, other	24	3	27
Grand Total	42	3	45

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Passive Fixation

Models: 0636/0651/0655/0665/0685/0686

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	(1,000)	
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Passive Fixation

Models: 0650/0654/0662/0663/0682/0683

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	1 5,000)	
	Without Compromised Therapy	With Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor cable fracture (38)	1	0	1
Grand Total	1	0	1

EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3501

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	17,000	US Chronic Complications	37
US Approval Date:	September 2017	US Malfunctions:	11
US Estimated Active Implants:	15,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	11

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 3 4 6 8 9 1 5 7 10

US Survival Probabi	lity											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.5%	99.4%								
Registered Implants: 17000	Effective Sample S	^{iize} 9506	3412	274								@ 33

EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3501

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	30 39,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Electrode conductor fracture (42)	20	0	20
Electrode conductor fracture (44)	9	0	9
Other			
Non-patterned, other	1	0	1
Grand Total	30	0	30

EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3010/3401

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	24,000	US Chronic Complications	146	
US Approval Date:	September 2012	US Malfunctions:	11	
US Estimated Active Implants:	20,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-	
		With Compromised Therapy:	11	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75%

US Survival Probabi	ility											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.5%	99.4%	99.2%	99.2%	98.8%	98.5%	98.5%			
Registered Implants: 24000	Effective Sample S	Size 21035	18599	14907	9286	4729	1826	431	264			@ 9

EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode

Models: 3010/3401

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	26 44,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Crimp/Weld/Bond			
Weld fracture (37) Other	3	0	3
Non-patterned, other	22	1	23
Grand Total	25	1	26

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0275/0276/0295/0296

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	76,000	US Chronic Complications	337	
US Approval Date:	November 2010	US Malfunctions:	26	
US Estimated Active Implants:	60,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	4	
		With Compromised Therapy:	22	

00%		alfunctions								
									_	
95%										
90%										
35%										
80%										
75%										
	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	1

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.6%	99.6%	99.5%	99.5%	99.4%	99.3%	99.2%	99.1%	
Registered Implants: 76000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 65792	55563	45028	35843	27389	19088	11270	3881	236	

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0275/0276/0295/0296

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	60 123,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Other	2	0	2
Non-patterned, other	47	11	58
Grand Total	49	11	60

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0272/0273/0292/0293

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	119,000	US Chronic Complications	506
US Approval Date:	November 2010	US Malfunctions:	38
US Estimated Active Implants:	102,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	7
		With Compromised Therapy:	31

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 6 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.7%	99.6%	99.5%	99.4%	99.3%	99.2%	99.0%	98.9%	
Registered Implants: 119000	Effective Sample S	^{iize} 103282	83628	58003	39544	25176	14026	6484	1928	383	

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0272/0273/0292/0293

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	73 195,000		
	Without Compromised Therapy	With Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Other	7	0	7
Non-patterned, other	56	10	66
Grand Total	63	10	73

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0265/0266/0285/0286

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	3,000	US Chronic Complications	29	
US Approval Date:	Novemeber 2010	US Malfunctions:	-	
US Estimated Active Implants:	3,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-	
		With Compromised Therapy:	-	

										_
100%										1
95%	 									
90%										
85%										
80%										
75%										
. 570	1	2	3	4 5	5 6	5 7	, 8	3 9	10	0

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.6%	99.4%	99.2%	98.8%	98.6%	98.3%	97.9%			
Registered Implants: 3000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 2830	2374	1924	1539	1147	754	386	208			@ 92 m

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0265/0266/0285/0286

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	10,000	L D	
	Without Compromised Therapy	With Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	1	1
Grand Total	0	1	1

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0262/0263/0282/0283

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	10,000	US Chronic Complications	13
US Approval Date:	November 2010	US Malfunctions:	2
US Estimated Active Implants:	10,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	2

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 6 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%	98.8%				
Registered Implants: 10000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 4930	1599	1095	710	410	206				

ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0262/0263/0282/0283

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	6,000	1)	
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	3	1	4
Grand Total	3	1	4

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0166/0167/0184/0185/0186/0187

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	287,000	US Chronic Complications	3,420	
US Approval Date:	July 2002	US Malfunctions:	373	
US Estimated Active Implants:	114,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	120	
		With Compromised Therapy:	253	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 6 1 3 4 5 7 8 9 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.6%	99.4%	99.3%	99.1%	98.9%	98.6%	98.5%	98.2%	98.0%
Registered Implants: 287000	Effective Sample Size	251977	226083	202985	182064	163015	145411	129253	113991	96617	76359

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0166/0167/0184/0185/0186/0187

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	571 381,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Crimp/Weld/Bond	103	0	103
Seal rings (5) Other	2	2	4
Non-patterned, other	265	199	464
Grand Total	370	201	571

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	33,000	US Chronic Complications	415	
US Approval Date:	October 2000	US Malfunctions:	83	
US Estimated Active Implants:	21,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	22	
		With Compromised Therapy:	61	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 2 3 6 1 4 5 7 8 9 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.6%	99.4%	99.2%	99.0%	98.8%	98.5%	98.2%	97.9%	97.6%	97.2%
Registered Implants: 33000	Effective Sample Size	28945	25570	22585	19836	17131	14291	11634	9240	6499	3768

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Active Fixation

Models: 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	201 75,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Other	62	0	62
Non-patterned, other	85	54	139
Grand Total	147	54	201

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	47,000	US Chronic Complications	874	
US Approval Date:	October 2000	US Malfunctions:	59	
US Estimated Active Implants:	14,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	13	
		With Compromised Therapy:	46	

000/					
.00%					
95%	 			 	
90%	 	 	 	 	
85%					
80%	 	 	 	 	
75%					

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.5%	99.2%	98.9%	98.5%	98.2%	97.9%	97.6%	97.4%	97.2%
Registered Implants: 47000	Effective Sample Siz	^e 40552	36389	32647	29225	26126	23313	20763	18347	16005	13677

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Dual Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	162 110,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Crimp/Weld/Bond	19	0	19
Conductor connection (36) Other	3	0	3
Non-patterned, other	86	53	139
Manufacturing material (6)	1	0	1
Grand Total	109	53	162

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	2,000	US Chronic Complications	33
US Approval Date:	October 2000	US Malfunctions:	4
US Estimated Active Implants:	1,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	1
		With Compromised Therapy:	3

100%										
100%										
95%										
90%										
95% 90% 85% 80% 75%	 									
80%										
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.3%	99.1%	98.6%	98.5%	97.8%	97.6%	97.3%	96.6%		
Registered Implants: 2000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 1542	1365	1201	1049	862	646	484	314	203		@ 107

ENDOTAK RELIANCE Single Coil, Passive Fixation

Models: 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	20 8,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Conductor fracture (24) Other	3	0	3
Non-patterned, other	9	8	17
Grand Total	12	8	20

INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation

Models: 7840/7841/7842

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	34,000	US Chronic Complications	23
US Approval Date:	December 2019	US Malfunctions:	-
US Estimated Active Implants:	34,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	-

100%										
95%										
90%										
85%										
80%	 									
75%										
1370	1	2	2	4	-	C	7	0	0	10
	T	Z	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probabi	lity											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.9%										
Registered Implants: 34000	Effective Sample S	^{bize} 533										@

INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation

Models: 7840/7841/7842

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	(41,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Other			
Non-patterned, other	0	0	0
Grand Total	0	0	0

INGEVITY Positive Fixation

Models: 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	364,000	US Chronic Complications	1,382	
US Approval Date:	April 2016	US Malfunctions:	171	
US Estimated Active Implants:	330,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	86	
		With Compromised Therapy:	85	

100%	-										
95% 90% 85% 80% 75%											
90%											
85%											
80%											
75%											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probabil	ity										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.6%	99.5%	99.4%	99.2%	99.1%	99.1%	99.1%		
Registered Implants: 364000	Effective Sample S	^{iize} 278583	176038	91065	21757	1855	1660	1375	1255		

INGEVITY Positive Fixation

Models: 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	269 900,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Inner conductor break (39)	7	7	14
Extracardiac fracture (41)	72	73	145
Other			
Insulation (43)	2	11	13
Non-patterned, other	50	47	97
Grand Total	131	138	269

INGEVITY Passive Fixation

Models: 7631/7632/7731/7732

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	19,000	US Chronic Complications	46	
US Approval Date:	April 2016	US Malfunctions:	8	
US Estimated Active Implants:	17,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-	
		With Compromised Therapy:	8	

100%										
95%	 									
90%										
85%										
80%										
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%	99.3%	99.3%						
Registered Implants: 19000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 13965	9002	4719	1121	365						

INGEVITY Passive Fixation

Models: 7631/7632/7731/7732

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	12 95,000	2	
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Extracardiac fracture (41) Other	6	0	6
Non-patterned, other	6	0	6
Grand Total	12	0	12

INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation

Models: 7635/7636/7735/7736

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	11,000	US Chronic Complications	47
US Approval Date:	April 2016	US Malfunctions:	4
US Estimated Active Implants:	10,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	4
		With Compromised Therapy:	-

100%									_
95%									
90%									
90% 85%									1
85%									1
80% 75%									1
75%	4	2	2		- ,				_
	1	2	3	4 5	5 6	8	9	1	0

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.5%	99.4%	99.0%	99.0%						
Registered Implants: 11000	Effective Sample S	^{ize} 7948	5100	2607	597	202						

INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation

Models: 7635/7636/7735/7736

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	ہ 82,000	3 D	
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Extracardiac fracture (41) Crimp/Weld/Bond	0	4	4
Weld (40) Other	0	1	1
Non-patterned, other	0	3	3
Grand Total	0	8	8

FLEXTEND 2 Positive Fixation

Models: 4095/4096/4097

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	124 185,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Electrical	17	4	21
Inner insulation abrasion (2) Other	2	5	7
Non-patterned, other	2	9	11
Conductor damage (32)	23	62	85
Grand Total	44	80	124

FLEXTEND Positive Fixation

Models: 4086/4087/4088

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	235,000	US Chronic Complications	4,693	
US Approval Date:	February 2002	US Malfunctions:	368	
US Estimated Active Implants:	80,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	148	
		With Compromised Therapy:	220	

100%										
100% 95%	 									
90%	 									
85%	 									
80%	 									
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.5%	99.3%	99.0%	98.7%	98.3%	98.0%	97.6%	97.2%	96.9%	96.7%
Registered Implants: 235000	Effective Sample Size	200485	179517	160785	143660	126539	110121	94930	81307	69010	57933

FLEXTEND Positive Fixation

Models: 4086/4087/4088

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	398 291,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Electrical	88	18	106
Inner insulation abrasion (2) Other	16	22	38
Non-patterned, other	11	17	28
Conductor damage (32)	123	103	226
Grand Total	238	160	398

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	495,000	US Chronic Complications	3,615	
US Approval Date:	January 2000	US Malfunctions:	160	
US Estimated Active Implants:	254,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	43	
		With Compromised Therapy:	117	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75%

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.8%	99.7%	99.6%	99.5%	99.4%	99.2%	99.1%	99.0%	98.8%	98.7%
Registered Implants: 495000	Effective Sample Size	° 428311	374800	327498	286219	245043	205331	169637	138282	110877	86704

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	19(779,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Crimp/Weld/Bond	65	16	81
Terminal weld (23) Other	1	0	1
Lead body (4)	68	26	94
Non-patterned, other	8	6	14
Grand Total	142	48	190

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	53,000	US Chronic Complications	886	
US Approval Date:	January 2000	US Malfunctions:	149	
US Estimated Active Implants:	21,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	35	
		With Compromised Therapy:	114	

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 6 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.5%	99.2%	98.9%	98.6%	98.2%	97.7%	97.4%	97.1%	96.8%
Registered Implants: 53000	Effective Sample Size	^{ze} 46119	41140	36708	32699	28572	24482	20794	17442	14471	11789

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox EZ Positive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	187 143,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Other	89	13	102
Conductor damage (32)	54	21	75
Lead body (4)	0	1	1
Non-patterned, other	3	6	9
Grand Total	146	41	187

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4452/4453/4456/4457

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	195,000	US Chronic Complications	1,591
US Approval Date:	January 2000	US Malfunctions:	45
US Estimated Active Implants:	79,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	3
		With Compromised Therapy:	42

Complications and Malfunctions 100% 95% 90% 85% 80% 75% 6 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.7%	99.6%	99.5%	99.4%	99.3%	99.2%	99.1%	98.9%	98.7%	98.6%
Registered Implants: 195000	Effective Sample Size	167700	149154	132369	117356	101834	86374	72310	59908	49125	39600

10

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Polyurethane)

Models: 4452/4453/4456/4457

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution		68 548,000				
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total			
Conductor						
Lead conductor (7) Other	18	0	18			
Lead body (4)	41	3	44			
Non-patterned, other	5	1	6			
Grand Total	64	4	68			

FINELINE II EZ/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4454/4455/4458/4459

US Summary			
US Registered Implants:	14,000	US Chronic Complications	300
US Approval Date:	January 2000	US Malfunctions:	23
US Estimated Active Implants:	4,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	-
		With Compromised Therapy:	23

100%										
100% 95%	 									
90%										
85%	 									
80% 75%	 									
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.6%	99.3%	98.8%	98.5%	98.2%	97.8%	97.4%	97.1%	96.8%	96.6%
Registered Implants: 14000	Effective Sample Size	12294	10994	9781	8674	7638	6643	5732	4942	4180	3518

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Passive Fixation (Silicone)

Models: 4454/4455/4458/4459

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	59 105,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Other	19	0	19
Conductor damage (32)	35	3	38
Non-patterned, other	2	0	2
Grand Total	56	3	59

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Atrial J (Polyurethane)

Models: 4477/4478/4479/4480

US Summary				
US Registered Implants:	63,000	US Chronic Complications	832	
US Approval Date:	January 2000	US Malfunctions:	39	
US Estimated Active Implants:	27,000	Without Compromised Therapy:	20	
		With Compromised Therapy:	19	

100%										
95% 90% 85% 80% 75%										
90%	 									
85%										
80%	 									
75%										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

US Survival Probability												
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Non-Advisory Population	Depletions and Malfunctions	99.3%	99.1%	99.0%	98.8%	98.7%	98.6%	98.4%	98.3%	98.1%	98.0%	
Registered Implants: 63000	Effective Sample Si	^{ze} 54579	48796	43478	38685	33546	28400	23748	19566	15895	12677	

FINELINE II/FINELINE II Sterox Atrial J (Polyurethane)

Models: 4477/4478/4479/4480

Worldwide Confirmed Malfunctions Worldwide Distribution	79 317,000		
	With Compromised Therapy	Without Compromised Therapy	Total
Conductor			
Lead conductor (7) Other	5	2	7
J-shape (22)	26	30	56
Lead body (4)	8	3	11
Non-patterned, other	3	2	5
Grand Total	42	37	79

Confirmed Malfunction Details: Leads References

Descriptions listed below provide an overview of the clinical observations and/or analysis findings associated with each confirmed lead malfunction pattern listed in this report. All of the patterns listed are thoroughly investigated and analyzed. As part of Boston Scientific's process of continuous improvement, when possible, changes have been or will be implemented in response to identified malfunction patterns. "Improvements implemented" may include product design changes in existing or subsequent generations, manufacturing process modifications, educational communications, labeling changes, etc. Improvement implementation may vary by geography due to various factors, including regulatory review timing, and may not completely mitigate or eliminate the potential for additional malfunctions.

- 1. **IS-1 terminal pin** Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity if lead is bent sharply away from the header block when placed in implant pocket or if pulse generator migrates from implant site. Improvement implemented.
- 2. Inner insulation abrasion—Loss of capture, decreasing impedance, increased pacing thresholds, noisy signals, oversensing. Abrasion of inner insulation.
- 3. Terminal leg insulation— Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation therapy. Abraded insulation on terminal leg portion of lead due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-can contact. Improvement implemented.
- 4. Lead body— Insulation abrasion due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-can contact combined with damage attributed to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle-first rib entrapment. Damage to lead body may expose conductor.
- 5. Seal rings— Insertion difficulty at implant, difficulty removing lead from header post-implant. Proximal silicone seal rings not fully adhered to lead terminal. Improvement implemented.
- 6. Manufacturing material Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, noisy signals. Manufacturing material embedded in lead body.
- 7. Lead conductor—Loss of capture, inability to deliver therapy. Fatigue of lead conductor due to repeated flexing.
- 8. Lead body— Lead fracture, inappropriate shocks, oversensing. Insulation damage resulting from implant stresses or manufacturing variability.
- 9. Lead conductor— Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Physical damage to lead body due to repeated flexing.
- 10. Lead connector— Insulation damage resulting from bending or tension at the terminal connector. May lead to inappropriate shocks, oversensing.
- 11. Lead conductor— Physical damage to lead conductor, inappropriate shocks, oversensing. Displacement of yoke component may lead to fatigue of high-voltage lead conductor. Improvement implemented.
- 12. Conductor connection—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Improper conductor wire connection. Improvement implemented.
- 13. Serial number label—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Sharp edge in serial number label resulting in breach in outer lead insulation. Improvement implemented.
- 14. Terminal component— Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, terminal pin separation from terminal ring during implant or ICD replacement. Improvement implemented.
- 15. Electrode tip— Separation between electrode tip and lead body.
- 16. Lead body— Physical damage to lead body, inappropriate shocks. Abraded insulation due to contact with patient anatomy.
- 17. **DF-1 terminal pin** Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity from sharp or excessive bending. Improvement implemented.
- 18. Yoke component— Noise, impedance anomalies, threshold variation. Use of multiple or pre-formed stylets may cause component within lead yoke to dislodge. Improvement implemented.
- 19. Lead conductor— Muscle stimulation, inappropriate shocks, oversensing, high pacing impedance, inability to deliver therapy. Repeated flexing leading to fatigue of lead conductor.
- 20. Serial number label— Loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Broken serial number label due to either sharp bend away from header at implant or repetitive movement during implant.
- 21. IS-1 terminal pin— Compromised insulation and/or conductor integrity if lead is bent sharply away from the header block when placed in implant pocket or if pulse generator migrates from implant site. Improvement implemented.
- 22. J-shape— Placement difficulty, dislodgement. Elevated temperatures resulting in a relaxation of pre-formed J-shape. Improvement implemented.
- 23. Terminal weld— Impedance rise, loss of pacing. Loss of connection on terminal weld. Improvement implemented.
- 24. Conductor fracture— High impedance, loss of capture, loss of pacing, inappropriate shocks. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of pace/sense conductor.
- 25. Conductor fracture— High impedance, loss of LV capture, loss of LV pacing. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of conductor.
- 26. Non-patterned, Other— Confirmed malfunction for which the root cause does not fit within other categories and is not associated with other malfunctions, or has not yet been identified.
- 32. Conductor damage Noise, oversensing, inappropriate shocks, possible loss of therapy. Conductor damage attributed to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle-first rib entrapment.
- 33. Insulation damage— Low pacing impedance, noise, possible loss of therapy. Insulation abrasion due to lead-onlead or lead-on-can contact, or due to application of compressive or torsional loads which may be due to clavicle first rib entrapment. Damage to lead body may expose conductor.

- 34. Extracardiac fracture— High impedance, loss of LV capture, loss of LV pacing. Flex fatigue near suture sleeve, not including clavicle-first rib damage, leading to discontinuity of conductor.
- 35. Lead conductor— High impedance, loss of sensing, loss of pacing. Variability in wire conductor material. Improvement implemented.
- 36. Conductor connection—Loss of sensing, loss of pacing, loss of defibrillation output. Improper conductor wire connection. Improvement implemented.
- 37. Weld fracture- Noise, loss of sensing. Fractured weld.
- 38. Conductor cable fracture— High impedance, potential loss of pacing and defibrillation therapy. Fractured high voltage cable. Improvement implemented.
- 39. Inner conductor break— High impedance, loss of capture, loss of sensing. Inner conductor break. Commonly associated with helix extension/retraction difficulties at implant.
- 40. Weld— Out of range impedance measurements, noise, oversensing. Incomplete weld.
- 41. Extracardiac fracture— High impedance, noise, oversensing, loss of capture, loss of pacing. Flex fatigue leading to discontinuity of outer conductor.
- 42. Electrode conductor fracture— High shock impedance, loss of tachy therapy. Fractured electrode conductor distal to the proximal sense electrode.
- 43. Insulation— High pacing impedance, noise, undersensing. Insulation issue.
- 44. Electrode conductor fracture— High shock impedance, loss of tachy therapy. Fractured electrode conductor proximal to the proximal sense electrode.

U.S. Chronic Lead Complications (Occurring After the First Month of Service)

Boston Scientific strives to provide meaningful detail in describing the performance of our products. U.S. Chronic Lead Complications are reported in compliance with ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E), Reporting of Clinical Performance of Populations of Pulse Generators or Leads. To be included in the Chronic Lead Complications table, a lead must be successfully implanted, with clinical observations (as listed in the table) occurring after the first month of implant, and have been removed from service surgically or electronically. The lead either was not returned for analysis, or was returned but had no confirmation of a malfunction.

While multiple complications are possible for any given lead, only one complication is reported per lead. The complication reported is determined by an observation hierarchy, indicated by the order of the categories from left to right in the table. The number of U.S. Registered Implants is also provided as context for the data. Chronic Lead Complications are included in the calculation of survival probability.

Pacing Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation	34,000	5	5	10	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
7840/7841/7842		,	0		Ū.	-	ů.	Ū.	•	Ũ	Ũ
INGEVITY Positive Fixation	364,000	95	439	492	163	55	18	37	58	0	25
7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742		00	100	102	100	00	10	01	00	0	20
INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation	11,000	0	12	22	5	3	1	2	2	0	0
7635/7636/7735/7736		0	12	22	5	5	I	2	2	0	0
INGEVITY Passive Fixation	19,000	1	15	9	6	3	1	1	10	0	0
7631/7632/7731/7732		I	15	9	0	5	I	I	10	0	0
FLEXTEND Active Fixation	235,000	83	1053	1016	1002	567	133	225	559	0	55
4086/4087/4088		05	1055	1010	1002	507	155	225	559	0	55
FINELINE II ; Passive Fixation (poly)	195,000	5	469	242	288	66	34	211	257	0	19
4452/4453/4456/4457		5	405	272	200	00	54	211	201	0	15
FINELINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (poly)	495,000	22	780	859	499	175	143	593	514	0	30
4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471											
FINELINE II Atrial J (poly)	63,000	1	123	368	138	27	34	80	54	0	7
4477/4478/4479/4480 FINELINE II/THINLINE II ; Passive											
FineLine II/I fineLine II , Passive Fixation (silicone)	14,000	2	125	19	65	27	4	23	34	0	1
4454/4455/4458/4459		2	120	15	00	21	-	20	04	0	·
FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ ; Positive	53,000										
Fixation (silicone)	55,000	0	296	98	114	106	24	102	144	0	2
4466/4467/4468/4472/5573/4474											
CRT Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678	14,000	0	0	16	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675	38,000	1	1	52	2	1	0	0	0	0	11

CRT Leads/Model (cont.)	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ACUITY X4 Straight 4671/4672	28,000	0	1	82	12	0	0	1	4	0	33
ACUITY Steerable 4554/4555/4556	29,000	3	39	461	65	5	2	17	39	0	97
ACUITY Spiral 4591/4592/4593	24,000	0	22	336	51	0	1	5	11	0	133
EASYTRAK 3 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550	22,000	2	41	313	61	5	2	16	23	0	95
EASYTRAK 2 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544	97,000	1	404	1363	366	10	8	117	169	0	443
EASYTRAK 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/ 4537/4538	38,000	2	90	488	149	4	1	77	53	0	268
Defibrillation Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation 0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693	27,000	7	4	26	4	3	2	0	1	3	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696	4,000	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0275/0276/0295/0296	76,000	19	47	118	33	48	11	13	20	23	5
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0285/0286	3,000	0	3	8	1	5	0	0	11	0	1
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0292/0293	126,000	30	59	192	54	71	21	10	28	30	11
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0282/0283	3,000	2	3	1	2	1	0	0	3	1	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ 0184/0185/0186/0187	287,000	33	735	432	224	837	101	164	430	434	30
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177	47,000	4	154	75	83	150	13	48	265	75	7
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182	33,000	13	92	61	35	79	3	8	48	72	4
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173	2,000	0	5	5	3	7	0	1	9	3	0

S-ICD Electrodes/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Perforation	Conductor fracture	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation	
EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501	17,000	0	2	2	0	29	2	0	0	2	
EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010, 3401	24,000	0	2	17	0	107	10	4	0	6	

U.S. Acute Lead Observations

Boston Scientific strives to provide meaningful detail reflective of real-world product experience. In the first weeks following lead implantation, physiologic responses and lead performance can vary until chronic lead stability is attained. Acute lead performance may be subject to a number of factors, including patient-specific anatomy, clinical conditions and/or varying implant conditions/techniques.

Because acute implant time contributes to overall clinical experience. Boston Scientific provides specific information regarding acute lead performance. To be included in the Acute Lead Observations table, a lead must first be successfully implanted, with clinical observations occurring within the first month of implant. These reports may or may not have resulted in clinical action and/or product return to Boston Scientific. The categories are consistent with the AdvaMed guidance for *Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads*. Although multiple observations are possible for any given lead, only one observation is reported per lead. The observation reported is determined by an observation hierarchy, indicated by the order of the categories from left to right in the table. The number of U.S. Registered Implants is also provided as context for the data. Acute Lead Observations are not included in calculation of lead survival probability.

Pacing Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation 7840/7841/7842	34,000	23	8	85	18	1	4	0	6	0	0
INGEVITY Positive Fixation 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742	364,000	357	435	945	248	76	51	8	51	0	33
INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation 7635/7636/7735/7736	11,000	0	0	25	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
INGEVITY Passive Fixation 7631/7632/7731/7732	19,000	0	0	29	8	0	2	0	0	0	0
FLEXTEND Active Fixation 4086/4087/4088	235,000	174	276	1013	296	46	55	25	92	0	30
FINELINE II ; Passive Fixation (poly) 4452/4453/4456/4457	195,000	9	10	395	101	7	12	16	15	0	10
FINELINE II Atrial J (poly) 4477/4478/4479/4480	63,000	0	13	403	51	2	16	5	7	0	5
FINELINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (poly) 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471	495,000	55	55	655	150	84	67	31	80	0	26
FINELINE II/THINLINE II ; Passive Fixation (silicone) 4454/4455/4458/4459	14,000	0	1	28	9	0	0	3	4	0	0
FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (silicone) 4466/4467/4468/4472/4473/4474	53,000	2	13	94	16	3	9	6	4	0	3

CRT Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678	14,000	0	0	23	26	7	0	0	5	0	19
ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675	38,000	0	1	44	27	6	0	0	17	0	44

CRT Leads/Model (cont.)	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ACUITY X4 Straight 4671/4672	28,000	1	0	103	15	4	0	0	9	0	44
ACUITY Steerable 4554/4555/4556	29,000	1	1	291	22	13	1	1	21	0	162
ACUITY Spiral 4591/4592/4593	24,000	1	2	172	28	5	0	3	9	0	168
EASYTRAK 3 4522/4524/4525/4527/4548/4549/4550	22,000	0	1	240	23	8	1	3	17	0	128
EASYTRAK 2 4515/4517/4518/4520/4542/4543/4544	97,000	7	4	806	84	30	4	14	64	0	512
EASYTRAK 4510/4511/4512/4513/4535/4536/ 4537/4538	38,000	4	4	168	23	11	1	10	20	0	141
Defibrillation Leads/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Cardiac Perforation	Conductor fracture/ helix damage	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal pacing impedance	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation 0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693	27,000	24	4	54	9	7	2	1	3	1	1
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation	4,000	1	1	6	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696 ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0275/0276/0295/0296	76,000	55	18	250	41	29	3	2	27	8	6
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0285/0286	3,000	2	0	10	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0292/0293	126,000	92	19	344	65	49	15	6	30	13	20
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0282/0283	3,000	2	1	6	1	1	1	0	7	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ 0184/0185/0186/0187	287,000	84	140	513	131	223	12	18	179	108	44
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177	47,000	5	4	93	36	41	4	3	47	5	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182	33,000	30	7	70	14	19	3	2	18	23	9

ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173	2,000	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
S-ICD Electrodes/Model	U.S. Registered Implants	Perforation	Conductor fracture	Lead dislodgement	Failure to capture	Oversensing	Failure to sense	Insulation breach	Abnormal defibrillation impedance	Extracardiac stimulation	
EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501	17,000	1	0	13	0	128	2	0	0	6	
EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010/3401	24,000	1	0	20	0	207	6	1	0	15	

Before/During Implant Procedure - Worldwide Malfunctions: Leads

This section of the report depicts the number of product malfunctions that occurred worldwide either before implant (prior to opening the sterile product packaging) or during implant (once the sterile product packaging has been opened). In all cases, the product in question must be returned to Boston Scientific CRM and confirmed through laboratory analysis to have operated or exhibited a problem outside the specified performance limits established by Boston Scientific. Damage incurred during shipping/transit or due to external factors warned against in labeling is not reported as device malfunction here.

The Conductor category includes any conductor break or damage with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow, including clavicle fatigue or crush damage. The Insulation category includes any lead insulation breach, such as damage due to lead-on-lead or lead-on-anatomy contact, or clavicle fatigue or crush. The Crimp/Weld/Bond category includes any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection. The Other category includes malfunctions for which the root cause does not fit within other categories or has not yet been determined. The Labeling and Packaging categories include product identification issues and damage to sterile packaging, respectively. The Implant Accessory category includes lead malfunctions due to catheter, guidewire or sheath issues.

CRT Leads/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Conductor	Insulation	Crimp/Weld/Bond	Other	Labeling	Packaging	Implant Accessory
ACUITY X4 Spiral L 4677/4678	32,000	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
ACUITY X4 Spiral S 4674/4675	79,000	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
ACUITY X4 Straight 4671/4672	64,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACUITY Steerable 4554/4555/4556	65,000	0	0	0	5	0	2	0
ACUITY Spiral 4591/4592/4593	46,000	0	0	0	2	1	0	0

Defibrillation Leads/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Conductor	Insulation	Crimp/Weld/Bond	Other	Labeling	Packaging	Implant Accessory
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Active Fixation 0653/0658/0675/0676/0695/0696	20,000	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Active Fixation	110.000	<u>^</u>			0.1		0	
0652/0657/0672/0673/0692/0693	119,000	3	1	0	21	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Dual Coil Passive Fixation 0636/0651/0655/0665/0685/0686	1,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-FRONT Single Coil Passive Fixation 0650/0654/0662/06682/0663/0683	5,000	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation	123,000	0	0	0	88	0	1	0
0275/0276/0295/0296 ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation	10,000	0	0	0	7	15	1	0
0265/0266/0285/0286 ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0292/0293	195,000	0	0	0	51	0	1	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE 4-Site ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0282/0283	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Active Fixation 0157/0158/0159/0164/0165/0167/ 0184/0185/0186/0187	381,000	0	0	92	571	1	3	10
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Dual Coil, Passive Fixation 0147/0148/0149/0174/0175/0176/0177	110,000	1	0	20	108	0	3	0
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Active Fixation 0137/0138/0160/0161/0162/0180/0181/0182	75,000	0	0	15	73	0	1	1
ENDOTAK RELIANCE ; Single Coil, Passive Fixation 0127/0128/0170/0171/0172/0173	8,000	0	0	1	6	0	0	0
S-ICD Electrodes/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Conductor	Insulation	Crimp/Weld/Bond	Other	Labeling	Packaging	Implant Accessory
EMBLEM S-ICD Electrode 3501	39,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EMBLEM/Q-TRAK S-ICD Electrode 3010, 3401	44,000	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

Pacing Leads/Model	Worldwide Distribution	Conductor	Insulation	Crimp/Weld/Bond	Other	Labeling	Packaging	Implant Accessory
INGEVITY+ Positive Fixation 7840/7841/7842	41,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INGEVITY Positive Fixation 7640/7641/7642/7740/7741/7742	901,000	2205	0	0	3220	0	0	0
INGEVITY Atrial J Passive Fixation 7635/7636/7735/7736	82,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INGEVITY Passive Fixation 7631/7632/7731/7732	95,000	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
FLEXTEND 2 Active Fixation 4095/4096/4097	185,000	0	0	11	136	1	0	0
FLEXTEND Active Fixation 4086/4087/4088	291,000	0	0	66	636	1	1	4
FINELINE II ; Passive Fixation (poly) 4452/4453/4456/4457*	548,000	1	0	3	8	6	26	0
FINELINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (poly) 4463/4464/4465/4469/4470/4471*	779,000	0	0	6	726	1	52	3
FINELINE II Atrial J (poly) 4477/4478/4479/4480*	317,000	0	0	1	144	6	18	0
FINELINE II/THINLINE II ; Passive Fixation (silicone) 4454/4455/4458/4459*	105,000	0	0	2	2	1	1	0
FINELINE II/THINLINE II EZ ; Positive Fixation (silicone) 4466/4467/4468/4472/5573/4474*	143,000	0	0	0	233	4	6	0

*Counts consist of Boston Scientific and Intermedics co-branded pacing leads data.

Product Advisories

A Product Advisory is a voluntary letter issued to inform physicians of an anomalous device behavior identified by Boston Scientific's Quality System. A Product Advisory is issued when there is a material elevation in risk to patient safety with potential for compromised lifesaving therapy, or when Boston Scientific can provide meaningful guidance to improve patient outcomes or device performance. Boston Scientific considers many perspectives in the decision to issue a Product Advisory, including internal expertise and guidance from an independent Patient Safety Advisory Board (PSAB).

This report section includes summaries of Product Advisories for which significant, active U.S. device populations exist. In general, this includes advisories for which the estimated active U.S. advisory population is at least 200. Physician and patient letters, as well as Advisory Updates, are available at www.bostonscientific.com. With respect to the number of reported events listed in the summaries below, Boston Scientific recognizes that the actual number of clinical malfunctions may be greater than the number reported. Additionally, rate projections are provided with the acknowledgment that predictive modeling is inherently uncertain due to its dependence on the device age distribution of reported events and resultant statistical approximations and assumptions. Advisory notifications may vary by geography, based upon local regulatory requirements. Please contact the local Boston Scientific office for more information. Not all products may be approved for use in all geographies, as product approval is geography specific.

	ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Aug 2019 and Dec 2020 — EMBLEM S-ICD Premature Depletion
	Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification August 2019: Class II
	FDA Classification December 2020: Unclassified
specific device is affected by this	
roduct advisory is available here:	In August 2019, a physician communication discussed a subset of EMBLEM™ Subcutaneous Implantable
	Cardioverter Defibrillators (S-ICDs) that may result in a need for device replacement (ERI/EOL) earlier than expected due to compromised performance of an electrical component causing accelerated battery depletion.
MBLEM S-ICD	In December 2020, the advisory population was expanded to a total of approximately 42,000 distributed EMBLEM S-
Models A209, A219	ICDs with an elevated likelihood of a low voltage capacitor causing accelerated battery depletion. This behavior can be detected if an unexpected decrease in remaining battery capacity is observed between remote/in-clinic follow-ups
	Progression of accelerated depletion eventually produces a battery status replacement indicator (ERI) which is detectable through ambulatory beeping tones, remote monitoring, or in-clinic follow-up. Devices exhibiting this accelerated depletion behavior are capable of providing therapy for a minimum of 21 days after ERI independent of
MBLEM Premature Depletion, Patient Letter, August 2019	when EOL is initiated. The most common clinical outcome associated with this device behavior is early replacement with a potential for life-threatening harm due to an inability to provide defibrillation therapy.
	Estimated Rate of Occurrence
EMBLEM Premature Battery Depletion Physician Letter Update, December 2020	 The August 2019 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 400 distributed worldwide devices manufactured in July 2017. The August 2019 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 15.1% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 50,000 at 5 years.
EMBLEM Premature Depletion, Patient Letter Update, December 2020	 The December 2020 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 42,000 distributed worldwide devices manufactured before August 2018. The December 2020 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 3.7% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 250,000 at 5 years.
	Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.
	CURRENT STATUS 03-Dec-20
	Estimated Rate of Occurrence • The August 2019 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 350 active worldwide devices manufactured in July 2017. The August 2019 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 15.1% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 50,000 at 5 years.
	 The December 2020 advisory subset is comprised of approximately 38,000 active worldwide devices manufactured before August 2018. The December 2020 advisory subset has a projected rate of accelerated depletion of 3.7% at 5 years with a projected potential for life-threatening harm in this subset of approximately 1 in 250,000 at 5 years.
	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 03-Dec-20
	 Remote monitoring. Enroll and monitor patients through the LATITUDE NXT Patient Management System to facilitate prompt detection of accelerated depletion or alert conditions such as ERI or EOL during the interval between in-office device checks. Instruct patients to comply with remote checks and interrogations. Follow-up interval. Perform a system follow-up every 3 months per labeling via remote or in-office interrogation. During follow-ups. Promptly investigate any suspected indication of accelerated battery depletion, and contact
	Boston Scientific Technical Services for assistance as needed. 4. Demonstrate beeping tones. During the next in-office follow-up visit, demonstrate the device beeper to the patient using the programmer's Test Beeper function available from the Beeper Control screen within the Utilities menu. I- For patients not monitored by LATITUDE, repeat the beeper demonstration following any MRI scan as strong
	magnetic fields may cause permanent loss of beeper volume; and - Remind patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their device as this may be an indication of ERI.
	5. Evaluate risk. The potential for life-threatening harm due to accelerated depletion is greatest for: - Patients with a history of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias such as secondary prevention indication or previous appropriate shock for ventricular arrhythmias;
	 Patients who are unable to be reliably followed remotely or in person every 3 months; or Patients who are not monitored via LATITUDE and are unable to hear beeping tones.
	6. Replacement. Replace any affected EMBLEM S-ICD suspected of exhibiting accelerated battery depletion within 21 days of ERI. Alternatively, Boston Scientific Technical Services can provide a recommended replacement interval specific to an individual device by using data from the programmer or LATITUDE.
	- In other cases of high risk, as indicated by the factors listed above, consider prophylactic device replacement after taking individual patient preferences and circumstances into account through a process of shared decision-making.

RODUCT	ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION November 2018 — SQ-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement Time
dentifiable by serial number. Not all serial numbers are affected.	Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Unclassified
A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: Device Lookup Tool	This advisory discusses the potential for a shortened replacement interval after a Charge Time (CT) / Battery Depletion (BD) alert has occurred or after the battery status reaches Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) in the first- generation Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (S-ICD) system's SQ-RX™ Model 1010 Pulse Generator (PG).
S-ICD Model 1010 :Q-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement :ime, Physician Letter, November 1018	The SQ-RX Model 1010 PG provides an Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) as the PG approaches the end of its expected battery service life. When the battery reaches ERI through normal use, there is sufficient capacity to support up to 90 days of continued operation, including up to 6 maximum energy charges/shocks before fully depleting. However, if the PG experiences a latent battery malfunction resulting in accelerated battery depletion, the reserve battery capacity available beyond ERI may not be sufficient to support the full 90-day interval or additional shock therapy before depleting. The rate of depletion for a latent battery malfunctions varies.
iQ-RX 1010 Shortened Replacement Time, Patient Letter, November 2018	The SQ-RX model 1010 PGs include separate monitors for charging and battery performance. The Charge Time (CT) alert is designed to detect unsuccessful charging of the high voltage capacitors within 44 seconds. The Battery Depletion (BD) alert is designed to detect higher rates of accelerated battery depletion. When an alert condition occurs, the patient is notified through beeping tones and the clinician user is notified through programmer messages. Most battery malfunctions exhibit a sufficient rate of accelerated depletion to be detected by one of these alerts. Some battery malfunctions exhibit a slower rate of accelerated depletion, which is not detected as an alert condition. Based on an analysis of accelerated battery depletion events where only ERI presented (no alert condition), at least one maximum energy shock has been determined to be available for at least 20 days after ERI.
	Estimated Rate of Occurrence The projected occurrence rate for latent battery malfunctions for SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs is up to 2% at 5 years. There have been no reports of injuries or deaths associated with this behavior. Laboratory analysis of returned PGs with latent battery malfunctions has shown some depletions to a level at which therapy would not have been available if not replaced in accordance with the recommendations above. Based on a 3-month follow-up interval, the potential for life threatening harm for this behavior is 0.006% (1 in 16,667) at 5 years. However, the potential for life- threatening harm is greater for secondary prevention patients or those who have received appropriate therapy previously, patients with longer follow-up intervals, and/or patients who are unable to hear beeping tones. For these patients, the benefit associated with prophylactically replacing the PG may outweigh the risks associated with a shortened replacement interval due to latent battery malfunction.
	Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions. CURRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20
	Estimated Rate of Occurrence The projected occurrence rate for latent battery malfunctions for SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs is up to 2% at 5 years. There have been no reports of injuries or deaths associated with this behavior.
	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 05-Oct-20
	 Follow-Up, Consistent with the SQ-RX Model 1010 PG User Manual: Perform in-clinic checks every 3 months as the PG is not capable of remote patient management; If it has been more than 3 months since a patient's last in-clinic follow-up, schedule a follow-up within the next month and every 3 months thereafter; During the next follow-up visit, demonstrate the beeper by applying a magnet over the PG to elicit beeping tones; and Remind patients to promptly contact their physician if beeping tones are heard from their PG as this may be an indication of a CT / BD alert or ERI. Append the patient's medical record with this letter to maintain awareness of this topic for the remaining service life of their PG Evaluate Risk. The potential for life-threatening harm is greater for patients who have experienced life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias, patients not followed every 3 months, and/or patients who are unable to hear beeping tones. For these patients, the benefit associated with prophylactically replacing the PG may outweigh the risks associated with a shortened replacement interval due to latent battery malfunction C1 / BD Alerts. Promptly investigate any beeping tones. CT alerts, or BD alerts and report them to Boston Scientific Technical Services. Using saved PG data, Technical Services can determine if an accelerated battery depletion exists and provide guidance for replacement. ERI. To mitigate the rare potential for undetected accelerated battery depletion, replace SQ-RX Model 1010 PGs within 20 days of ERI. If a longer replacement interval. Note: CT / BD Alerts appearing before or after ERI should always be reported to Technical Services for evaluation

PRODUCT	ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION September 2018 — Hydrogen Induced Premature Depletion
Identifiable by serial number. Not all	Voluntary Physician Advisory
serial numbers are affected.	FDA Classification: Unclassified
A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this	This advisory discusses a subset of 2900 pacemakers and cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemakers
product advisory is available here:	(CRT-Ps) with an elevated potential for early pacemaker replacement due to hydrogen-induced accelerated battery
Device Lookup Tool	depletion.
	The pacemaker manual describes how increases in pacing requirements or changes in programmed parameters
VALITUDE CRT-P Models U125, U128	may result in an expected longevity reduction and are considered normal battery depletion. However, hydrogen exposure within the pacemaker's circuitry may compromise the electrical performance of low voltage capacitors
VISIONIST CRT-P	causing current leakage and a moderate acceleration in the rate of battery depletion.
Models U225, U226, U228	Because this accelerated depletion does not occur rapidly, a follow-up interval of no more than six months is
ACCOLADE Pacemaker	recommended. Boston Scientific has determined a liner component to be the source of hydrogen and identified a subset of 2900 previously distributed pacemakers that have an elevated potential for exhibiting this behavior. Boston
Models L300, L301, L310, L311,	Scientific pacemakers include automated diagnostic tools, including battery status assessment and estimated
L321, L331	longevity predictions, that dynamically adjust based on power consumption. It is important to emphasize that the accuracy of battery status and longevity estimates are not affected by this behavior.
PROPONENT Pacemaker	
Models L200, L201, L209, L210,	
L211, L221, L231	
ESSENTIO Pacemaker	Estimated Rate of Occurrence
Models L100, L101, L110, L111,	The observed malfunction rate for hydrogen induced accelerated depletion within this advisory subset is 1.4% at 2.5
	Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.
Hydrogen Induced Premature	
Depletion, Physician Letter, September 2018	CURRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20
Hydrogen Induced Premature	Estimated Rate of Occurrence
Depletion, Patient Letter, September	The observed malfunction rate for hydrogen induced accelerated depletion within this advisory subset is projected to
2018	be 10% at 5 years. The observed malfunction rate for the non-advisory population is projected to be 1.0% at 5 years.
	Over 90% of confirmed malfunctions within the advisory and non-advisory populations were detected before the battery status indicated elective replacement (e.g., Battery Status = Explant). Based on the rate of battery depletion, devices would have been able to support device therapy for approximately 100 days after the battery status indicated Explant.
	Because this behavior is highly detectable through regular pacemaker follow-up care, the projected potential for life threatening harm is 0.0001% (1 in 1.000.000) at 5 years in the advisory population and is 0.00001% (1 in
	available for implant.
	Approximately 164,000 devices were built with the original low voltage capacitor. All devices built since November 2017 include a low voltage capacitor that is less susceptible to hydrogen induced compromises in electrical
	performance. A polymer material, designed to remove excess hydrogen within the pulse generator, was added to this device family in March 2018 and is intended to mitigate hydrogen induced accelerated depletion of the low voltage capacitors. To date there have been no confirmed occurrences of hydrogen induced accelerated battery depletion in
	the ACCOLADE family of devices that include the contemporary low voltage capacitor and this polymer material.
	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 05-Oct-20
	Boston Scientific recommends following patients implanted with any affected pacemaker from the advisory subset at intervals no greater than every six (6) months either in-clinic or via LATITUDE in accordance with the best practices outlined in international societal quidelines
	 Promptly investigate any suspected indication of accelerated depletion. Before surgical intervention, contact Boston
	Scientific Technical Services for verification of accelerated depletion and to determine an appropriate timeframe for

rrompuy invesugate any suspected indication of accelerated depletion. Before surgical intervention, contact Boston Scientific Technical Services for verification of accelerated depletion and to determine an appropriate timeframe for pacemaker replacement. Please note, if accelerated depletion is identified, the Save to Disk feature or LATITUDE is necessary to perform an engineering assessment.
 Prophylactic replacement is NOT recommended for pacemakers with normal battery consumption as the risk of surgical replacement outweighs the risk of accelerated depletion.

PRODUCT ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION December 2017 — Minute Ventilation Signal Oversensing

Voluntary Physician Advisory

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advisory is available here: Device Lookup Tool

VALITUDE CRT-P Models U125, U128

VISIONIST CRT-P Models U225, U226, U228

ACCOLADE Pacemaker

Models L300, L301, L310, L311, L321, L331 PROPONENT Pacemaker

Models L200, L201, L209, L210, L211, L221, L231

ESSENTIO Pacemaker L121, L131

ALTRUA 2 Pacemaker Models S701, S702, S722

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing, Physician Letter,

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing, Patient Letter, December 2017

Minute Ventialtion Signal Oversensing, Update letter, January 2019

This advisory discusses intermittent oversensing of the Minute Ventilation (MV) sensor signal with certain Boston Scientific pacemaker and cardiac resynchronization therapy pacemaker systems (pacemakers). MV sensor signal oversensing may cause pre-syncope or syncope due to periods of pacing inhibition. This MV behavior may occur with any manufacturer's pacing lead system, but Boston Scientific has determined it to be more likely for affected Boston Scientific pacemakers using Medtronic or Abbott/St. Jude (Abbott) leads implanted in either the right atrium (RA) or right ventricle (RV).

The MV sensor in Boston Scientific pacemakers can be used for RightRate[™] (rate adaptive pacing), Respiratory Rate Trend, or AP Scan. When the RA/RV pacing leads and lead terminal connections are operating as intended, the MV sensor signal is appropriately filtered and therefore is not detected by the pacemaker or displayed on electrograms (EGMs). However, intermittency related to the lead or pacemaker-lead connection has the potential to create a transient high impedance condition. A high impedance condition may subsequently alter the MV sensor signal such that it becomes visible on EGMs and potentially subject to oversensing on the RA or RV channels. For a technical description of the Boston Scientific's MV sensor, please refer to Appendix A in the December 2017 physician letter.

Engineering analysis and testing, as well as evaluation of post-market surveillance data, demonstrates an elevated potential for oversensing of the MV sensor signal in certain pacemaker systems connected to Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads. Although all leads evaluated in simulated testing environments comply with appropriate connector standards, we have discovered subtle differences amongst lead manufacturers in the surface finish of the lead terminal ring and amount of axial and radial terminal ring motion within the pacemaker header. These factors may result in intermittent increases in impedance leading to oversensing of the MV sensor signal or changes in daily impedance test measurements.

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

ehavior is significantly greater when affected pac	emakers are connecte	ed to Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads.
Affected pacemaker systems connected to the following RA/RV pacing leads ⁴ :	Probability of Injury at 5 years	Probability of Life Threatening Harm at 5 years
Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads	0.0005 (1 in 2,000)	0.00001 (1 in 100,000)
Boston Scientific pacing leads (including DEXTRUS)	0.00003 (1 in 33,333)	0.0000008 (1 in 1,250,000)

All pacing leads combined⁵ 0.00008 (1 in 12,500) 0.000002

URRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20

Estimated Rate of Occurrence

Boston Scientific investigation has shown that the probability of harm associated with MV sensor signal oversensing behavior is significantly greater when affected pacemakers are connected to Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads.

(1 in 500,000)

Affected pacemaker systems connected to the following RA/RV pacing leads ⁴ :	Probability of Injury at 5 years	Probability of Life Threatening Harm at 5 years
Medtronic or Abbott pacing leads	0.0005 (1 in 2,000)	0.00001 (1 in 100,000)
Boston Scientific pacing leads (including DEXTRUS)	0.00003 (1 in 33,333)	0.0000008 (1 in 1,250,000)
All pacing leads combined ⁵	0.00008 (1 in 12,500)	0.000002 (1 in 500,000)

CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 05-Oct-20

Software is available in most countries to address the potential for pacing inhibition due to MV sensor signal oversensing in affected pacemakers. The software adds the Signal Artifact Monitor (SAM) to Boston Scientific's proprietary suite of Safety Architecture diagnostics. When enabled, the SAM continuously monitors electrograms for MV sensor signal artifacts and measures MV vector lead impedance values. If artifacts are detected or the MV vector lead impedance is out of range, the monitor either switches to the right ventricular vector or disables the MV sensor in approximately one second. In this manner, the SAM promptly eliminates the clinical risk of pacing inhibition associated with MV sensor signal oversensing.

Programmer	Software Model	Software Version
Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer	2869	2.06
Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	3869	1.05

If software is not available in your country, continue to follow advisory recommendations.

PRODUCT	ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION De	cember 2017 — C	CRT Positive LV	Offset and TPP Inter	raction
Identifiable by serial number. Not all	Voluntary Physician Advisory				
serial numbers are affected.	FDA Classification: Unclassified				
	This advisory discusses unintended as	vachronous biventri	icular (Bi\/) pacing l	a a baylor when tracking	elevated atrial
A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this	intrinsic rhythms in certain Boston Scie				
product advisory is available here:	defibrillators (CRT-Ds). Repeated deter				
Device Lookup Tool	implanted device reverting to a perman				
	unintended asynchronous BiV pacing b				
VALITUDE CRT-P	programmed, specifically:			•	
Models U125, U128					
	 Left Ventricular (LV) Offset programm 		ue which exceeds the	he Atrial Blank after	
VISIONIST CRT-P	Ventricular Pace (A-Blank after V-Pace) interval; and			
Models U225, U226, U228	 Tracking Preference = ON (nominal). 				
RESONATE CRT-D					
Models G424, G425, G426,	Observed Rate				
G428, G437, G447, G448, G524,	Of the 60,500 CRT devices distributed	worldwide. Boston	Scientific estimates	approximately 300 CR	т
G525, G526, G528, G537, G547,	devices are programmed with the comb				
G548	been two confirmed instances of early of	device replacement	due to this device I	pehavior (0.7%). Of the	e two cases, a
	single patient death occurred due to co	mplications related	to the replacement	procedure.	
VIGILANT CRT-D					
Models G224, G225, G228, G237, G247, G248					
0237, 0247, 0240	CURRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20				
MOMENTUM CRT-D	Confirmed Malfunctions (worldwide)				
Models G124, G125, G126,	There have been four confirmed instan	ces of early device	replacement due to	this device behavior	
G128, G138	There have been four committee instant	ces of early device	replacement due to	this device behavior.	
,					
CHARISMA CRT-D	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION	05-Oct-20			
G337, G347, G348	Software is available in most countries	to addresses the ra	re potential for earl	y replacement due to p	ermanent Safet
G337, G347, G348	Software is available in most countries Mode status. The software imposes an				
		interactive limit whi	ch prevents progra	mming the device into	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D	Mode status. The software imposes an	interactive limit whi	ch prevents progra	mming the device into	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175,	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated	interactive limit whi by an updated prog	ch prevents progra rammer are no long	mming the device into a ger susceptible to this is	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model	ser susceptible to this is	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869	Software Version 2.06	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869	Software Version 2.06 1.05	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156,	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868	mming the device into a ger susceptible to this is software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869	Software Version 2.06 1.05	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
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AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
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AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec 2017	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
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AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G040, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec. 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dece 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December 2017	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec. 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible
AUTOGEN CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179 DYNAGEN CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158 INOGEN CRT-D Models G040, G141, G146, G148 ORIGEN CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Physician Letter, Dec. 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Patient Letter, December 2017 CRT Positive LV Offset and TPP Interaction, Update Letter, January	Mode status. The software imposes an manner. Affected devices interrogated Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3120 ZOOM Programmer Model 3300 LATITUDE Programmer	interactive limit whi by an updated prog Device Therapy CRT-Ps CRT-Ps CRT-Ds CRT-Ds	ch prevents progra rammer are no long Software Model 2869 3869 2868 3868	Software Version 2.06 1.05 4.07 1.07	a susceptible

PRODUCT A serialized search tool to determine if	ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION Aug 2013 and Sep 2014 — Low Voltage Capacitor Voluntary Physician Advisory		
a specific device is affected by this	FDA Classification August 2013: Class II		
product advisory is available here:	FDA Classification September 2014: Class II		
Device Lookup Tool	In August 2013, a physician communication discussed a subset of COGNIS CRT-Ds and TELIGEN ICDs that had experienced an increased rate of premature battery depletion due to compromised performance of a low voltage (LV)		
OGNIS	capacitor. It also informed physicians how to identify and respond to a Safety Architecture low voltage alert. In September 2014, a second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance of the second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance of the second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance of the second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance of the second subset of devices was identified that may exhibit compromised LV capacitor performance of the second subset of the se		
lodels N106/N107/N108/N118/ 119/N120/P106/P107/P108	at a rate that is similar to the August 2013 advisory subset. The second communication also discussed		
119/N120/P106/P107/P108	improvements to Safety Architecture's low voltage alert, which were released through a programmer software		
ELIGEN VR	update.		
lodels E102/E103/F102/F103	The sector of sector is a sector of the sect		
	The performance of an LV capacitor may be compromised in some devices after two or more years of implant time, which will increase battery use and may eventually initiate one or more Safety Architecture alerts and patient-audible		
	beeping.		
lodels E110/E111/F110/F111			
ow Voltage Capacitor 2014 Physician	The most common alert is a yellow programmer screen that states, "Voltage is too low for projected remaining		
etter, Sep 17, 2014	capacity. Contact Technical Services with Code 1003". LATITUDE issues a corresponding yellow alert (nominally		
	configured "On"). In other instances, diminished LV capacitor performance can result in an early "Explant" battery status indicator (ERI) and a replacement window that may be less than 3 months.		
ow Voltage Capacitor 2014 Patient	Devices that experience a low voltage alert require replacement. If not replaced, increased current drain could		
etter, Sep 17, 2014	deplete the battery and impact therapy delivery and telemetry.		
w Voltage Capacitor 2013 Physician	Advisory population		
<u>etter, Aug 29, 2013</u>	Approximately 22,800 devices identified in the August 2013 communication remain in service. In September 2014, Boston Scientific identified an additional 27,300 active devices that may exhibit diminished LV capacitor performanc at a rate that is similar to the August 2013 advisory population. The projected cumulative rate of occurrence for LV capacitor malfunction within the total advisory population is approximately 2.9% at 60 months. Due to Safety Architecture alerts and timely physician response, the potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is estimated to be less than 1 in 125,000 (0.0008%) at 60 months.		
	CURRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20		
	Advisory devices have not been available for implant for more than seven years.		
	Projected Rate of Occurrence • COGNIS CRT-D and TELIGEN ICD advisory population - The rate of occurrence is 2.9% at 60 months, 6.0% at 72		
	approximately 1 in 200,000 (0.0005%) at 60 months. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is		
	 COGNIS CRT-D and TELIGEN ICD populations (advisory and non-advisory) - The overall rate of occurrence is approximately 1.1% at 60 months, 2.5% at 72 months and 3.7% at 84 months. The projected rate of occurrence is 5.0% at 96 months. Since notifying customers of this behavior in September 2014 and improving the Safety Architecture voltage alert, the portion of malfunctions with compromised therapy has decreased to approximately 1.6%. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is approximately 1 in 500,000 (0.0002%) at 60 months. 		
	 INCEPTA, ENERGEN and PUNCTUA CRT-Ds and ICDs - The rate of occurrence is 1% at 60 months. The projected rate of occurrence is 1.8% at 72 months. The portion of malfunctions with compromised therapy is approximately 0.3%. The potential for life-threatening harm from loss of therapy is approximately 1 in 5,000,000 (0.00002%) at 60 months. 		
	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 05-Oct-20		
	<u>Updated Software</u> In 2014 BSC released software that enhances the effectiveness of the Safety Architecture tools later in device life. When the software was introduced, BSC recommended an in-clinic follow-up with an updated programmer at first opportunity, but within 3 months for patients within the advisory population. In-clinic interrogation with a current programmer automatically downloads Safety Architecture software upgrades from the programmer into individual patient devices, enhancing detection of a compromised LV capacitor before therapy delivery is impacted.		
	LATITUDE Definet Management System		
	LATITUDE Patient Management System Boston Scientific recommends that advisory patients utilize the LATITUDE Patient Management System (remote		
	monitoring), which offers additional/supplemental device checks between office visits. Use of LATITUDE may		
	accelerate detection of Safety Architecture alerts, and can notify if/when scheduled checkups have not occurred. Verify that the yellow alert "Voltage was too low for projected remaining capacity" is configured "On".		
	Additional Recommendations - After a device has been upgraded with new software, Boston Scientific recommends normal device		
	monitoring as described in device labeling.		
	- Device replacement is not recommended for advisory devices displaying normal behavior.		
	- Promptly investigate alerts, device beeping, and unanticipated replacement indicator messages.		
	 Following a Safety Architecture alert, contact Boston Scientific Technical Services as directed on programmer services. Technical Services are facilitate on qualitation of davide information. 		
	programmer screens. Technical Services can facilitate an evaluation of device information downloaded from a recent in-clinic or remote LATITUDE interrogation, which may help to clarify available replacement time.		
	Standard Warranty program available, please contact your local representative for terms and conditions.		

A serialized search tool to determine if a specific device is affected by this product advicer is available berg:	e if Voluntary Physician Advisory FDA Classification: Class II			
product advisory is available here: <u>Device Lookup Tool</u>	This advisory is limited to devices identified in the product model list that were implanted subpectorally. Devices implanted subcutaneously are not included in this advisory.			
This advisory is limited to those models listed below implanted subpectorally.	Boston Scientific has determined that the bond between the header and case could be weakened by significan forces associated with a subpectoral implant procedure or when a device in a subpectoral position is pushed a a rib during contraction of the pectoralis muscle. A weakened header bond may alter lead impedance and intro noise that may inhibit pacing therapy or initiate inappropriate tachy therapy. Additional mechanical stress applie weakened bond may eventually cause header connection wires to fracture, resulting in loss of therapy.			
COGNIS	A weakened header bond can result in one or more of the following device behaviors:			
Models	 Significant changes in measured lead impedance 			
N106/N107/N108/N118/N119	 Noise on real-time or stored electrograms 			
P106/P107/P108	 Intermittent inhibition of pacing 			
	 Inappropriate anti-tachy pacing or shock therapy 			
TELIGEN VR	 Loss of pacing therapy 			
Models E102/F102	 Loss of anti-tachy pacing and shock therapy 			
TELIGEN DR Models E110/E111/F110/F111	No patient deaths related to this behavior have been reported. Patients have required early device replacement d to inappropriate shocks and/or noise induced by pocket manipulation or arm movement.			
Subpectoral Implant 2009 Physician Letter, Dec 01, 2009	Rate of Occurrence The implant orientation of devices is not reported to Boston Scientific, making it difficult to provide rate of occurrer and prediction information. Two (2) reports have been received worldwide of subpectoral implants with weakened header bonds. An estimated 5% of approximately 77,000 COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral location.			
Subpectoral Implant 2009 Patient Letter, Dec 01, 2009	The following factors may also impact the risk of failure if implanted in a subpectoral location: – Exact location of the patient's ribs relative to the device			
	 Body size and/or muscle mass of the patient (risk may increase for larger/muscular patients) Activity level and/or occupation of the patient (risk may increase for more active patients) 			
	CURRENT STATUS 05-Oct-20			
	Reported events (worldwide)			
	103 reports have been received worldwide of subpectoral implants with weakened header bonds. An estimated 10 of approximately 104,000 COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral location			
	There have been no reported patient deaths associated with this advisory.			
	Rate of Occurrence			
	An estimated 10% of COGNIS and TELIGEN devices worldwide have been implanted in a subpectoral position. T rate of occurrence for subpectoral implants of COGNIS advisory devices is 1.95% at 60 months. The rate of occurrence for subpectoral implants of TELIGEN advisory devices is 0.53% at 60 months.			
	CURRENT RECOMMENDATION 05-Oct-20 If a patient's device was implanted subcutaneously, it is excluded from this advisory and no change to current patient management is recommended.			
	For affected devices implanted in a subpectoral location: - Follow patient at least once every three months as recommended in device instructions for use.			
	Consider advising patients to contact their physician or clinic if they receive shocks, in order to ensure timely review of associated electrograms and other device data via in-clinic or remote interrogation. – Where available, consider using the LATITUDE® Patient Management System to facilitate remote device check between in-clinic follow-ups.			

Trademarks

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ALTRUA	ENERGEN	PUNCTUA
AUTOGEN	ESSENTIO	RELIANCE 4-FRONT
AVT	FINELINE	RESONATE
CHARISMA	FLEXTEND	SELUTE
COGNIS	FORMIO	SWEET PICOTIP
CONFIENT	INSIGNIA	SWEET TIP
CONTAK	INGENIO	TELIGEN
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